SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW [BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.)] (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

- **R. Int. LLB 1:** Candidates for the Integrated Degree of Bachelor of Arts/ Commerce/ Business Administration & Law [BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.)] must have completed Senior Secondary school Course ('+2') or equivalent (such as 11+1, 'A' level in senior school living certificate course) from recognized university of India or outside or from a senior secondary board or equivalent, constituted or recognized by the union or by state Government or from any equivalent institution from a foreign country recognized by the Government of that country for the purpose of issue of qualifying certificate on successful completion of the course with minimum of 45 % of the total marks in case of general category and 40% of marks in case of SC & ST candidates in the aforesaid qualifying examination may apply for and be admitted into the five year integrated law course of the university. However maximum age for seeking admission is limited to 20 years in case of General category of the applicant and 22 years in case of applicants from SC ST & OBC categories.
- **R. Int. LLB 2:** A student who has passed an equivalent examination from any other University or examining body and is seeking admission to a college affiliated to this University shall not be admitted without producing an Eligibility Certificate from the Sardar Patel University.
- **R. Int. LLB 3:** (1) Students will be required to earn stipulated credits per course per semester for obtaining BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.) Degree as shown below:

Semesters \rightarrow	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total Credits
BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.)	24	24	28	28	28	28	28	28	24	24	264

- (2) The credit per course is determined as one credit equivalent to one hour of study for the duration of fifteen weeks.
- (3) The Workload of a faculty shall be determined considering the total number of hours of study.
- **R. Int. LLB 4:** The students will be considered eligible for admission to next semester in respective course at BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.) program on attending the college at the immediate previous semester as per university norms.
- **R. Int. LLB 5:** English shall be the medium of instruction in integrated five year course.

- **R. Int. LLB 6:** In integrated stream of Arts & Law, Management & Law, Commerce & Law, etc as the case may be, one has to take such number of compulsory paper/ subject and such optional with Honours in Law, as the case may be, from the specified area in addition to English, as may be prescribed by the University.
- **R. Int. LLB 7:** For appearing at the First and subsequent semester external BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.) Degree examination, students ----
 - (i) Should have kept at least 80% of attendance in the respective semester at a College recognized for teaching courses of study in Integrated Law by the University,
 - (ii) Should have obtained at least 40% marks in aggregate in each of the papers in the internal tests conducted by the college,
 - (iii) Should have presented themselves for medical examination, if conducted by the College or University.
- **R. Int. LLB 8:** For the purpose of deciding final results at the semester Examination, the ratio between internal assessment and final University examination shall be 50:50. For the purpose of internal assessment, the college concerned will conduct at least one test in each semester. The College may also arrange quizzes, term papers, assignments etc. The 50 marks of internal assessment shall be distributed as follows—Written test 30 marks, assignment/ seminar/ project work moot court 15 marks and attendance 5 marks. The concerned College may have its own policy for giving 5 attendance marks. The college shall have to maintain necessary daily records for attendance. The duration of University external examination shall be of TWO hours except in case of Practical Papers.
- **R. Int. LLB 9:** For the purpose of deciding final results of the Practical Papers at the semester Examination, the ratio between **internal assessment** and final University **Viva voice** shall be 50:50. For the purpose of internal assessment, the college concerned will periodically evaluate the students through Practical record. The College may also arrange assignments etc. The college shall have to maintain necessary daily records for attendance. The University external examination shall be of **Viva Voice** from Eminent Advocate having minimum experience of 5 years at Bar or the Judges or Law Facilities from other Universities empanelled by the Sardar Patel University.
- **R. Int. LLB 10: (1) Students** shall study courses of BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.) program as per the following structure in Five Years:

Semesters \rightarrow	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total Credits
BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.)	24	24	28	28	28	28	28	28	24	24	264

R. Int. LLB 11: In order to study BBA, LL.B.(HONS.), B.COM., LL.B.(HONS.), B.A., LL.B.(HONS.), in addition, a student should have undertaken Specialized Honours courses over seventh to tenth semesters.

- **R. Int. LLB 12:** Following are the Courses to be offered to students by affiliated Colleges/Institutions for June 2012 (Annexure 1, 2 & 3)
- **R. Int. LLB 13:** Candidates desirous of appearing at the Semester Examinations must forward their applications in the prescribed form accompanied by a certificate of attendance to the Registrar through the Principal of the college on or before the date prescribed for the purpose under the relevant ordinance/s.
- **R. Int. LLB 14:** Standard of passing:
 - To Pass the Semester Examination, candidate must obtain
 - (i) At least 40% marks in the University Examination in each paper, and
 - (ii) At least 40% marks in the Internal assessment and Examination in each paper.

Award of Class:

- (a) The Candidate securing 75% and above marks in aggregate in each semester shall be placed O (Distinction).
- (b) The Candidate securing 68% to 74% marks in aggregate in each semester shall be placed A (Excellent).
- (c) The Candidate securing 61% to 67% marks in aggregate in each semester shall be placed B (Very Good).
- (d) The Candidate securing 54% to 60% marks in aggregate in each semester shall be placed C (Good).
- (e) The Candidate securing 47% to 53% marks in aggregate in each semester shall be placed D (Fair).
- (f) The Candidate securing 40% to 46% marks in aggregate in each semester shall be placed E (Average).
- (g) The Candidate securing below 40% marks in aggregate in each semester shall be placed F (Drop).
- (h) The class shall be awarded at the end of 10 semesters considering all semester examinations.

R. Int. LLB 15: A.T.K.T.

- **1.** A student, who fails at the Semester Examination in any of the papers will be permitted to keep terms for the next Semester Courses.
- 2. There shall be no lateral entry on the plea of graduation in any subject or exit by way of awarding a degree splitting the integrated double degree course at an inter-mediatory stage of integrated double degree course (Rule 13 BCI Act 1961).
- **3.** A student, who is failing in any of the papers and allowed to keep terms in the subsequent Semester Courses, can take the examination in the Courses in which he/she is failing at the

end of respective semester examination. A student can have maximum 5 attempts after 10^{th} Semesters excluding the attempt he/she has made at the end of 10^{th} Semester; however the Vice Chancellor may extend the period by one more year on behalf of executive counsel.

- **4.** A student failing in any of the papers at a Semester Examination passes out such papers by 10 Semesters, such attempts will be considered as First Attempt.
- **5.** Student getting ATKT will be exempted from appearing in the External examinations in such papers which he/she has passed out.

Annexure I SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR ARTS/COMMERCE/BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW BBA, LL.B.(HONS.) Programme Under Choice Based Credit System Courses of Study - BBA., LL. B. (Hons.) (Five years - 10 Semester integrated Program)

Courses of Study:

Courses o Semester	Compulsory Courses	Courses for BBA
I	1. Law of Torts Consumer act MVCA	1. English –I
	2. Legal Methods & Case Study	2. Economics-I
		3. Principles of Management
		4. Accounting for Firms
II	1. General Principles of Contract –I	1. English –II
	2. Constitution – I	2. Economics-II
		3. Organizational Behavior
		4. Cost and Management Account
III	1. Constitution –II	1. English-III
	2. Law of Crimes (IPC)	2. Economics - III
	3. Contract –II	3. Financial Management I
IV	1. Family Law – I	1. English – IV
	2. Transfer of Property including Easements	2. Business Statistics
	3. Jurisprudence	3. Financial Management II
V	1. Family Law –II	1. Marketing Management I
	2. Law of Evidence	2. Business Environment
	3. Administrative Law	
	4. Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act	
	5. Practical II (Prison, Police Station)	
VI	1. Criminal Procedure Code	1. Marketing Management II
	2. Labour Law I	2. Financial Institutions and
	3. Intellectual Property Rights	Markets
	4. Criminology & Penology	
	5. Practical III (State Commission, High	
	Court)	
VII	1. Labour Law II	1. Human Resource Management
	2. Interpretation of Statutes	
	3. International Law	
	4. Honours Paper I	
	5. Honours Paper II	
	6. Practical IV (Mock Trial Criminal Case)	
VIII	1. Company Law	1. Personnel Management
7 111	2. Human Rights Law & Practice	
	3. Cyber Laws	
	4. Honours Paper III	
	5. Honours Paper IV	
	6. Practical V (Mock Trial Civil Case)	
	o. Fractical v (Prock Filal Civil Case)	
IN		
IX	1. Environmental Law	

	2. Alternate Dispute Resolution	
	3. Research Methodology	
	4. Honours Paper V	
	5. Honours Paper VI	
	6. Practical VI (Internship & Moot Court)	
Χ	1. Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance	
	2. Professional Ethics & Professional Accounting	
	system	
	3. Honours Paper VII	
	4. Honours Paper VIII	
	5. Practical VII Dissertation	

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

Course Type	Subject	Subject	T/P	Credits	Exam	Com	ponent of N	larks
	Code				Duration	Internal	External	Total
					in hrs.	Total	Total	Total
						Passing	Passing	Passing
						%	%	%
BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) INTEGRATED 5 years	UL01CBLH05	Law of Torts, Consumer Protection Act & M V C ActS	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL01CBLH06	Legal Methods & Case Studies	T	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL01CBLH07	English –I	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL01CBLH08	Economics-I	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL01CBBH03	Principles of Management	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL01CBBH04	Accounting for Firms	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
				24				240/600

Semester - I

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA.,LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: I Law of Torts, Consumer Protection Act & MVC Act

Syllabus with effect from: June – 2016

Objective:Law of Tort is a law which provides remedies to individuals harmed by the unreasonable action of others. It claims usually involves state law and are based on the legal premise that individuals are liable for the consequences of their conduct if it request in injury to other. It involves civil suits, which are actions brought to protect an individual's private rights there are two major categories of tort typically in education one of them is intention and other one is negligence. In this course we also read the consumers rights and duties and also the motor vehicle compensation provisions.

Paper Code : UL01CBLH05	Total Credit –4
Title Of Paper: Law of Torts, Consumer Protection Act & MVC Act	

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Torts and Tortuous Liability: Introduction, Nature and Definition of Tort, Constituents of Tort, Tort distinguished from contract, quasi- contract, crime and breach of contract,Essentials of a Torts, Act or Omission, Legal damages, Mental elements in Tortious Liability, Malice negligence, motive, malfeasance, Fault, Injuria sine damno, Damnum sine injuria	25%
II	General defences, Capacity, Liability for torts committed by others, Vicarious liability, Vicarious liability of the State, Principal and Agent, Master and servant, Partners, Liability of the State, Doctrine of sovereign Immunity, Joint tortfeasers	25%
Ш	Nuisance- Kinds of nuisance, essentials of the tort of nuisance, defences, Negligence, essentials of the tort of negligence, Proof of negligence, Res ipsaloquiter, Nervous shock, contributory negligence, Trespass to the person, Assault and battery, False imprisonment, Defamation- Libel and slander, Essentials of defamation, defences, Rule of strict and absolute liability, Rule of strict and liability, exception to the rule, Rule of absolute liability as developed by Indian Judiciary.	25%
IV	Compensation under the Motor Vehicle Act , Compensation provision of the Motor Vehicle Act 1988, Claim tribunals and award of compensation, Consumer Protection Act 1986 , Definition of Consumer, Provisions of the Consumer Protection Act, Consumer Protection Redressal agencies, District Forum, State Commission, National Commission.	25%

- 1. Salmond and Heuston On the Law of Torts (2000) Universal, Delhi.
- 2. D.D.Basu, The Law of Torts (1982), Kamal, Calcutta.
- 3. D.M.Gandhi, Law of Tort (1987), Eastern, Lucknow
- 4. P.S.Achuthan Pillai, The law of Tort (1994) Eastern, Lucknow
- 5. Ratanlal&Dhirajlal, The Law of Torts (1997), Universal, Delhi.
- 6. Winfield and Jolowiz on Tort (1999), Sweet and Maxwell, London.
- 7. Saraf, D.N., Law of Consumer Preotection in India (1995), Tripathi, Bombay
- 8. Avtar Singh, The Law of Consumer Protection: Principles and Practice (2000), Eastern Book Co.,Lucknow
- 9. J.N.Barowalia, Commentary on Consumer Protection Act 1986 (2000), Universal, Delhi.
- 10. P.K.Majundar, The Law of Consumer Protection In India (1998), Orient Publishing Co. New Delhi.
- 11. R.M. Vats, Consumer and the Law (1994), Universal, Delhi.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA.,LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: I Legal Methods and Case Study Syllabus with effect from: June – 2016

Objectives: The objective of this course is to give an introduction to legal analysis, statutory interpretation, legal research and how to use them, legal writing of memos of law. It is also the

introduction of the skills or oral advocacy, drafting court pleadings, exam writing, and teamwork, applying professional ethics, and developing a professional identity in the context of practicing law. Students will learn how to research fact problems, write memos, letters and draft pleadings.

Paper Code : UL01CBLH06	Total Credit 4
Title Of Paper: Legal Methods and Case Study	

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Meaning and Classification of Laws , Meaning and definition, Functions of law, Classification of laws : Public and Private Law, Substantive and Procedural Law, Municipal and international law.	25%
II	Sources of Law and Basic Concepts of Indian Legal System, Custom, Precedent, Legislation, Common Law, Constitution as the Basic Law, Rule of law, Separation of Powers, Judicial System in India.	25%
III	Legal Writings and Research, Legal Materials and the case law, Statutes, Reports, Journals, Manuals, Digests, etc. Importance of Legal Research, Technics of Legal Research, Legal Writings and the citations	25%
IV	Case Law- Ashby v. White (1703) 2 Ld. Raym, 938, Donoghue v Stevenson, 1932 AC 562, Commissioner of Income tax Hyderabad v PJ Chemicals, 1994 SCC 535, Air India v NargrshMirza AIR 1981SC 1829, Peoples Union for Civil Liberties v Union of India 1997 SCC 301, Lachman v NandLal AIR 1914 Oudh, Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs West Bengal v Corporation of Calcutta, AIR 1967 SC 997, Ram JawayKapur v State of Punjab AIR 1955 SC 549, M C Mehta v Union of IndiaAIR 1987 SC 1086, Rayland v Fletcher 1868 LR 3 HL 330	25%

- 1. Glanville Willains Learning the law
- 2. Nomita Aggarwal Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
- 3. B.N.M. Tripathi An Introduction to Jurisprudence and Legal theory
- 4. Benjamin N. Cardozo, The Nature of Judicial Process
- 5. ILI Publication Indian Legal System
- 6. ILI Publication in Legal Research and Methodology

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA.,LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: I English- I

Syllabus with effect from: June – 2016

Objectives: To enable the students to know the functional aspects of English language so that they can use it in their day to day life i.e, introductions; asking personal information and they will be able to understand Technical conversation with ease. To hone basic Communication Skills (Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing) of the students by exposing them to the key communication techniques.

Paper Code : UL01CBLH07	Total Credit 4
Title Of Paper: English- I	

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Basic Skills : Tense, Voices, Legal Language and Preposition Legal Phrase and comprehension.	25%
П	Writing Skills, Expansion of Idea, Paragraph Writing, Essay Writing Writing Techniques.	25%
III	Understanding Popular Literature (Self Study), Revolution 2020 by Chetan Bhagat	25%
IV	Presentation Skills (Practical) , Review and Feedback, Question Answer, Oral Presentation (Graphs, Charts, Poster), Movie, Video Presentation	25%

- 1. 2nd Edition Legal Language and Writing Prof. Dr. K. L. Bhatia, Universal Law Publishing
- 2. Technical Communication Principals and Practice Minaxi Raman Sangeeta Sharma Oxford University Press
- 3. 2nd Edition Developing Communication Skills Trinity Press

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A, LL.B. (Honours) (5years) Semester I Economics-I (Microeconomics) Syllabus with effect from: 2016

Objectives: The objective of the course is to provide the students with a thorough knowledge and understanding of the foundations of modern economic analysis. The students will be introduced to the classical results and recent developments in microeconomic theory but the main focus will be on developing their modeling skills and encouraging them to think analytically about real world phenomena.

Paper Code: UL01CBLH08	Total Credita - 4
Title of Paper : Economics-I (Microeconomics)	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
1	INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS : Nature, Scope of Economics; Subject matter of economics Micro and Macroeconomics; Robbins	25%
2	definition of Economics BASIC CONCEPTS: Basic Concepts : Goods, Price and value, Wealth and welfare, Consumer's surplus, Standard ofliving, Production, Consumption, Entrepreneur; Concept and types of utility; Basic assumptions of economic theory	25%
3	PRODUCT PRICING: Demand, Law of demand, Determinants of demand, Change and shift in demand; Supply – Law of supply, Determinants of supply, Change and shift in supply; Equilibrium price	25%
4	COST, REVENUE AND FACTOR PRICING: Basic Cost Concepts – Total cost, fixed cost, Variable cost, Average cost and Marginal cost in short run and long-run, Their behavior and relationship Economies and diseconomies of scale; Concept of factors of production and factor payments; Marginal productivity theory of distribution	25%

Reference Books

1. Micro Economics - Waheeda Thomas & Ashok Gaur, Gajanan Publications

2. Micro Economic Theory - D.N. Dwivedi (2007) - Vikas Publishing House

3. A Textbook of Economic Theory – A.W. Stonier and D.C. Hague (1953) – Longman Group

4. Modern Economics – H.L. Ahuja (2007) – Sultanchand& Co., New Delhi

5. Elements of Economic Theory – K.P.M. Sundaram (2007) – Sultanchand& Co., New Delhi

6. Elementary Economics – K.K. Dewett and J.D. Verma

7. Microeconomics for Management Students – Ravindra H. Dholakia and Ajay N. Oza – Oxford University Press

8. Principals of Economics – N.G. Mankiw – Thomson Press, Sanat Printers, Kundli, Haryana

9. Advanced Economic Theory – M.L. Jhingan – Himalaya Publications, Mumbai

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A., LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: I Principles of Management Syllabus with effect from: June – 2016

Objectives: This subject is designed to provide a basic understanding of the subject called Principles of Management to the students. What Principles of Management is? What is the nature of management? How management is functioning and how Planning, Decision Making, Organizing, Delegation of Authority, Directing and its components works in an organization to run all the function smoothly and how communication and controlling plays an important role in management.

Paper Code:UL01CBBH03	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Principles of Management	Total Creuits: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
1	Introduction to management: Concept, Characteristics, Functions, Significance, Managerial Roles & Skills, Levels of management, Nature of management Planning and Decision Making: Concept, Nature of planning, Planning Process, Components of Plans, Decision Making Process, Types of plan.	25%
2	Organizing: Concept, Guiding Principles, Types of organization structure, Line organization structure, Functional organization structure, Line & Staff organization structure. Departmentalization: Types of Departmentalization Delegation of Authority: Meaning, Principles and Elements of Delegation, Authority Vs Responsibility, Centralization Vs Decentralization.	25%
3	 Directing: Elements, Principles, Importance. Motivation: Concept, Importance Theories of Motivation: Maslow's need hierarchy, Herzberg's Two Factor, Theory X & Y Leadership: Meaning, Importance, Styles of Leadership 	25%
4	Communication: Concept, Process, Barriers, Corrective Measures, Communication Symbols – Oral, Written, Non-Verbal and Pictorial Controlling: Concept, Importance, Process, Control Area	25%

- 1. Principles and Practices of Management by L M Prasad
- 2. Management by Koontz and Weighrich
- 3. Management by Stoner and Freeman
- 4. Principles & Practices of Management by Sherlekar
- 5. Principles of Management Concept & cases by RajeeshViswanathan

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LL.B. (Honours) (5years) Semester: I Accounting for Firms Syllabus with effect from: June 2016

Objectives: To acquaint the students about the different types of firms meaning of Partnership, Characteristics of Partnership, Importance of Partnership deed, Admission-Retirement of Partner and Dissolution procedure of Partnership firm with valuation of Goodwill.

Paper Code: UL01CBBH04	
Title Of Paper: Accounting for Firms	Total Credit: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
1	Partnership Accounts: Definition, Characteristics of Partnership, Partnership Deed, Rights of Partners, Duties of Partners, Kinds of Partners, Partners Accounts	25%
2	Partnership: Admission: Factors affecting goodwill, Methods of Valuation of Goodwill, New profit sharing Ratio after admission of partners, Accounting Treatment of Goodwill, Accounting Adjustments, Examples	25%
3	Partnership: Retirement & Death: Retirement of a Partner, New profit sharing Ratio , Accounting Treatment of Goodwill,, Accounting Problems on Retirement, Examples	25%
4	Partnership: Dissolution: Dissolution of Partnership , Dissolution of Firm, Steps to be taken on dissolution, Realization of Account, Accounting Treatment of Goodwill, Insolvency, Examples	25%

- 1. Advanced account S.N. Maheswari, (Volume 1) Vikash Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Advanced Account M.C.Shukla&T.S.Grewal, S Chand & Co. ltd. Delhi.
- 3. Advanced Accounting D.Chandra Boss. PHI LerningPvt, Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Financial Accounting- P.C.Tulsian.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

		Jemesie	; -					
Course Type	Subject Code	Subject	T/P	Credits	lits Exam	Component of Marl		Marks
					Duration	Internal	Extern	Total
					in hrs.		al	
						Total	Total	Total
						Passing	Passing	Passing
						%	%	%
BBA, LL.B.	UL02CBLH05	General Principles of	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
(HONS.)		Contract –I						
INTEGRATED	UL02CBLH06	Constitution – I	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
5 years	UL02CBLH07	English –II	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL02CBLH08	Economics-II	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL02CBBH03	Organizational	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Behavior						
	UL02CBBH04	Cost and Management	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Accounts						
				24				240/600

Semester - II

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA.,LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: II General Principal of Contracts I Syllabus with effect from: June – 2016

Objective: This course is designed to acquaint a student with the conceptual and operational parameters of these various general principles of contractual relations. Specific enforcement of contract is an important aspect of the law of contracts. Analysis of the kinds of contracts that can be specifically enforced and the methods of enforcement forms a significant segment of this study.

Paper Code : UL02CBLH05	Total Credit 4
Title Of Paper: General Principal of Contracts I	

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
	General Principles of Law of contract	
	History and nature of contractual obligations	
1	Agreement and contract: definitions, elements and kinds.	25%
	Proposal and acceptance- their various forms, essential elements,	
	communication and revocation- proposal and invitations for proposal-	
	floating offers- tenders dumping of goods.	
	Consideration - its need, meaning, kinds, essential elements -	
	nudumpactum -privity of contract and of consideration- its exceptions-	
	adequacy of consideration present, past and adequate consideration-	
	unlawful consideration and its effects views of Law Commission of India	
2	on consideration- evaluation of the doctrine of consideration.	25%
	Capacity to contract- meaning- incapacity arising out of status and	
	mental defect minor's agreements- definition of 'minor'- accessories	
	supplied to a minor agreements beneficial and detrimental to a minor -	
	affirmation- restitution in cases of minor's agreements- fraud by a minor-	
	agreements made on behalf of a minor's agreements and estoppel-	
	evaluation of the law relating to minor's agreements- other illustrations of	
	incapacity to contract.	

	Free consent- Its need and definition- factors vitiating free Consent -Coercion- definition- essential elements- duress and coercion- various illustrations of coercion- doctrine of economic duress- effect of coercion -Undue Influence- definition- essential elements- between which parties can it exist? Who is to prove it? Illustrations of undue influence- independent advice pardahanashi women- unconscionable bargains - effect of undue influenceMisrepresentation - definition -	
3	misrepresentation of law and of fact- their effects and illustration. -Fraud - definition - essential elements - suggestion falsi – suppresioveri - when does silence amounts to fraud? Active- concealment of truth - importance of intentionMistake - definition - kinds- fundamental error - mistake of law and of fact –their effects - when does a mistake vitiate free consent and when does it not vitiate free consent? Legality of objects :-Void agreements - lawful and unlawful considerations, and objects - void, voidable, illegal and unlawful agreements and their effects. Unlawful considerations and objects: Forbidden by law Defeating the provision of any law , Fraudulent, Injurious to person or property Immoral, Against public policy, Void Agreements: Agreements without consideration, Agreements in restraint of marriage, Agreements in restraint of trade- its exceptions- sale of goodwill, section 11 restrictions, under the partnership Act, trade combinations, exclusive dealing agreements, restraints on employees under agreements of service. Agreements in restraint of legal proceedings- its exceptions. Uncertain agreements, Wagering agreement - its exception.	25%
4	Discharge of a contract and its various modes. -By performance- conditions of valid tender of performance- How? By whom? Where? When? In what manner? Performance of reciprocal promises- time as essence of contract. By breach - anticipatory breach and present breach. Impossibility of performance- specific grounds of frustration- application to leases theories of frustration- effect of frustration- frustration and restitution. By period of limitation By agreement- rescission and alteration - their effect- remission and waiver of performance - extension of time- accord and satisfaction. Quasi-contracts or certain relations resembling those created by contract Remedies in contractual relations : Damages-kinds-remoteness of damages- ascertainment of damages Injunction- when granted and when refused- Why? Refund and restitution Specific performance - When? Why? Specific-Relief Specific performance of contract, Contract that can be specifically enforced Persons against whom specific enforcement can be ordered Rescission and cancellation, Injunction- Temporary, Perpetual, Declaratory orders, Discretion and powers of court.	25%

- 1. Beatsen (ed.), Anson's Law of Contract (27th ed. 1998)
- 2. P.S.Atiya, Introduction to the Law of Contract 1992 reprint (Claredon Law Series)
- 3. Avtar Singh, Law of Contract (2000) Eastern, Lucknow
- 4. G.C.Cheshire, and H.S.Fifoot and M.P. Furmston, Law of Contract (1992) ELBS with Butterworth
- 5. M. Krishnan Nair, Law of Contracts, (1998)
- 6. G.H. Treitel, Law of Contract, Sweet & Maxwell (1997 Reprint)
- 7. R.K.Abichandani,(ed.), Pollock and Mulla on the Indian Contract and the Specific Relief Act (1999), Tripathi
- 8. Banerjee. S.C, Law of Specific Relief (1998), Universal
- 9. Anson, Law of Contract (1998), Universal

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA.,LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: II Constitution- I Syllabus with effect from: June – 2016

Objective: India is a democracy and the Constitution embodies main principles of the democratic government- how it comes into being, what are its powers, functions, responsibilities and obligations how power is limited and distributed. Whatever might have been the original power base of the Constitution, today it seems to have acquired legitimacy as a highest norm of public law. A good understanding of the Constitution and the law, which has developed through constitutional amendments, judicial decisions, constitutional practice and conventions is, therefore, absolutely necessary for a student of law. He must also know the genesis, nature and special features and be aware of the social, political and economic influence on the Constitution. The purpose of teaching constitutional law is to highlight its never-ending growth. Constitutional interpretation is bound to be influenced by one's social, economic or political predilections. A student must, therefore, learn how various interpretations of the constitution are possible and why a significant interpretation was adopted in a particular situation. Such a critical approach is necessary requirement in the study of constitutional law. Judicial review is an important aspect of constitutional law. India is the only country where the judiciary has the power to review even constitutional amendments. The application of basic structure objective in the evaluation of executive actions is an interesting development of Indian constitutional law. Paripasu the concept of secularism and federalism engraved in the constitution are, and are to be, interpreted progressively.

Paper Code : UL02CBLH06	Total Credit - 4
Title Of Paper: Constitution- I	

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Historical Perspectives- Constitutional development since 1858 to	25%
	1947, Making of Indian Constitution, Preamble of Indian Constitution,	
	Sources of Constitution, Salient features of Indian Constitution, Rule of	
	law, Separation of Powers, Citizenship	
Ш	Fundamental Right- Origin and Development of Fundamental	25%
	Rights(Article 12-13), Right to Equality (Article 14-18), Right to	
	Freedom (Article 19-20), Protection In Respect of Conviction for	
	Offences (Article 20), Protection of Life and Personal Liberty (Article	
	21), Safeguards Against Arbitrary Arrest and Detention(Article 22),	
	Right Against Exploitation (Article 23-14), Right to Freedom of Religion	
	(Article 25-28), Cultural and Educational Rights (Article 29-30),	
	Saving of Certain Laws (Article31A-31C)	

	Rights to Constitutional Remedies, Judicial Review: Basic features of the constitution Cannot be curtailed by Act of Parliament and Constitutional Provisions. (Articles 32 and 226), Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court(Article 32)-Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Prohibition, Certiorari Quo Warranto, Writ under Article 226, Distinction between Article 32 and 226, Public Interest Litigation Judicial Activism, Res-Judicata	25%
IV	Directive Principles of State policy and Fundamental Duties (Article36-51&51A) -Objectives and Classification of the Directives, Relations between the Directive principles and the Fundamental rights, Directive principles given statues of Fundamental Rights new dimensions, Implementation of directives, sources of fundamental duties, enforcement of duties, Fundamental Duties An aid to implementation of Constitutional Provisions	25%

- 1. G. Austin, History of Democratic Constitution: The Indian Expenditure (2000) Oxford
- 2. J N Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India,
- 3. D.D.Basu, Shorter Constitution of India, (1996),
- 4. Prentice Hall of India, Delhi Constitutent Assembly Debates Vol. 1 to 12 (1989)
- 5. H.M.Seervai, Constitution of India, Vol.1-3(1992), Tripathi, Bombay M.P.Singh(ed.),
- 6. V.N.Shukla, Constitutional Law of India (2000)' Oxford
- 7. G. Austin, Indian Constitution: Cornestone of a Nation (1972).
- 8. M. Galanter, Competing Equalities Law and the Backward Classes in India (1984)
- 9. B. Sivaramayya, Inequalities and the Law (1984) Eastern, Lucknow.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA.,LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: II English-II

Syllabus with effect from: June – 2016

Objective: To enable the students to know the functional aspects of English language so that they can use it in their day to day life i.e., introductions; asking personal information and they will be able to understand Technical conversation with ease. To hone basic Communication Skills (Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing) of the students by exposing them to the key communication techniques

Paper Code : UL02CBLH07	Total Credit - 4
Title Of Paper: ENGLISH-II	

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Communication Skills- Definition, Concept of Communication,	25%
	Importance of Communication in Law, Types of Communication,	
	Process of Communication, Barrier to Communication	
II	Presentation Skills-Reading Techniques and Strategies, Listening Types	25%
	Techniques Strategies, Presentation Etiquettes, Human Values,	
	Professional Ethics	
III	Understanding Popular Literature (Self Study) -To Kill A Mocking Bird By Harper Lee	25%
IV	Practical Topic	25%
	Listening Comprehension - Note Taking, Note Making	
	Presentation on Motivational Videos collected from www.youtube.com	

- 1. 2nd Edition Legal Language and Writing Prof. Dr. K. L. Bhatia, Universal Law Publishing
- 2. Technical Communication Principals and Practice Minaxi Raman Sangeeta Sharma Oxford University Press
- 3. 2nd Edition Developing Communication Skills Trinity Press.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : B.B.A, LL.B. (Honours) (5years) Semester II Economics –II (MACROECONOMICS) Syllabus with effect from: June 2016

Objectives: The objective of the course is to study the behavior and working of the economy as a whole and also to make students understand the macroeconomics perspectives of business and law.

Paper Code: UL02CBLH08	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Economics –II (MACROECONOMICS)	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
1	INTRODUCTION TO MACROECONOMICS: Definition, scope, importance and limitations of Macroeconomics, Macroeconomics goals and instruments, Stock and flow concept, India and the global economy	25%
2	NATIONAL INCOME: Meaning and concepts, Circular flow of National Income (in five sector economy), National income at current price and National income at constant price, Various concepts of National Income (GNP, GDP, NNP, NDP), Personal income, Disposable income; Methods for measurement of National income; Difficulties in measurement of National Income	25%
3	THEORY OF INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT: Classical theory of employment; Say's law (Basic assumptions and implications of say's law); Criticism of classical theory and say's law; Keynesian Theory of Employment: Principle of effective demand	25%
4	DETERMINATION OF INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT: Consumption function: Meaning, factors influencing consumption, Average and marginal propensities to consume; Inducement to invest: Meaning of investment, Types of investment : autonomous and induced investment, Importance and factors affecting investment; Marginal efficiency of capital: Meaning, Investment Demand curve	25%

Reference Books

1. Dewett, K.K , Modern Economic Theory, S. Chand

2. Ackley,G. (1976), Macro Economics : Theory and Policy, Macmillan Publishing Company, New York.

3. Gupta, S. B. (1994), Monetary Economics, S.Chand, Delhi

4. Dewett, and Lewis, M.K and P.D Mizan (2000), Monetary Economics, Oxford university Press, New Delhi

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : B.B.A, LL.B. (Honours) (5years) Semester II Organizational Behavior Syllabus with effect from: 2016

Objectives: This subject is designed to provide a basic understanding of the subject called Organizational behavior to the students. What Organizational behavior is? Basic Understanding of Organizational Behavior, Individual behavior including attitudes, personality, job satisfaction, values and perception. Apart that it includes understanding dynamics of Group behavior and Organizational dynamics of behavior.

Paper Code:UL02CBBH03	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Organizational Behavior	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	 Basic Understanding of Organizational Behavior: Organizational Behavior: Definition, Key element of OB, Nature and Scope, Need for Studying OB, Contributing Disciplines to OB, Challenges faced by management, What Managers Do? Enter Organizational Behavior. Leadership: Meaning, Leadership Differ from Management, Functions, Leadership Styles, Studies on Leadership, Leadership 	25%
II	 Theories, Managerial Grid, What make Leadership effective. Understanding dynamics of Individual behavior: Attitudes: Concept, Formation, Types. Job Satisfaction: Concept, Determinants, Herzberg's two factor theory. Personality: Concept, Determinants, Types. Values: Concept, Similarities and difference between Values and Attitudes, Importance of Values, Types, Formation. Transactional Analysis: Introduction, Meaning, Ego States Perception: Introduction, Factors affecting Perception, How to improve perception 	25%
III	 Understanding dynamics of Group behavior: Understanding Groups: Definition, Characteristic, Why do people form and join groups? Types of group, Stages of Group Development, Group Decision Making, Group Behavior (Properties) – Roles, Norms, Status, Size & Cohesion, Inter group behavior. Understanding Teams: Meaning, Types of Teams, Team building process. Communication: Direction of Communication, Interpersonal Communication, Organizational Communication 	25%

	Understanding Organizational dynamics of behavior: Organizational Culture: Definition, Types.	
	Managing Conflict: Definition, Types.	
	Negotiation Strategies, Third Party Negotiation.	25%
IV	Resistance to Change: Introduction, Resistance to Change, Managing	25%
	Resistance to change.	
	Work Stress & Its Management.	
	Understanding Power: Bases of Power, Power Tactics.	
	Politics: Power in Action	

- 1. Stephen Robbins Organizational Behavior Pearson Education 13th or Latest Edition
- 2. Dr. S. S. Khanka OrganisationalBehaviour (Text and Cases) S. Chand, Latest Edition
- 3. Margi Parikh & Rajan Gupta Organizational Behavior McGraw-Hill 2010, Latest Edition
- 4. K. Aswathappa Organizational Behavior Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, Latest Edition

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA,LL.B. (Honours)(5years) Semester: II Cost and Management Accounts Syllabus with effect from: June 2016

Objectives: The subject 'Cost and Management Account' is very important and useful for optimum utilization of existing resources. These are branches of accounting and had been developed due to limitations of financial accounting. It acquaints the students with the basic concepts used in cost accounting and Management Accounting having a bearing on managerial decision- making.

Paper Code: UL02CBBH04	
Title Of Paper: Cost and Management Accounts	Total Credit: 4

Unit	Description in detail	Weightage (%)
I	Cost Accounting: Meaning of cost, costing and cost accounting, Financial Accounting and Cost accounting, Types of cost- cost centre, cost unit, methods of costing.	25%
II	Material Cost, Labour cost and Overheads: Material cost, inventory control, sock levels (minimum, maximum and re-order level.), Economic order Quantity (EOQ), Meaning of overheads- Classification of overheads cost, Allocation, apportionment and absorption of overheads, Machine hour rate.	25%
III	Unit Costing: Costing procedure, Preparation of cost sheet, Cost sheet. (Tender Example)	25%
IV	Marginal Costing, Standard Cost & Budgetary Control : Marginal costing and absorption costing, Cost volume profit analysis, break even analysis, Standard costing and budgetary control. (Theory)	25%

- **1.** Cost Accounting. N.K.Agrawal.
- 2. Cost Accounting M.N.Arora. (Vikas Publication)
- **3.** Cost Accounting Lal& Nigam.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

<u>Semester – III</u>

Course Type	Subject Code	Subject	T/P	Credits	Exam	Component of Marks		Marks
					Duration	Internal	Extern	Total
					in hrs.		al	
						Total	Total	Total
						Passing	Passing	Passing
						%	%	
BBA, LL.B.	UL03CBLH07	Constitution –II	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
(HONS.)	UL03CBLH08	Law of Crimes (IPC)	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
INTEGRATED	UL03CBLH09	Contract –II	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
5 years	UL03CBLH10	English-III	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL03CBLH11	Economics - III	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL03CBBH02	Financial		4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Management - I						
				24				240/600

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA.,LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: III Constitution –II Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objective: India is a democracy & the Constitution Embodies main Principles of the democratic Government – how it comes into being, what are its powers, functions, responsibilities& obligations how power is limited & distributed. Whatever might have been the original power base of the Constitution, today it seems to have acquired legitimacy as a highest norm of a public law. A good Understanding of the constitution & the law, which has developed through Constitutional Amendments, Judicial Decision, Constitutional Practice & Convention is therefore , absolutely necessary for a student of law. He must also know the genesis, nature & Special feature & be aware of the social, political & Economic Influence of the Constitution. The purpose of teaching constitutional law is to highlight its never-ending growth. Constitutional interpretation is bound to be influenced by one's social, economic or political predilections. A student must, therefore, learn how various interpretations of the constitution are possible and why a significant interpretation was adopted in a particular situation. Such a critical approach is necessary requirement in the study of constitutional law. Judicial review is an important aspect of constitutional law. India is the only country where the judiciary has the power to review even constitutional amendments. The application of basic structure objective in the evaluation of executive actions is an interesting development of Indian constitutional law. Paripasu the concept of secularism and federalism engraved in the constitution are, and are to be, interpreted progressively

Paper Code :UL03CBLH07	Total Credit -
Title Of Paper: Constitution –II	4

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage
		(%)
	Distribution of Power between Center & States: Federalism	25%
Ι	Principles, Legislative Powers, Administrate Power, Financial Powers,	
	And Jammu & Kashmir Special Status.	
	Constitutional Organs, West Minster Model- choice of Parliamentary	25%
	Government, President of India (Election, Qualification, Impeachment &	
II	Powers) ,Governors (Appointment, Qualification, Removal &	
	Powers), Prime-Minster, Chief Minister, & Council of Ministers,	
	Parliamentary, Sovereignty & Privileges, Anti-Defamation Law,	
	Judiciary Jurisdiction of Supreme Court & High Court, Independence of	
	Judiciary .	

III	Panchyayats, Municipalities, Co-operative Societies & Elections Panchayats-Gram Sabha, Constitution, Composition, Disqualification, Durations, Powers, Authority & responsibility, Power to Impose Taxes & Funds, Finance & Audit, Election to the Panchyayats. Municipalities: Constitution, Composition, Constitution& Composition Ward Committees, Reservations, Durations, Powers Authority & Responsibility, Power to Impose Taxes & Funds, Finance & Audit, Election to Municipalities. Co-operative Societies:-Incorporation, Number & Term of Members of Board, & its Office Bearers, Election of members o0f Board, Suppression & Suspension of Board & interim Management, Audit of the Accounts', Right of a member to get Information. Election: Election Commission, Constitution of the Election Commission, Multi-Member Commission, Functions of the Election Law , Presidential Reference Under Art. 143	25%
IV	Emergency Provisions Emergency Provisions Meaning & Scope Proclamation of Emergency, Emergency& Suspension of Fundamental Rights, Amendment of Constitution Doctrine of Basic Structure.	25%

- M. P. Jain, Indian Constitutional Law (2005)
- H.M. Seervai, Constitutional Law of India (2005)
- B.N. Cardozo, Nature of Judicial Process (2004)
- B.N. Cardozo, Growth of Law (1961)
- Ruper Cross, Harris, et al., Precedent in English Law (1991)
- A. Laxminath, Precedent in Indian Law (2005)
- Edward H. Levi, Introduction to Legal Reasoning (1961)
- Julius Stone, Legal System and Lawyers Reasoning (1964)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: III Law of Crimes (IPC) Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishments thereof and to focus on the study of substantive crimes under the Indian Penal Code 1860. The Indian security system has been one that has gone through a lot of tests and examinations throughout the time. This is due to the political as well as the social situation and standing of the country. The disputes amongst the people are very common. The cultural diversity is such that there are disputes and clashes of interest between different states, ethnic to particular cultural consortium. To counter crimes and breach of law, a document has been formulated, that covers each of these situations separately and lists out the penalties for those found guilty under any of the mentioned offences. This is document is known as the Indian Penal Code. The Indian Penal code, in its basic form, is a document that lists all the cases and punishments that a person committing any crimes is liable to be charged with. The Indian Penal Code is thus the most fundamental document of all the law enforcer as well as the entire judiciary in India.

Paper Code: UL03CBLH08 Title Of Paper: Law of Crimes (IPC)

Total Credit: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction to Criminal Law: Preamble, Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code, (Sec 1to 5), Definition of Crime, Difference between Crimes, Torts and Breach of Contracts, Fundamental elements of crime, Stages in commission of a crime, Intention, Preparation, Attempt, Theories of Punishments and its types. Sec 53, Definitions Judge (Sec 19), Court of Justice (Sec 20), Public Servant (Sec 21), Movable Property (Sec 22), Wrongful gain Wrongful loss (Sec 23), Dishonesty (Sec 24), Fraudulently (Sec 25), Counterfeit (Sec 28), Electronic Record (Sec 29 A), Valuable Security, Will (Sec 30, 31), Act & omission (Sec 33), Voluntarily (Sec 39), Actusreus, Mensreus, Offences (Sec 40), Good faith (Sec 52), Others important definitions. General Explanations and Exceptions: (Sec 76 to 106) , Mistake, Judicial and Executive acts, Accident, Necessity, Infancy, Insanity, Intoxication, Consent, Good faith, Private defense. Abetment &	25%
	Abettor (Sec 107, 108), Criminal Conspiracy: (Sec 120A)	
п	Offences Against State (Sec 121 to 130), Waging war against State, Sedition, Offences against Public Tranquility: (Sec 141 to 160), Unlawful Assembly, Rioting, Affray. Offences relating to Elections: (Sec 171A to 171I) Candidate, Bribery, Undue Influence, Offences effecting life: (Sec 299 to 374), Homicide, Culpable Homicide, Murder, Causing death by negligence, Dowry Death, Attempt to commit suicide, Causing Miscarriage or injuries to unborn children, Hurt, Grievous Hurt, Wrongful restraint & Confinement, Kidnapping, Abduction, Others	25%
	Offences against Women & Property (Sec 375 to 462) Rape, Unnatural	

III	Offence, Theft, Extortion, Robbery, Dacoity, Criminal misappropriation,	25%
	Criminal breach of trust, Cheating ,Criminal Trespass . Offence relating to	
	Marriage (Sec 493 to 498A) Bigamy, Adultery, Cruelty	
IV	Defamation and offences relating to documents and property marks,	25%
	Defamation, (Sec 499) Forgery, (Sec 463) Counterfeiting (Sec 231)	

- 1. Indian Penal Code By Ratanlal & DhirajLal. Published by Wadhwa& Company.
- 2. Indian Penal Code By Shailander Malik. Published by Allahabad Law Agency.
- 3. Criminal Law of India By Sk Mishra. Published by Allahabad Law Agency.
- 4. The Indian Penal Code By K D Gaur. Published by Universal Law Publishing Co.
- 5. Indian Penal Code By Bhattacharya.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: III Contract – II Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: This course is to be taught after the students have been made familiar with the general principles of contract in which the emphasis is on understanding and appreciating the basic essentials of a valid contract and on the existence of contractual relationship in various instances. Obviously, a course on special contracts should initiate the students to different kinds of contracts with emphasis on the intricacies therein. This course also should provide an insight into the justification for special statutory provisions for certain kinds of contracts.

Paper Code: UL03CBLH09	Total
Title Of Paper: Contract – II	Credit: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
	Indemnity (Section 124 & 125 of Indian Contract Act, 1872) The	
	concept, definition of Indemnity, Insurance Contract, if contract of	
	indemnity India, Rights of Indemnity Holder, When can an indemnifier	
	be made liable? Can he claim to be indemnified before he is	
Ι	indemnified Guarantee (Section 126 to 147 of Indian Contract Act,	25%
	1872)The concept, Definition of guarantee: as distinguished from	
	indemnity, Basic essentials for a valid guarantee contract, The place	
	of consideration and the criteria for ascertaining the existence of	
	consideration in guarantee contracts, Continuing guarantee, Nature of	
	surety's liability, Duration and termination of such liability, Illustrative	
	situations of existence of continuing guarantee, Rights of surety ,	
	Position of surety in the eye of law, Various judicial interpretations to	
	protect the surety, Co-surety and manner of sharing liabilities and rights, Discharge of surety's liability	
	Bailment (Section 151 to 169 of Indian Contract Act, 1872)	
	Definition of bailment, Essentials of Bailment, Duties of Bailor and	
п	Bailee towards each other, Rights of bailee, Finder of goods as a	25%
	bailee. Pledge (Section 172 to 180 of Indian Contract Act, 1872)	20 /0
	Pledge: comparison with bailment, Definition of pledge under the	
	Indian contract Act, Rights of the pledgee or pawnee, Right of suit	
	against pawnor, Right of sale of the pledged goods.	
	Agency (Section 183 to 238 of Indian Contract Act, 1872),	
	Establishing Agency, Different kinds of Agent iii. Distinction between	
	agent and servant ,Essentials of a agency transaction , Various methods	
	of creation of agency, Duties and rights of agent, Scope and extent of	
	agent's authority, Liability of the principal for acts of the agent	
III	including misconduct and tort of the agent, Liability of the agent	25%
	towards the principal, Personal liability towards the parties, Methods	
	of termination of agency contract, Liability of the principal and agent	
	before and after such termination. Sale of Goods Act, 1930 (Section 4	
	to 73) ,Law pertaining to sale of goods ,Definition of Contract of Sale	

	, Effect of Goods perishing , Auction Sale , Conditions and Warranties i.e Implied conditions ,The rule of caveat emptor ,Implied Warranties ,Transfer of property and title , Performance of the Contract , Rights of Unpaid Seller against the goods ,Suits for breach of contract.	
IV	Partnership Act, 1932 (Section 4 to 69 (4) (b)), Nature of partnership: definition, Essentials of Partnership, Mutual relationship between partners (Relations Interse with partners and third parties), Incoming of partners, Outgoing of partners, Registration of Partnership, Dissolution of Partnership Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881(Section 5 to 147), The definition, Various kinds of Negotiable Instrument ,Promissory note and its characteristics, Bills of exchange and its characteristics, cheques and other kind of instruments, Holder and holder in due course: meaning, essential conditions rights and privileges of holder in course, endorsee from the holder in due course and parties, Cheques: Kinds of crossing cheque and Protection of collecting banker.	25%

- R.K. Bangia, Contract II- Allahabad Law Agency
- Pollock and Mulla, Contracts and Specific Relief Acts (1999)(Ed. A K Abhichandani)
- Avtar Singh, Contract Act (2000), Eastern, Lucknow.
- Krishnan Nair, Law of Contract,(1999) Orient
- J.P.Verma, Principles of the Law of Sale of Goods and Hire Purchase (1998), Eastern, Lucknow ((ed.), Singh and Gupta)
- G. Guest The Law of Partnership in India (1999), Orient Law House, New Delhi.
- M.S.Parthasarathy, The Negotiable Instruments Act (1995), Allahabad (ed.), J. S. Khergamvala,
- Ansons', The Negotiable Instruments Act Beatson (ed.), Law of Contract, (1998), Oxford, London Saharay,
- Ramnainga, Indian Partnership and Sale of Goods Act (2000), Universal
- The Sales of Goods Act (1998), Universal

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: III English – III Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: To enable the students to know the functional aspects of English language so that they can use it in their day to day life i.e, introductions; asking personal information and they will be able to understand Technical conversation with ease. To hone basic Communication Skills (Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing) of the students by exposing them to the key communication techniques.

Subject Code: UL03CBLH10	Total Credit - 4
Title of the Paper: English – III	

Unit	Description of Topic	Weightage (%)
I	Covering Letter, Resume, Curriculum Vitae, Types and Styles of Application Letters (Promotional, Requesting, Complaint etc.), Drafting of Speeches, Practical topic (Personal Interview)	25%
II	Notice, Agenda, Minutes of Meeting, Reports	25%
III	Press Note, Memorandum, Circular, Correspondence	25%
IV	Critical Thinking, Reasoning , Proposals, Practical Topic (Power Point Presentation with Interaction)	25%

- 2nd Edition, Legal Language and Writing Prof. Dr. K. L. Bhatia, Universal Law Publishing.
- Technical Communication Principals and Practice, by MinaxiRamanandSangeeta Sharma Oxford University Press.
- 2nd Edition, Developing Communication Skills, Trinity Press.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester III Economics-III Syllabus with effect from: 2017

Objectives: The main objective of this course is to make students aware about the market and to give an idea about how economy runs. It also explain the behavioral pattern of various economic entities and their inter- relationships within the framework of economic theory.

Paper Code: UL03CBLH11	Total Credits . 4
Title of Paper : Economics-III	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
1	Price Determination and Equilibrium: Markets : Types and Features, Cost and Revenue analysis, Price determination in a perfectly competitive market, Short run and long run equilibrium of a perfectly competitive firm	25%
2	Theory Of Distribution: Wages : Marginal Productivity Theory Of Wages, Interest : Elements Of Interest, Theory Of Interest Rate Determination, Rent : Concept Of Economic Rent, Profit : Gross Profits And Net Profits, Theories Of Profit	25%
3	Money And Banking: Money : Meaning , Types and Functions, Value Of Money : Quantity Theory Of Money, Banking : Functions Of Commercial Banks and Functions Of Central Bank, Banking Sector Reforms In India	25%
4	Public Finance: Principles of Public Finance, Sources of Revenue, Types of Taxes, Types of Government Expenditure	25%

- K.K.Dewett And J.D. Verma : Elementary Economic Theory
- K.P.M. Sundaram : Elementary Economic Theroy
- Paul SamulsonAndNordhans William D.: Economics- 18th Edition,
- N. Gregory Mankiw (2002), Principal Of Economics, 2nd Edition, Thomson

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: III Financial Management-I Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: To give knowledge related to Finance introduction to finance, from where we can procure and where it can be utilize, than different role of Financial Managers, Goals of Finance to get idea about the Indian Financial System and Financial Market. With different kind of Long Term Sources. To understand what is working Capital and how it works in routine task of the organizations. To equipped the Students with the Capital Budgeting and its different techniques

Paper Code:UL03CBBH02	Total Credit : 4
Title of Paper : Financial Management-I	Total Creuit: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
1	An Overview: Concept, Meaning, Evolution of financial management, Scope of financial management, Finance Functions, Aims of finance function, Financial manager's role, Goals of finance management	25%
2	Introduction to Indian Financial System & Corporate Financing: Indian financial system: overview, functions, financial markets, functions of financial markets, Sources of long term instruments: Equity Shares, Preference Shares, Debentures, Term Loans	25%
3	Working Capital Management: Meaning, Concept, significance, kinds of working capital, Operating & Cash Conversion Cycle, Need to maintain Balanced Working Capital, Factors influencing Working Capital	25%
4	Long Term Investment Decisions (Capital Budgeting) : Capital budgeting: Meaning, importance, classification of projects, types, process Appraisal Methods: Payback Period Technique (PBP), Accounting Rate of Return technique(ARR), Discounted Cash Flow Techniques: NPV, IRR, PI	25%

- Financial Management : I. M. Pandey
- Financial Management : G. Sudarsana Reddy
- Financial Management :Prasanna Chandra
- Financial Management : Khan & Jain
- Financial Management :P.V.Kulkarni
- Financial Management : S. N. Maheshwari

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

Semester - IV

Course Type	Subject Code	Subject	T/P	Credits	Exam	Component of Marks		
					Duration	Internal	Extern	Total
					in hrs.		al	
						Total	Total	Total
						Passing	Passin	Passing
						%	g %	%
BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) INTEGRATED 5 years	UL04CBLH06	Family Law – I	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL04CBLH07	Transfer of Property	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		including Easements						
	UL04CBLH08	Jurisprudence	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL04CBLH09	English – IV	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL04CBBH03	Business Statistics	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL04CBBH04	Financial Management	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		-11						
				24				240/600

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: IV Family Law I Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: The course structure is designed mainly with three objectives in view. One is to provide adequate sociological perspectives so that the basic concepts relating to family are expounded in their social setting. The next objective is to give an overview of some of the current problems arising out of the foundational inequalities writ large in the various family concepts. The third objective is to view family law not merely as a separate system of personal laws based upon religions but as the one cutting across the religious lines and eventually enabling us to fulfil the constitutional directive of uniform civil code. Such a restructuring would make the study of familial relations more meaningful.

Total Credit:4

Paper Code: - UL04CBLH06

Title Of Paper: Family Law I

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction-Hindu, Muslims, Christians and Parsis, Schools of Law-Hindu Law and Muslim Law, Migration Domicile, Residence and Problem of Conflict of Personal Laws ,Concept of Marriage and Theories of Divorce, Marriages under Hindu, Muslim, Christian and Parsi Law, Dowry, Dower, Consortium, Cohabitation and Matrimonial Home.	25%
II	Matrimonial Remedie, Non-judicial resolution of marital conflicts. Customary dissolution of marriage - unilateral divorce, divorce by mutual consent and other modes of dissolution. Divorce under Muslim personal law - talaq and talaq-e-tafweez, Judicial resolution of marital conflicts: the family court iv. Nullity of marriage, Option of puberty, Restitution of conjugal rights, Judicial separation, Desertion: a ground for matrimonial relief, Cruelty: a ground for matrimonial relief. Adultery: a ground for matrimonial	

ш	Alimony and maintenance, Maintenance of neglected wives, divorced wives, minor children, disabled children and parents who are unable to support themselves: provisions under the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973. Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act 1956. Alimony and maintenance as an ancillary relief, Maintenance of divorced Muslim women under the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act 1986	25%
IV	Child and the Family, Legitimacy, Adoption, Custody, maintenance and education, Guardianship and parental rights - welfare of the child principle.	25%

- 1. Hindu Law Paras Diwan
- 2. Muslim Law of India Tahir Mahmood
- 3. Family Laws Paras Diwan

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: IV Transfer of Property including Easements Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objective: Transfer of the Property Act, regulate the law relating to the transfer of Property by the Acts of the Parties. The Act provides a clear, systematic & Uniform Law for the transfer of the immovable Property. It Completes the Code of Contract Since it is enacted law for the transfer that takes Place in the furtherance of a contract. With the Provision for inter-vivos Transfer, the TP Act, 1882 provides a law Parallel to the existing laws of testamentary & intestate transfers. It is not exhaustive & provides scope to apply the principles of Justices, Equity & Good Conscience if a particular case is not governed by any provision of law

Paper Code : UL04CBLH07	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper: Transfer of Property including Easements	Total Cleun 4

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Concept of Meaning of Property , Introduction & Meaning, Movable &immovable Property, Tangible & Intangible Property, Private & Public Property, General Principles of Transfer of property, What Property Cannot be transferred?, Conditions Retraining Alienation, Condition Restraining Enjoyment, Vested & Contingent Interest, Condition Precedent & Condition Subsequent, Transfer To Unborn Person, Rule against Perpetuity.	25%
п	MORTAGAGES, Kinds of Mortgages, When Registration is necessary, Rights of the Mortgagor, Clog on Redemption, Partial Redemption, Rights & of the Mortgagee, Rights to foreclose or sale, Right to sue for Mortgage Money, Accession to Mortgage Property, Rights of the Mortgages in Possession, Substituted Securities, Liabilities of a Mortgagee in Possession, Marshalling & Contribution, Subrogation – Legal Subrogation & Conventional, Redeem Up & Foreclose Down.	25%
III	Doctrine of Election , Sale, Lease ,Gifts, Doctrine Of Election - Covenants-Transfer by Ostensible Owner, Doctrine of Estoppels, Doctrine of Acquiescence, Fraudulent Transfer, Doctrine of Part Performance. Sale -Definition, Contract for Sale, Rights & Liabilities of Seller & Buyer. Lease - Definition, Rights & Liabilities of lessor & Lessee, Kinds of lease, Tendency at Will, Tendency by- Holding –Over, Tendency –at-sufferance. Gifts -Definitions , Essentials, Onerous Gifts, Conditional Gifts, Universal Donee, Donatio Mortis Causa , exchange of Properties, Actionable Claim.	25%

	Indian Easement Act, Definition, Nature & characteristics of	
IV	Easements, Acquisition or Creation of Easements, Classification or Kids of Easement, Termination or Determination of Easements, Difference Between Easement & License	25%

- Transfer of Property Act by Mulla, Butterworths Publication.
- Commentaries on Transfer of Property Act By Subba Rao
- Law of Property by Krishna Menon.
- Transfer of Property by Sanjeev Rao.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours)(5 Years) Semester: IV Jurisprudence Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: At the heart of the legal enterprise is the concept of law. Without a deep understanding of this concept neither legal education nor legal practice can be a purposive activity oriented towards attainment of justice in society. In fact, basic nature and purpose of law should be clear to every student and that it should be the very foundation of law teaching needs little argument. A course in jurisprudence should, primarily, induct the student into a realm of questions concerning law so that he is able to live with their perplexity or complexity and is driven to seek out answers for himself. It may not be possible that a one semester jurisprudence course can impart knowledge of doctrines about law and justice, developed over the years, in various nations and historical situations. At best an undergraduate course should impart the analytical skill and equip the student with the basic problems concerning law and the types of solutions sought. Thus, the student not only will be able to use this skill in practice but also is motivated to take up detailed historical studies on his own after the course. Since a basic idea in the designing of this course is to bring jurisprudence closer to our reality, in the selection of cases and reading materials the teacher should try to make use of the Indian material as far as possible.

Paper Code: UL04CBLH08	Total Credit: 4
Title Of Paper: Jurisprudence	Total Cicuit. 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction to Jurisprudence and Legal Theory Introduction, Meaning of the term 'jurisprudence', Nature & Scope of Jurisprudence, Norms and the normative system. Different types of normative systems, such as of games, languages, religious orders, unions, clubs and customary practice. Legal system as a normative order: similarities and differences of the legal system with other normative systems, Nature and definition of law.	
П	 Schools of Jurisprudence, Introduction: (a). Schools of Legal Theory, (b). Natural Law, Early Theorists, its revival in the twentieth century. Natural law, Classical era of Natural Law. ST Thomas Acquainas, Grotious Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau. German Transcendental Idealism-Kant, Revival of Natural Law, Stammler ,Fuller , John Finnis, Semi-sociological natural Law – Prof. H.L.A. Hart. Analytical positivism , Austin's analytical theory of Law, Pure Theory of Law-Hans Kelson , H.L.A. Hart's concept of Law, Historical School – Sir Henry Maine-Savigny, Sociological School – Prof. Pound-Social Engineering Theory, Economic interpretation of Law, The Bharat jurisprudence , The Ancient: the concept of 'Dharma', The Modern: PIL, social justice, compensatory jurisprudence 	

ш	Purposes of Law & Sources of Law, Purpose of Law: Justice, Meaning and Kinds, Justice and law: approaches of different Schools, Power of the SC of India to do complete justice in a case: Art 142, Administration of Justice: Theories of Punishment vi. Feminist jurisprudence Sources of Law: Legislation, Precedents: concept of stare decisis, Customs, Juristic writings.	25%
IV	Legal Concepts : Legal Right, the Concept Rights: kinds Right & duty correlation, Nature of personality, Status of the unborn, minor, lunatic, drunken and dead persons] Corporate personality, Dimensions of the modern legal personality: Legal personality of non-human beings. Possession: the Concept, Kinds of possession. Ownership: the Kinds of ownership, Difference between possession and ownership. Obligation: Nature and kinds, Sources of obligation	25%

- The Philosophy and Method of Law (1996), Bodenheimer Jurisprudence Universal, Delhi.
- Salmond on Jurisprudence (1999) Fitzgerald,(ed.) Tripathi, Bombay
- Legal Theory (1999) W. Friedmann, Universal, Delhi.
- Jurisprudence and Legal Theory (1996 re-print), V.D. Mahajan Eastern, Lucknow
- Lloyd's Introduction to Jurisprudence, (1994), M.D.A Freeman (ed.), Sweet& Maxwell
- Jurisprudence (1972) Paton G.W., Oxford, ELBS
- The Concepts of Law (1970) H.L.A. Hart, Oxford, ELBS
- Introduction to the Philosophy of Law (1998 Re-print) Roscoe Pond, Universal, Delhi.
- Jurisprudence (1994 First Indian re-print), Dias, Adithya Books, New Delhi.
- Jurisprudence: A study of Indian Legal Theory (1985), Dhyani S.N., Metropolitan, New Delhi. Universal
- Jurisprudence: From Greeks to Post-modernism Wayne Morrison (1997)
- Jurisprudence: The Philosophy and Method of Law (2006) Edger Bodenheimer
- Seeds of Modern Public Law in Ancient Indian Jurisprudence (1990) M. Rama Jois
- Introduction to Jurisprudence (1992) Dennis Lloyds
- Jurisprudence (2004), Salmond,
- Jurisprudence (1959), Roscoe Pound

Additional Reading:

- The Morality of Law (1995), Lon L. Fuller
- The Concept of Law (1993), H.L.A. Hart,
- Introduction to Philosophy of Law (1954), Roscoe Pound,
- Sociology of Law (1992), Roger Cotterrell,
- Jurisprudence: Theory and Context (Fourth Edition),Brian Bix

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: IV English IV Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: To enable the students to know the functional aspects of English language so that they can use it in their day to day life i.e, introductions; asking personal information and they will be able to understand Technical conversation with ease. To hone basic Communication Skills (Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing) of the students by exposing them to the key communication techniques.

Paper Code: UL04CBLH09	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : English IV	Total Creuits : 4

Unit	Description of Topic	Weightage (%)
I	Group Communication Group Discussion, Concept and Importance of a Team, Function Styles and Types Leader and Team Member types and roles, Practical Topic (Group discussion, Interaction)	25%
II	Negotiation Skills concept and Importance, Negation Process and styles, Negotiation Types and strategies.	25%
ш	Drafting of Case, Supporting sentence, Authentication, Examples, Précis Writing	25%
IV	Research Concept and Process, Drafting of Research Proposal, Thesis, Dissertation, Research Papers Articles Practical Topic (Dictation)	25%

- 2nd Edition, Legal Language and Writing by Prof. Dr. K. L. Bhatia, Universal Law Publishing
- Technical Communication Principals and Practice, by Minaxi Raman; Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press
- 2ndEdition, Developing Communication Skills Trinity Press

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme BBA, LL.B. (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: IV Business Statistics

abug with offect from June 2

Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objective: To develop statistical skills of the students and to enable them effectively utilize the same for the legal research and interpretation of the data. This course will give more weightage to the analysis of the data in their field work and to interpret the same.

Paper Code: UL04CBBH03	Total Credit : 4
Title of Paper : Business Statistics	Total Credit : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Correlation: Introduction and meaning, Co-efficient of correlation and its interpretation, Methods to study Correlation: Scatter diagram, Karl Person's and Spearmen's Rank Correlation.	25%
II	Regression: Introduction and meaning, Regression lines, Regression equation, Regression Co-efficient, Properties of Regression	25%
ш	Analysis of Time Series: Time Series : Definition, meaning, uses, Components of Time series, Methods of finding Trend, Moving Average Method (with period 3,4 & 5 years), Least Squares Method (Only Linear trend), Computation of seasonal indicts by simple average method	25%
IV	Probability Theory: Definitions of Random Experiment, Sample space, Events, Mutually, exclusive events, Equally likely events, Exhaustive events, Dependent, Events and independent events, Definitions of Probability. Addition and Multiplication Theorems (without proof), Simple Numerical Examples of Probability.	25%

- D.C. Sancheti and V.K. Kapoor: (Theory, Methods & Application), Sultan Chand and sons, New Delhi.
- R.P. Honda: Statistics for Business and Economics, Macmillan, New Delhi.
- S.C. Gupta: Fundamental of Statistics
- B.L. Agrawal : Basic Statistics
- Ken Blank : Business Statistics
- Prof H.R. Vyas : Business Statistics, B.S. Shah Prakashan

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: IV Financial Management-II Syllabus with effect from: June – 2017

Objectives: To give Knowledge related to Cash Management, what are the motives to hold cash and about investment in marketable securities. To get idea about the Management of receivables, credit policy and how to monitoring the receivables. To understand the Financial and Operating Leverages. To equipped the Students with the Inventory Management and its different techniques and control System.

Paper Code: UL04CBBH04	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Financial Management-II	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Management of Cash: Introduction, Facets of cash management, Motives for holding cash, Cash Planning, Managing the flow, Investment of surplus funds	25%
II	Management of Receivables: Introduction, Credit Policy, Optimum Credit Policy, Credit Policy variables, Credit Evaluation, Monitoring Receivables	25%
ш	Leverage Analysis: Operating Leverage, Financial Leverage, Combined Leverage, Implications of leverages.	25%
IV	Inventory Management: Introduction, Nature of Inventories, Need to hold inventories, Objectives of inventory management Inventory management techniques: Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) Inventory Control Systems: ABC Inventory Control System, Just-in-time (JIT) Systems	25%

- Financial Management : I. M. Pandey
- Financial Management : G. Sudarsana Reddy
- Financial Management :Prasanna Chandra
- Financial Management : Khan & Jain
- Financial Management : P.V.Kulkarni
- Financial Management : S. N. Maheshwari

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

Course Type	Subject Code	Subject	T/P	Credits	Exam	Com	ponent of N	Marks
					Duration	Internal	External	Total
					in hrs.	Total	Total	Total
						Passing	Passing	Passing
						%	%	%
BBA, LL.B.	UL05CBLH01	Family Law – II	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
(HONS.) INTEGRATED	UL05CBLH02	Law of Evidence	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
5 years	UL05CBLH03	Administrative Law	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL05CBLH04	Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act.	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL05CBLH05	Practical – II (Prison, Police Station)	Р	4		20/50	20/50 VIVA	40/100
	UL05CBBH01	Marketing Management – I	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL05CBBH02	Business Environment	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
				28				280/700

Semester - V

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: V FAMILY LAW II Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: The course structure is designed mainly with three objectives in view. One is to provide adequate sociological perspectives so that the basic concepts relating to family are expounded in their social setting. The next objective is to give an overview of some of the current problems arising out of the foundational inequalities writ large in the various family concepts. The third objective is to view family law not merely as a separate system of personal laws based upon religions but as the one cutting across the religious lines and eventually enabling us to fulfill the constitutional directive of uniform civil code. Such a restructuring would make the study of familial relations more meaningful

Paper Code: UL05CBLH01

Title Of Paper: Family Law – II

Total Credit: 4

Unit	Description in detail	Weighting (%)
I	Marriage and Kinship, Evolution of the institution of marriage and family, Role of religious rituals and practices in moulding the rules regulating to martial relations, Types of family based upon., Lineage- patrilineal matrilineal, Authority structure- patriarchal and matriarchal, Locations- patrilocal and matrilocal, Number of conjugal units- nuclear, extended, joint and Composite., Emerging concepts: Live in relationship	25%
Π	Family and its changing Patterns and Joint Family: New emerging trends, Working women and their impact on spousal -Relationship: composition of, family, status and role of women, New property concepts, such as skill and job as new forms of property, Processes of social change in India: sanskritization westernization, secularization, universalization, parochialization, modernization, industrialization and urbanization, Mitakshara joint families, Mitakshara coparcenary- formation and incidents, Property under Mitakshara law- separate property and coparcenary property, Davabhaga coparcenary- formation and incidents Property under Dayabhaga law., Karta of the joint family- his position, powers, privileges an obligations, Alienation of property- separate and coparcenary, Debts – doctrines of pious obligation and antecedent debt., Partition and re-union as well as Joint Hindu family as a social security institution and impact of Hindu Gains of Learning Act and various tax laws on it	25%

III	Inheritance I and Inheritance II: Hindus, Historical perspective of traditional Hindu law as a background to the study of, Hindu Succession Act 1956, Succession to property of a Hindu male dying intestate under the Provisions of., Hindu Succession Act 1956., Devolution of interest in Mitakshara coparcenary with reference to the provisions of Hindu Succession Act 1956., Succession to property of a Hindu female dying intestate under the Hindu, Succession Act 1956 and disqualification relating to succession, General rules of succession, Marumakkattayam and Aliyasantana laws governing people living in Travancore – Cochin and the districts of Malabar and South Kanara, Muslims, Succession under Muslim Law- General rules of succession and exclusion from succession., Classification of heirs under Hanafi- Shia Law of Inheritance-Disqualifications, Wills inder Muslim Law, Gifts under Hindu Law, Hiba,	25%
	Endowments and Wakfs, Muslim Wakf	
IV	Establishment of Family Courts and Uniform Civil Code: Constitution, power and functions of Family Courts, Connotations of the directive contained in Article 44 of the Constitution, Impediments to the formulation of the Uniform Civil Code, Uniform Civil Code	25%

- 1. Paras Diwan, 'Law of Maintenance in India', Deep and Deep Publication
- 2. NandiniChavan and QutubJehanKidwai, 'Personal Law Reforms and Gender Empowerment', Hope India
- 3. Paras Diwan, 'Family Law', Allahabad Law Agency.
- 4. S.R.Myneni, 'Sociology for pre-law first year', Allahabad Law Agency,
- 5. C.N.Shankar Rao, 'Sociology Principles of Sociology', S. Chand
- 6. T.K.Oomman and C.N.Venugopal, 'Sociology for Law Students'
- 7. AmitaDhanda and ArchanaParashar (ed), ' Engendering Law', Eastern Book Company,
- 8. Paras Diwan, Law of Interstate and Testamentary Succession (1998), Universal

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: V Law of Evidence Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: On completion of this subject students should have developed skills of analyzing the objective of the Evidence Act and to prevent laxity and negligence in the admissibility of evidence and to introduce a full-proof and uniform rule of practice than what was previously used. The main principles which emphasize the law of evidence are- evidence must be confined to the matter in issue, hearsay evidence is no evidence and hence it must not be admitted, best evidence must be given in all cases, The Indian Evidence Act has no application to enquiries by Tribunals, even though they may be judicial in nature. The Law only requires that rules of Natural Justice must be maintained at the time of conducting enquiries and in an event when such rules have been adhered to, the decisions of the Tribunals are not liable to be challenged.

Total Credit: 4

Paper Code: UL05CBLH02

Title Of Paper: Law of Evidence

Unit **Description in detail** Weighting (%) Nature and Functions of The Law of Evidence: The Central Conceptions in Law of Evidence, Definition of Judicial Proceedings, Evidence, Classifications of Evidence, Proved, Disproved, Not Proved, Documents, Witness, Facts, Facts in issue, Relevant Facts, Appreciation of Evidence, 25% Ι Presumptions, May Presume, Shall Presume and Conclusive Proof, Motive, Preparation and Previous or Subsequent Conduct, Facts necessary Identification Parade, Facts not relevant become relevant, Alibi, Conspiracy, Damages, Right to Custom, State of mind, Similar Occurrences. Admissions and Confessions: Admissions, Proof of Admissions against persons making them, Non admission of Confession, Judicial and Extra Π 25% judicial Confession, Confession to Police Officers, Retracted Confession, Admissible Confessions, Confession to Co-Accused Judgments and Burden of Proof: Judgments of Courts of Justice when relevant, Fraud in obtaining judgment, Judgement in Rem and Personam, Opinions, The Expert Opinion, The Medical Evidence, Opinion as to Handwriting, Existence of right or custom, Usages, Tenents, Opinion on Ш Relationship, Relevancy of Character, Facts which need not be proved, Oral 25% Evidence and hearsay evidence, Documentary evidence Primary and secondary, Public and Private Documents, Presumption of Documents, Ancient Documents, Estoppels of Oral Evidence by Documentary Evidence, Ambiguous Documents, Burden of Proof, Life and Death, Proving

	Relationship, Presumption of Legitimacy, Abetment of Suicide, Dowry death, Presume, Presumption as to absence of Consent in certain Prosecution of Rape.	
IV	Examination of Witnesses: The Witnesses, Privileged Communications, Privilege of Judges and Magistrates, Communication during marriage, State Privilege, privilege to Police Officer and Revenue officers, Privilege to Professional Communication, Privilege to produce Title deeds, Electronic records, Criminating Answers, Accomplice, Production and Examination of Witnesses, Leading Questions, Procedure in asking Questions, Evidence as matters in writing, Hostile Witnesses, Impeaching credit of Witness, Corroborative Evidence, Refreshing Memory, Production of Documents, Power of Judge to put questions or order production, Improper Admission and rejection of evidence.	25%

- Rattan LalDheerajLal Evidence Act
 Avtar Singh Evidence Act

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: V Administrative Law Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: On completion of this subject students should have developed skills of analyzing the law that governs the activities of administrative agencies of Government. Government agency action includes rule making, adjudication, or the enforcement of a specific regulatory agenda. Administrative law is considered a branch of public law. The decision-making of administrative units of government (for example, tribunals, boards or commissions) that are part of a national regulatory scheme in such areas as police law, international trade, manufacturing, the environment, taxation, broadcasting, immigration and transport. The students of law shall be aware of various aspects of administrative law including quasi-legislative, quasi-judicial and other ministerial functions of administration and control thereof.

Paper Code: UL05CBLH03

Title Of Paper: Administrative Law

Total Credit: 4

Unit	Description in detail	Weighting (%)
I	Evolution and Scope of Administrative Law, Nature, Scope and Development of Administrative Law, Rule of law and Administrative Law, Separation of powers and its relevance, Relationship between Constitutional law and Administrative Law, Classification of functions of Administration.	25%
П	Legislative Functions of Administration &Delegated legislation: Administrative Process or administrative action, Legislative or judicial function, Legislative or executive function, Administrative or quasi-judicial function, Licensing & Public inquires, Administrative authorities and delegation of powers, Judicial control of administrative discretions, Nature, Types, advantage & disadvantages of delegated Legislations, Judicial control & publication of delegated Legislations, Parliamentary control over delegated legislation	25%
ш	Administrative Tribunals &Judicial Control & Ombudsmen: Need for devolution of adjudicatory authority on administration, Nature of tribunals – Constitution, powers, procedures, rules of evidence, Administrative Tribunals, Principles of Natural Justice, Jurisdiction of High Courts and Supreme Courts over administrative Tribunals, Alternative Remedy & Delay, Ex turpicausa non orituractio and uberrimaefidei, Concept of Ombudsmen in India, Appointment, tenure & functions of Lokpal & Lokayukata, Constitutional set up and the office of Lokpal & Lokayukata.	25%
IV	Writs, Liability of Government in torts and Contract & Public Corporations: Writs in particular Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Prohibition, Certiorari, Quo warranto, Contractual Liability of Government, Vicarious Liability of State, Act of State, Suits against Government, Public	25%

	Corporations	ie;	Government	undertaking,	Constitutional	Position,
	Parliamentary	Cont	rol, Instances o	f Public Corpor	ations.	

- 1. C.K. Takwani Lectures on Administrative Law
- 2. I.P. Masse Administrative Law
- 3. Wade Administrative Law
- 4. M.P. Jain & S.N. Jain -Principles of Administrative Law
- 5. S.P. Sathe Administrative Law

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: V Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objectives: Civil Procedure Code is a subject of daily use by the courts and lawyers and a student cannot afford to have scant knowledge of civil procedure when he goes out to practice as a lawyer. True that it is through experience one gets expert knowledge of civil procedure. However, it is necessary to have good grounding in the subject before one enters the profession. While the substantive law determines the rights of parties, procedural law sets down the norms for enforcement. Whenever civil rights of persons are affected by action, judicial decisions will supply the omissions in the law. The Code of Civil Procedure in India has a chequered history and lays down the details of procedure for redressal of civil rights. Many questions may prop up when one goes to indicate one's civil rights. The court where the suit is to be filed, the essential forms and procedure for institution of suit, the documents in support and against, evidence taking and trial, dimensions of an interim order, the peculiar nature of the suits, the complexities of executing a decree and provisions for appeal and revision are all matters which a lawyer for any side is to be familiar with. A delay in filing the suit, besides indicating the negligence of the plaintiff in effectively agitating the matter on time, may place courts in a precarious situation. They may not be in a position to appreciate the evidence correctly. Evidence might have been obliterated. Hence, the statute of limitation fixes a period within which a case has to be filed.

Paper Code: UL05CBLH04	
Title Of Paper: Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act	Total Credit: 4

Unit
Ι

II	Appearence, Attachments, Sale, Suits: Appearance, examination and trial, Appearance, Ex-parte procedure, Summary and attendance of witnesses, Trial, Adjournments, Interim orders: commission, arrest or attachment before judgment, injunction and appointment of receiver and interest and costs, Execution, The concept, General principles, Power for execution of decrees, Procedure for execution (ss. 52-54), Enforcement, arrest and detection (ss. 55.59), Attachment (ss. 60-64), Sale (ss.65-97), Delivery of property,, Stay of execution. Suits in particular cases, By or against government (ss.79-82), By aliens and by or against foreign rulers or ambassadors (ss.83-87A), Public nuisance (ss.91-93), Suits by or against firm, Suits in forma pauperis, Mortgages, interpleader suits, Suits relating to public charities	25%
III	Appeals: Appeals, Appeals from original decree, Appeals from appellate decree, Appeals from orders, General provisions relating to appeal, Appeal to the Supreme Court, Review, reference and revision, Miscellaneous, Transfer of cases, Restitution, Caveat, Inherent powers of courts,	25%
IV	Law of Limitation: Law of Limitation, The concept - the law assists the vigilant and not those who sleep over the rights, Object, Distinction with latches, acquiescence, prescription, v. Extension and suspension of limitation, Sufficient cause for not filing the proceedings, Illness, Mistaken legal advise, Mistaken view of law, Imprisonment, Defective vakalatnama, Legal liabilities, Foreign rule of limitation : contract entered into under a foreign law, Acknowledgement - essential requisites, Continuing tort and continuing breach of contract,	25%

- 1. Mulla, Code of Civil Procedure (1999), Universal, Delhi.
- 2. C.K.Thacker, Code of Civil Procedure (2000), Universal, Delhi.
- 3. M.R..Mallick(ed.), B.B.Mitra on Limitation Act (1998), Eastern, Lucknow
- 4. Majumdar.P.K and Kataria.R.P., Commentary on the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (1998),
- 5. Universal, Delhi.
- 6. Saha.A.N., The Code of Civil Procedure (2000), Universal, Delhi.
- 7. Sarkar's Law of Civil Procedure, Vols.(2000) Universal, Delhi.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: V PRACTICALS II (Prison, Police Station ...) Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: This course is to be taught for the better understanding the judicial systems of the land. The students will be taught in classroom as well as court. The basic activities happening in the Labour Courts & Family Courts will be taught and the students will have to go to court compulsorily and to make a note of the things happening in the courts. The students shall be aware about the Prison as well as Juvenile homes where the prisoners and under trials and the juvenile are kept for the better understanding of the criminal law system in India. The same shall be reduced in writing in the ledger exclusively provided for the same. There will be periodical assessment of the ledger and at the end of the course the Viva will be taken by the external examiner. Practical I will be first step for the law students to understand the basic things happening in the court with emphasis on the stages & the activity happening in the court. This course also shall provide an insight into the justification for statutory provisions of Court activity

Paper	Code: UL05CBLH05	
Title O	f Paper: Practical – II (Prison, Police Station)	Total Credit: 4

Unit	Description in detail	Weighting (%)
I	Visits to various Authorities District Court Visit, Visit to Police Station, Crime- 1 day, Civil- 1 day, Visit to Consumer Courts Anand- 3 days, Visit to Labour Courts Anand - Full days, Visit to Family Courts Anand- 3 Full days, Visit to Prison Ahmadabad -1 Full day, Visit to Juvenile Home Ahmadabad 1 Full day, Ledger writing about all the visits	50%
II	Viva Voice	50%

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: V Marketing Management – I Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objectives: This subject is designed to provide a basic understanding of the subject of marketing management to the students. What marketing management is? How it has evolved during the time? What can be marketed and how it can be marketed? Market segmentation, consumer behaviour and product life cycle with reference to new product development.

Paper Code:UL05CBBH01	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Marketing Management – I	Total Creuits: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
I	Introduction to marketing : Introduction, Importance of marketing, The Scope of marketing - What is marketing?, What is marketed?, Who markets?, Core marketing concepts, Different types of Markets, Marketing concepts, Selling v/s marketing, Marketing mix	25%
	Market Segmentation, Targeting & Positioning: Market segmentation: Introduction, Need for Segmentation, Pros &	
п	Cons of market Segmentation. Introduction, recea for Segmentation, rios & Cons of market Segmentation, Bases for segmentation Target Marketing: Levels of marketing Positioning: Principles of positioning, Positioning errors, Advantages & Disadvantages of positioning	25%
	Consumer Behaviour:	
ш	 Consumer behavior: Introduction, Buying characteristics influencing consumer behavior, Types of buyer behavior, Stages in the buying decision, Adoption Process, The family life cycle concept. Business Markets & Buying Behaviour: Characteristics of Business markets, Factors influencing organizational (Business) buyers. 	25%
IV	 Product life Cycle & New product development: Product life Cycle: Introduction, Stages in PLC, Marketing Strategies New Product Development: Introduction, Different Type of new products, Product Development Process, Marketing plan for product launch. 	25%

- 1. K Karunakaran, 'Marketing Management: Text and Cases in Indian Context', Himalaya Publishing House, 3rd & revised, 2012,
- 2. V S Ramaswamy and S Namakumari, 'Marketing Management: Global Perspective Indian Context', Macmillan, latest edition,
- 3. Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, Abraham Koshy and MithileshwarJha, 'Marketing Management: A south Asian Perspective'. Pearson Education -Prentice Hall, 14th edition, 2012,
- 4. Arun Kumar and N Meenakshi, 'Marketing Management: Comprehensive Text, Best Practices and Corporate Insights', Vikash Publishing House, 1st edition, 2006,
- 5. S A Sherlekar, 'Marketing Management', Himalaya Publishing House, 13th Revised edition, 2005,
- 6. Dr. C.B. Gupta, 'Marketing Management', Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: V Business Environment Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objectives: The objective of this course is to acquaint students with emerging issues in business at national and international level in the light of new economic policies.

Paper Code: UL05CBBH02	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Business Environment	Total Creuits: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
1	An Overview of Business Environment: Type of Environment- Internal, External, Micro and Macro Environment, Competitive Structure of Industries, Environmental Analysis and Strategic Management, Managing Diversity, Scope of Business, Characteristics of Business, Objectives and the Uses of Study, Process and Limitations of Environmental Analysis.	25%
2	Indian Business Environment: Concept, components and importance. Economic Trends : Income; Savings and investment; Industry; Trade and Balance of Payments, Money ; Finance ; Prices. Problems of Growth: Unemployment; Poverty; Regional imbalances; Social injustice; Inflation, Parallel economy; Industrial sickness.	25%
3	Role of Government: Monetary and fiscal policy; Industrial licensing, Privatization; Devaluation; Export-import policy; Regulation of foreign investment; Collaborations in the light of recent changes. Industrial Policy Industrial Policies since Independence, New Industrial Policy and its Effect.	25%
4	International Business Environment: International trading environment; Trends in world trade and the problems of developing countries; Foreign trade and economic growth; International economic groupings; International economic institutions – GATT,WTO, UNCTAD, World Bank, IMF; GSP; GSTP.	25%

- 1. Sundaram& Black, The International Business Environment, Prentice Hall
- 2. P. Chidambaram, Business Environment, Vikas Publishing
- 3. Dutt R and Sundharam KPM, Indian Economy, S. Chand
- 4. Chopra, BK, Business Environment in India, Everest Publishing
- 5. Suresh Bedi, Business Environment, Excel Books.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

Course Type	Subject	Subject	T/P	Credits	Exam	Com	ponent of N	1arks
	Code				Duration	Internal	External	Total
					in hrs.	Total	Total	Total
						Passing	Passing	Passing
						%	%	%
BBA, LL.B.	UL06CBLH01	Criminal Procedure	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
(HONS.)		Code						
INTEGRATED	UL06CBLH02	Labour Law – I	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
5 years	UL06CBLH03	Intellectual	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Property Rights						
	UL06CBLH04	Criminology &	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Penology						
	UL06CBLH05	Practical – III (State	Ρ	4		20/50	20/50	40/100
		Commission, High					VIVA	
		Court)						
	UL06CBBH01	Marketing	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Management – II						
	UL06CBBH02	Financial		4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Institutions and						
		Markets						
				28				280/700

Semester - VI

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LL. B. (Honours) (5 Years) SEMESTER VI Criminal Procedure Code Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: The criminal process involves increasing expenditure of government resources. At the same time it confronts a crisis of intrusion into individual rights in order to protect the common weal. Obviously, criminal procedure has to be just, fair and reasonable to the accused as well as to the victims. Undoubtedly the process is to be carried out in an objective manner. Criminal procedure, thus, makes a balance of conflicting interests. This imposes a duty upon those connected with the working of the criminal process to abide by the law and to exercise discretion conferred on them in the best manner. Code of Criminal Procedure, originally enacted years ago, had undergone many trials and experiments, too enormous to be placed within a class room discussion. However, the students should obtain a fair idea how the code works as the main spring of the criminal justice delivery system and should be exposed to the significant riddles of the procedure.

Paper Code: UL06CBLH01

Title Of Paper: Criminal Procedure Code

Total Credit: 4

Unit	Description in detail	Weighting (%)
Ι	Introduction, Preliminary and Constitution of Criminal Courts and Offices, Powers of Court- Powers of Superior Officers of Police- Aid to the Magistrate and the Police, Arrest of Persons, Processes to Compel Appearance, Warrant of Arrest, Proclamation and attachment, Other rules regarding processes, Process to Compel the Production of Things, Summons to produce.	25%
П	Search Warrant and Summary Trials: Search- warrant, General Provisions relating to searches, Miscellaneous, Reciprocal Arrangements for Assistance in Certain matters and procedure for attachment and forfeiture of property, Security of keeping the peace and for good behavior, Order for maintenance of wives, children and parents Maintenance of Public Order and Tranquility, Public nuisances, Urgent cases of nuisance or apprehended danger, Dispute as to immovable property, Preventive action of the Police, Information to the Police and their powers to investigate, Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials, Condition Requisite for Initiation of Proceedings, Trial of Summons- Cases by Magistrates, Summary Trials.,	25%
III	Plea bargaining and Judgment: Plea Bargaining, Attendance of Persons confined or detained in Prison Evidence in Inquiries and Trials- Mode of taking and recording evidence, Commission for the examination of witnesses, General provisions as to inquiries and trials, Provisions as to accused persons of unsound mind Provision as to offences affecting administration of Justice	25%
IV	Judgement: Submission of Death sentence for confirmation, Suspension, remission and commutation of sentences, 4Provision as to Bail and Bonds,	25%

	Disposal	of	Property,	Irregular	proceedings,	Limitation	for	taking
	cognizanc	e of	certain offe	ences, Misc	ellaneous.			

- 1. Ratanlal Dhirajlal, Criminal Procedure Code (1999) Universal, Delhi.
- 2. Chandrasekharan Pillai ed., Kelkar Lectures on Criminal Procedure (1998) Eastern, Lucknow
- 3. Princip's, Commentaries on the Code of Criminal Procedure, 2 vol.(2000) Universal
- 4. Woodroffe: Commentaries on Code of Criminal Procedure, 2 vol. (2000) Universal.
- 5. Chandrasekharan Pillai (ed.) Kelkar's Outlines of Criminal Procedure (2001), Eastern, Lucknow.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY PROGRAMME: BBA, LL. B. (Honours) (5 Years) SEMESTER VI LABOUR LAW - I Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: In this course, the students are to be acquainted with the Industrial relations framework in our country. Further, the importance of the maintenance of Industrial peace and efforts to reduce the incidence of Strikes and Lockout and Industrial Strike are to be emphasised. The main theme underlying the Programme is to critically examine the provisions in the Trade Unions Act, 1926; the machineries contemplated under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act for the prevention and settlement of Industrial Disputes. Further, the objectives underlying the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 and Disciplinary Enquiry for Misconduct are to be studied with a view to acquaint misconduct and the procedure to be followed before imposing punishment for misconduct alleged and established. Further, the students are to be acquainted with Social Security Frame-work prevailing in our Country. It is necessary to know the concept of social security, its importance and also constitutional basis for the same in India. The importance of ensuring the health, safety and welfare of the workmen and social assistance and social Insurance Schemes under various legislations are to be emphasised. The main theme underlying the Programme is to critically examine the provisions in the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923, the machinery provided for protecting the interests of workers. Further, the objectives underlying the Factories Act, 1948, are to be studied with a view to acquaint the students with various rights and benefits available to the workmen under the legislations.

Paper Code: UL06CBLH02	Total Credit: 4
Title Of Paper: Labour Law – I	Total Creat. 4

Unit	Description in detail	Weighting (%)
I	Trade Unions and Collective Bargaining Trade Unionism in India, Definition of trade union and trade dispute Registration of trade unions, Legal status of registered trade union, Mode of registration, Powers and duties of Registrar, Cancellation and dissolution of trade union, Procedure for change of name, Amalgamation and dissolution of trade union, Disqualifications of office-bearers, Right and duties of office-bearers and members, General and Political funds of trade union, Civil and Criminal Immunities of Registered trade unions, Recognition of trade union Collective bargaining.	
II	Standing Orders Act & Industrial Disputes Act: Concept and nature of standing orders, Certification process, Posting of standing orders, Modification and temporary application of model Standing Orders, Interpretation and enforcement of Standing Orders, Penalties and procedure, Industrial dispute and individual dispute, Definitions, Arena of	25%

	interaction and Participants- Industry, workman and employer, Settlement	
	of industrial dispute, Unfair Labour Practice, Concept of strike & Lock-out	
	Concept of Lay off & Retrenchment, Disciplinary action and domestic	
	enquiry	
	Factories Act:	
	Concept of "factory", "manufacturing process" "worker" and "occupier",	
TTT	General duties of occupier, Measures to be taken in factories for health,	250/
III	safety and welfare of workers, Working hours of adults, Employment of	25%
	young person and children, Hazardous Process, Annual leave with wages,	
	Additional provisions regulating employment of women in factory	
	Payment of Wages Act, Minimum Wages Act and Employees	
	compensation Act: Definition of wage, Object, scope and application of	
	the Act, Fixation of wage period, time of payment of wage, Deductions	
	which may be made from wages, maximum amount of deduction, Concept	
	of minimum wage, fair wage, living wage and need based minimum wage,	
	Constitutional validity of the Minimum wages Act, 1948, Procedure for	
	fixation and revision of minimum wages, Fixation of minimum rates of	
IV	wage by time rate or by piece rate, Definition of dependent, workman,	25%
	partial disablement and total disablement, Employer's liability for	
	compensation, Scope of arising out of and in the course of employment,	
	Doctrine of notional extension, When employer is not liable, Employer's	
	Liability when contract or is engaged, Amount of compensation,	
	Distribution of Compensation, Procedure in proceedings before	
	Commissioner.	

- 1. O.P. Malhotra, Industrial Disputes Act, Vol. I & II
- 2. Indian Law Institute Cases and Materials on Labour Law and Labour Relations

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY PROGRAMME: BBA, LL. B. (Honours) (5 Years) SEMESTER VI INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: The importance of this branch of the law is to be sufficiently realized in the Indian legal education. Compendious courses on the law of copyright, trademarks and patents are offered in few law schools as optional courses, but these do not either integrate the significance of these subject matters under any comprehensive aspect of 'modernization' or 'development' nor do they spread even emphasis between and among the subject areas represented by these three interconnected bodies of the law. The three areas are now internationally conceptualized as representing intellectual property. It is often the case that while the law of patents and trademarks is referred to as industrial property, the law relating to copyright is named intellectual property. While both these terms could be suitably invoked, we here speak of intellectual property as signifying all the three bodies of the law as well as the law on industrial designs. Unlike other forms of property, intellectual property refers to regimes of legal recognition of, primarily, the products of the mind or imagination. The subject matter of property relations is here preeminently based on mental labour. The law relating to intellectual property protects the right to mental labour. The law confers rights of proprietary nature on relative intellectual labour primarily on the basis that it is in the interests of society and state to promote creativeness and inventiveness. Limited monopoly provides incentive for greater inventive and innovative efforts in society. An important aspect of the exploration in this course would be the ways in which the laws strike a fair balance between the interests and rights of the intellectual labourers on the one hand and organized industrial enterprises on the other. Another dimension is a study of the ways in which this regime of laws militates against, or favours, community property in national cultures.

Paper Code: UL06CBLH03

•	Total Credit: 4
Title Of Paper: Intellectual Property Rights	Total Creuit: 4

Unit	Description in detail	Weighting (%)	
I	Introduction Legal concept of Property, Introduction to Intellectual property, International Regimes of Intellectual Property Rights	25%	
II	Copyrights: Law Relating to Copyrights in India, Subject matter of Copyright protection, Copyright law in India, Ownership of Copyright and Rights of the owner, Rights of owners of copyrights, Term of Copyright, Authorities and Institutions under the Copyright Act, Infringement of Copyright, Remedies Against Infringement of Copyright	25%	
III	Patents: Law Relating to Patents in India, Evolution of Patent Law, Salient Features of Patent, Product patenting of Drugs and Pharmaceuticals in India- Impact of TRIPS Agreement, Acquisition of Patent, Rights of Patentee and Others, Transfer of the Patent Rights, Surrender and Revocation of Patents, Infringement of Patents, Exclusive Marketing Rights	25%	

IV	Trademark and Designs: An overview of the Patent Law in India, Law Relating to Trade Marks Service Marks, Certification Marks Collective Marks and Well Known Trade Marks, The Trade Marks Legislation in India, Procedure for Acquisition of Registered Trade Mark, Distinctiveness of Trade Mark, Distinct Marks, Deceptive Similarity, The Register and Conditions for Registration, Rights Conferred by Registration of Trade Mark, Remedies for Infringement of Trade Marks, Subject matter of Trade Marks, Passing – Off Action, Law Relating to Designs in India, Definition of Design, Essentials of Design, Registration of Design, Rights granted to Design Holder, Infringement of Design, Layout- designs of Integrated Circuits, Intellectual Property Rights and Other Emerging Areas, Geographical indications protection, Debate on microorganisms and patentability, Protection of new varieties of plants traditional knowledge-protection under the law.	25%
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- 1. Dr. G.B. Reddy's Intellectual Property Rights and the Law- Gogia Law Agency
- 2. V.K. Ahuja Law relating to Intellectual Property Rights, Lexis Nexis (2013)
- 3. P. Narayan Intellectual Property Law, Eastern Law House
- 4. Angath Arts Pvt.Ltd. V Century Communications Ltd and another AIR 2009 Bom. 26
- 5. B. Kishore Jain V. Navratna Khazana Jewellers 2009 (2) R.A.J. 80 (Mad)
- 6. Chancellor Maslers and Scholars of the University of Oxford V. Narenddia PublishingHouse 2009 (2) R.A. J.210 (Del.)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LL.B.(Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VI CRIMINOLOGY &, PENOLOGY Syllabus with effect from: June – 2014

Objective: On completion of this subject students should have developed skills of analysis, evaluation and synthesis in cost and management accounting and, in the process, created an awareness of current developments and issue in the area. The subject covers the complex modern industrial organizations within which the various facets of decision-making and controlling operations take place; the subject includes discussion of costing systems and activity based costing, activity management, and implementation issues in modern costing system

Paper Code : UL06CBLH04	
Title Of Paper: CRIMINOLOGY & PENOLOGY	Total Credit –4

Unit	Description In Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Definition, Nature and scope of criminology, Schools of Criminology, Classical, Positive, Typological, Socialistic, Sociological, Anthropological and Multiple Factors School, The concept of crime, types and classification, Causes of crime, Social, Economical, Physical, Mental, Geographical, Political causes. Female delinquency, Prostitution, Crime against women, Suicide	25%
Ш	Penology, Definition, Nature and scope of Penology, Characteristics and Schools, Theories of punishment, Kinds of Punishments, Capital Punishment, Prison and Prison Reforms, Classification of Prisoners, Prison Discipline, Police, Investigation, Role of Police, Cognizable and Non- cognizable Offences, Courts, Hierarchy of Criminal Courts, Inquiry and Trials, Role of Judiciary on incubate Crimes.	25%
ш	Victimology, Introduction, History, Philosophy and Concept of Victimology Rights of the Victims, Theories of Victimology, TUN General Assembly Declaration – Justice for Victim and Abuse of Power, Victimology and Compensation Indian Experience, Victimology – European Experience, Victimology – American Experience, World Society of Victimology, Victim and Witness Assistance Programmes, Restitution and Victim Compensation, Role of Courts and National Human Rights Commission.	25%
IV	Juvenile Justice Act and Probation of Offenders Act , Juvenile delinquency, Nature and magnitude of the problem, Causes, Juvenile court system , Treatment and rehabilitation of juveniles , Juveniles and adult crime , Legislative and judicial protection of juvenile offender, Probation, Probation of offenders law , The judicial, attitude , Mechanism of probation : standards of probation services, Problems and prospects of	25%

References:

- 1. Siddique Ahmed, Criminology
- 2. Sethna M J, Society and the Criminal
- 3. Sirohi J P S, Criminology and Criminal Administration
- 4. Paranjape N V, Criminology and Penology
- 5. Mehta Rohinton, Crime and Criminology
- 6. Sutherland E H, and Cressy D R, Principles of Criminology
- 7. Sutherland E H, White Collar Crime
- 8. Reckless W C. The Crime Problem
- 9. Bhudhan Vidya, Prison System in India
- 10. Mulla Committee Report17

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY PROGRAMME: BBA, LL. B. (Honours) (5 Years) SEMESTER VI PRACTICAL III Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objective: This course is to be taught for the better understanding of higher judicial systems of the state. The students will be taught in classroom as well as court. The basic activities happening in the High Court's & State Consumer Forums will be taught and the students will have to go to court compulsorily and to make a note of the things happening in the courts. The same shall be reduced in writing in the ledger exclusively provided for the same. There will be periodical assessment of the ledger and at the end of the course the Viva will be taken by the external examiner. Practical III will be first step for the law students to understand the basic things happening in the High court with emphasis on the stages & the activity happening in the court. This course also shall provide an insight into the justification for statutory provisions of Court activity.

Paper Code: UL06CBLH05

	Total Credit: 4
Title Of Paper: Practical – III (State Commission, High Court)	Total Creuit. 4
The of Laper. I factical – III (State Commission, fingh Court)	

Unit	Description in detail	Weighting (%)		
	Visits to various Authorities			
Ι	Visit to High Court of Gujarat., Visit to State Consumer Forum, Ledger writing about all the visits	50%		
II	Viva Voice	50%		

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VI Marketing Management – II Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objectives: This subject is designed to provide a basic understanding of the subject of marketing management to the students. Subject will throw light on the variables of marketing communication with reference to promotion mix, advertising, sales promotion, publicity, personal selling, direct marketing and the marketing distribution Decision related to it.

Paper Code:UL06CBBH01	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Marketing Management – II	

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
I	Marketing Communication :PromotionMix:Introduction,Component of Promotion Mix, Factors Determining Promotion MixAdvertising:Objective of Advertising, Benefit of advertising, Typesof advertising, Developing Effective Advertising programmesSalesPromotion:Objective & Limitations, Consumer Sales PromotionPublicity:Introduction, Objectives of Publicity	25%
II	Personal Selling & Sales Force Management: Personal Selling: Introduction, Knowledge Needs of successful sales persons, Qualities of a successful sales persons, AIDAS Theory of selling, Personal selling process, Sales Force management: Introduction, Steps in Sales force management	25%
III	Distribution Decisions: Channels of Distribution: Introduction, Importance of channels, Functions of channels, Levels of channel, Selection of channel for consumer & business markets, Retailing: Introduction, Types of retailing, Wholesaling: Introduction, Types of wholesaling	25%
IV	Direct Marketing: Introduction, Benefits of direct marketing, Need for customer database, Types of direct marketing, The four factors framework, Limitations of direct marketing	25%

- 1. K Karunakaran, 'Marketing Management: Text and Cases in Indian Context', Himalaya Publishing House, 3rd & revised, 2012,
- 2. V S Ramaswamy and S Namakumari, 'Marketing Management: Global Perspective Indian Context', Macmillan, latest edition,
- 3. Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, Abraham Koshy and MithileshwarJha, 'Marketing Management: A south Asian Perspective'. Pearson Education -Prentice Hall, 14th edition, 2012,
- 4. Arun Kumar and N Meenakshi, 'Marketing Management: Comprehensive Text, Best Practices and Corporate Insights', Vikash Publishing House, 1st edition, 2006,
- 5. S A Sherlekar, 'Marketing Management', Himalaya Publishing House, 13th Revised edition, 2005,
- 6. Dr. C.B. Gupta, 'Marketing Management', Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY PROGRAMME: BBA, LL. B. (Honours) (5 Years) SEMESTER VI Financial Institutions & Markets Syllabus with effect from: June 2014

Objectives: To acquaint the students with the basic structure of financial institutions and markets and their operations in India. The course also aims at exposing the students to new financial instruments and their implications in the existing regulatory framework.

Paper Code: UL06CBBH02	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Financial Institutions and Markets	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
Ι	Financial System: Introduction, components, structure, features of	25%
	Indian Financial system, deficiencies and recent development	
II	Financial Markets: Concepts, nature, features, functions, structure	25%
	types, role of financial markets in Economics development	
III	Financial Institutions: Major Indian Financial Institution – IDBI, IFCI, ICICI, IRCI, SG's- management working operations and performance and recent development; Investment Bankers: UTI, LIC, GIC and Mutual funds and their role, investment policy performance and recent development.	25%
IV	Non-Banking Financial Institutions: Objectives, Functioning, Regulations, and Recent Development, Thrift and Credit Institutions.	25%

- 1. Verma J.C , A Manual of Merchant Banking, Bharat Publishers
- 2. Khan M.Y, Indian Financial System, Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Meir Khan , Financial Institution and Markets, Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. Bhole L.M, Financial Institution and Markets, Tata McGraw Hil

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

Semester - VII

Course Type	Subject Code	Subject Code Subject T/P Crea			Exam	Component of Marks		
					Duration	Internal	External	Total
					in hrs.	Passing %	Passing %	Passing %
BBA, LL.B.	UL07CBLH01	Labour Law – II	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
(HONS.)	UL07CBLH02	Interpretation of	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
INTEGRATED		Statutes						
5 years	UL07CBLH03	International Law	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH04	Law & Economics (BL) Honl	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH05	Law of Carriage (BL) HonII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH06	Criminal Psychology (CL) HonI	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH07	Prison Administration (CL) HonII	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH08	International Organizations (IL) HonI	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH09	Humanitarian and Refugee Law (IL) HonII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH10	Patent – I (IPR) HonI	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH11	Patent – II IPR) HonII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBLH12	Practical-IV (Mock Trial Criminal)	Р	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL07CBBH01	Human Resource Management	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
				28				280/700

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII LABOUR LAW - II

Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: The students are to be acquainted with Social Security Frame-work prevailing in our Country. It is necessary to know the concept of social security, its importance and also constitutional basis for the same in India. The importance of ensuring the health, safety and welfare of the workmen and social assistance and social Insurance Schemes under various legislations are to be emphasized. The main theme underlying the Programme is to critically examine the provisions in the Employee's State Insurance Act, the machinery provided for providing health benefits, Child labour protecting the interests of workers. Further, the objectives underlying the Maternity Benefit Act, Gratuity Act, Provident Funds Act are to be studied with a view to acquaint the students with various rights and benefits available to the workmen under the legislations.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH01	
Title of Paper : LABOUR LAW - II	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Employees State Insurance Act 1948, Historical Background, Objectives Scope and applicability, ESI Corporation, Standing committee, Medical benefit council, Contributions and benefits. Adjudication of Disputes and claims, Penalties and miscellaneous Provisions	25%
п	Maternity Benefit Act 1961, Historical Background Objectives, Scope and applicability, Employment of, or work by, women prohibited during certain periods, Right to payment of Maternity benefit, Payment of maternity benefit in case of death of women, Payment of medical bonus, Leave for miscarriage, leave with wages for tubectomy operation, Leave for illness arising out of pregnancy, delivery, premature birth of child, medical termination of pregnancy, Dismissal during absence of pregnancy, No deduction of wages in certain cases, Appointment of inspectors, powers and duties of inspectors, Forfeiture of maternity benefit. Protection of action taken in good faith.	25%
ш	Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. Historical Background Objectives, Scope and applicability, Employees Provident Funds Scheme, Contributions, Advances and withdrawals, Entitlement of pension, Benefit package under scheme, Employees Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme, Miscellaneous Provisions.	25%

IV	Payment of Bonus Act and Gratuity Act, Historical Background Objectives, Scope and applicability, Determination of Bonus, Payment of Bonus, Disqualification of Bonus, Calculation of Bonus Seton and set off of allocable surplus, Deductions of certain amounts from Bonus Payable, Time limit for payment of Bonus, Recovery of Bonus, Gratuity :- Historical Background Objectives, Scope and	25%
	applicability, Payment of Gratuity Provisions	

Reference:

- 1. Statutory Material –ESI Act, Maternity Benefit Act, Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952,Payment of Bonus Act and Gratuity Act
- 2. S.C. Srivastava, Industrial Relations and Labour Law, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
- 3. J P Sharma, Labour Laws, Bharat Law House, New Delhi
- 4. O.P. Malhotra, Industrial Disputes Act, Vol. I & II
- 5. Indian Law Institute Cases and Materials on Labour Law and Labour Relations

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII Interpretation of Statutes Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Enacted laws, i.e. Acts and Rules are drafted by legal experts. Language used will leave little or no room for interpretation or construction. But the experience of all those who have to bear and share the task of application of the law has been different. Courts and lawyers are busy in unfolding the meaning of ambiguous words and phrases and resolving inconsistencies. The statute is to be construed according 'to the intent of them that make it.' To ascertain the true meaning, intent of the maker, numerous rules of interpretation were formulated by courts and jurists. The objective of this course is to make the student familiar with various rules of interpretation

Paper Code: UL07CBLH02	
Title of Paper : Interpretation of Statues	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	General-Meaning, Nature and Scope of Interpretation, Statute- Definition and Classification Need and Purpose of Interpretation- General Principles of Interpretation, Rules of Construction under the General Clauses Act, 1897, General /Primary Principles of Interpretation, Intention of Legislature, Statute must be read as a whole-Statute to be workable and effective, Plain Language must be given effect irrespective of consequences. Subsidiary Rules of Interpretation -Rule of Last Antecedent. Non Obstante Clause-Legal Fiction-Mandatory and Directory Provisions. Conjunctive and Disjunctive words Construction of General Words. Noscitur A Sociis, Ejusdem Generis, Words of Rank, Reddendo Singula Singulis. Grammatical Rule of Interpretation — Golden Rule of Interpretation – Rule of Interpretation to avoid mischief.	25%
II	Interpretation of Penal Statutes and Statutes of Taxation, Beneficial Construction, Construction to avoid conflict with other provisions, Doctrine of Harmonious Construction.	25%
ш	External Aids to Interpretation, Statement of objects of legislation, Legislative debates, Identification of purpose sought to be achieved through legislation. Internal Aids to Interpretation. Preamble, title, interpretation clause, marginal notes, explanations etc. Presumptions. Effect of Repeal. Effect of amendments to statutes. Conflict between parent legislation and subordinate legislation. Methods of interpreting substantive and procedural laws.	25%

References:

- Vepa P. Sarathi: Interpretation of Statutes, Eastern Book Co, 4th Edition, 1976.
- Maxwell: Interpretation of Statutes, Butterworths Publications, 1976, 12th Edition.
- Crawford: Interpretation of Statutes, Universal Publishers.
- 4 Chatterjee: Interpretation of Statutes.
- G.P. Singh: Principles of Statutory Interpretation, Wadhwa and Company, 8th Edn., 2001.
 6. Cross, Statutory Interpretation
- Avtarsingh, introduction to the interpretation of statutes, LexisNexis Butterworths Wadhwa Nagpur, third edition.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII International Law

Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: International Law refers to a bundle of principles, orders, provisions those are generally recognized and accepted by all states or nations in order to form a bond or a stable relationship to govern the dealings of nations with each other. To enhance knowledge and understanding this thing and to achieve, maintain peace, basic human Rights and to create awareness about the contemporary approach at the international scenario, has become quite inevitable to have an in depth study on this topic.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH03	Total Cuadita . 4
Title of Paper : International Law	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction, Definition, Nature and basis of International Law, Sources of International Law, History and Development of International Law, Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law	25%
II	State Responsibility, Recognition, State Succession, Intervention, State Jurisdiction, State Territory, Acquisition and Loss of Territory	25%
ш	Air Law, Aircraft Hijack, Piracy, Law of the sea, Outer Space, Nationality, Extradition, Asylum, Treatment of Aliens, Environment and Development.	25%
IV	Diplomatic Agents, Treaties, League of Nations, Permanent Court of Arbitration, Permanent Court of International Justice, International Court of Justice. Origin, Purpose, Principles, Membership etc., of United Nations. The General Assembly, The Security Council, Settlement of International Disputes, Laws of Maritime Warfare, Aerial Warfare, Genocide, Non International Armed Conflicts, Neutrality.	25%

References:

- 1. International Law. By Nutshell, Central Law Agency.
- 2. International Law and Human Rights. By K.C.Joshi, Eastern Book Company.
- 3. International Relations (Third Edition) By PeuGhose, EEE.
- 4. Text Book on international Law. By Martin Dixon.
- 5. International Law. By S.K Kapoor, Allahabad Law Agency.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII

Law and Economics (BL) Hon. – I Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: This subject has relation between law and economics. It is basic objective of the law and economics to make student familiar with the relation between law and economics and economical analysis of law. This course divided in to four units.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH04	Total Cradita . 4
Title of Paper : Law and Economics (BL) Hon. – I	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Economics and law, The problem in studying economics, History of economics. Definition. Economics and law and government laws. Types of theories.	25%
II	Interactional dimension of law and economics, Micro analysis of legal economics, Tort law, Contract law, Regulation – Consumer Protection Act, Tax avoidance and evasion, Criminal law and criminal justice system.	25%
III	Constitutional Law and Economics, The Economic Analysis of Constitutional Law, Relationship between Economics and Constitution. Significance of a Constitution, Frameworks, Dictatorships, Scope, Historical context. Democracies, Scope. Property Rights, Investment. Autonomy of the State, Technological and Societal Changes	25%
IV	Economic analysis of the right to fair compensation and transparency in land acquisition, rehabilitation & resettlement act, 2013 and features. Recognition of the right to rehabilitation and resettlement, Introduction of social impact assessment. Compensation before transfer of possession, Prohibition on change of purpose, redefining affected persons, Concrete definition of public purpose, Recognition of the land for land principle. Right to receive alternate employment, Benefit sharing, Provision for food security. Limited application of the requirement of informed consent. Inadequacies in the social impact assessment, Differential treatment to the report of the expert group. Problems with the calculation of market value. Lack of creativity in defining the mode of awarding compensation. Lack of protection to persons without formal title to land. Constitution and mandate of the national monitoring committee. Economic analysis of specific aspects of the Act. Introduction of social impact assessment. Compensation before transfer of possession. Prohibition on change of purpose. Right to receive alternate employment, Benefit sharing, Explanation of the operation of benefit sharing. The viability issue, The implementation issue.	25%

References:

- Economic Analysis of Law By Dr. Bimal Patel, Lexis Nexis, Butterworth Wadhwa Nagpur
- Legal Economics, K C Gopal Krishnan, Eastern Book Company.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII Law of Carriage (BL) Hon. - II Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Law of carriage is referred to as law of transnational commercial transactions refers to that body of rules and regulations governing private commercial transactions across national frontiers. The main objective of this course is to help understanding the legal framework governing transnational commercial transactions with special reference to law and practice in India. The subject is intended to cover all those sale transactions with international dimensions but excludes private international law aspects. The course is broadly divided into four units.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH05	Total Credite . 4
Title of Paper : Law of Carriage (BL) Hon II	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Carriers as a class of baseless, Public carriers, duties and liabilities, exclusion and limitation of carriers liability.	25%
Π	Carriage by Road and Rail, Functions of Road Receipt and Railway Receipt, Responsibility for cargo, International conventions on carriage by Rail and Road.	25%
III	Carriage by air, safety of passengers, liability for goods, International conventions on carriage by air, Exclusion and limitations of liability	25%
IV	Carriage by sea, Contracts of affreightment liability under charter party, Implied and express terms in charter party contracts, Carriage under Bills of lading and multimodal transport documents, Functions of bill of lading, Liability of carriers, Exempted perils, Trading, Discharge and delivery of cargo, Carriers liens, Suggested readings.	25%

Reference:

- Avtarsingh law of carriage
- Raoul Colinvaux, "Carver's Carriage by sea", Stevens and Sons, London (1982)
- Dr.JusticeT.Kochu Thommen, "Bills of Lading in international Law and Practice", Eastern Book Company, Lucknow
- B.C.Mitra, The Law Relating to Bills of Lading and Charterparties Contract of Affreighment" University Book Agency, Allahabad (1996)
- Charles Debattista, "Sale of Goods Carried by Sea" Butterworths (1990)
- "Scrutton on Charterparties and Bills of Lading" Sweet and Maxwell, London
- William Tetley, "Marine Cargo Claims", Butterworths, Toronto.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years)

Semester: VII

Criminal Psychology (CL) Hon. - I Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Help students to understand the theoretical and applied aspects of Criminal Psychology and Familiarize students with criminal behavioral aspects and legal procedure.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH06	Total Cualita - 4
Title of Paper : Criminal Psychology (CL) Hon I	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Introduction to Criminal Psychology, What is Criminal Psychology? Development of Criminal Psychology	25%
II	Crime and the Public, Attitudes towards Crime, Knowledge of Crime, The Fear of Crime: Cultivation Theory, Availability Heuristic Theory, Cognitive Theory.	25%
	Theories of Crime: Neuropsychology of Offending, Intelligence and	
III	Crime. Psychoanalysis and Crime, Addiction to Crime. Eysenck's Biosocial Theory of Crime, Social Learning Theory The Social	25%
	Construction of Crime.	
IV	Criminal Profiling and Violent Offenders, Defining Criminal Profiling,	25%
11	Criminal Intelligence, The Need for an Intelligence System, Violent	20 /0
	Offenders: Media Influences, Theories of Homicide.	

References:

- Howitt, Dennis, (2002), Forensic and Criminal Psychology, Prentice Hall, An Imprint of Pearson Education, Harlow.
- Ainsworth, P.B., (2002), Psychology and Crime Myths and Reality, Harlow, Longman.
- Holin, C., (2006), Psychology and Crime An Introduction to Criminological Psychology, Routledge, London and New York.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII Prison Administration (CL) Hon.- II Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: to equip the students with the administration of prison and to get acquainted with the arrest procedure. To get a thorough knowledge of the arrest and prison administration. How the arrest is made and how prisoner are kept and how their administration is made by prison officials

Paper Code: UL07CBLH07	Total Credita A
Title of Paper : Prison Administration (CL) Hon II	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Arrest: Introduction, definition, civil and criminal arrest, Constitutional provisions regarding arrest w.r.t to India, USA, Rights of arrested person, Power of arrest- by police officer, police officer without warrant, with warrant, by magistrate. Arrest of particular class of Persons- child, public servant, railway servant, civil prisoners, women, MP MLA judicial officers, Custody and remand- introduction, judicial custody, police custody, custody of under trial prisoners, Habeas corpus and arrest, Absconders and proclaimed offenders- action against absconders offenders, action against proclaimed offenders.	25%
II	Prison administration, Historical review of prison reforms in India, Objective, human rights issues, Definitions, Need for prison, Administration, scope, Rights and duties of prisoners, Prison administrators- hierarchy of officers, Custodial management- Security and Custody, Reserve Guard, Armed Sentry, General Guarding Duties, Guarding Requirements, Custody of Articles Facilitating Escape, Use of Weapons Against Prisoners, Admission of Prisoners, Procedure of Warrant, Examination of Warrant, Procedure when the Legality of a Warrant is Doubted, Checking of Prisoner's Property, Search of Prisoners on Admission, Removal of Articles from Prisoners, Reception Ward, History Ticket, Maintenance of prisoners – FOOD, Requirements of pregnant and nursing women, Distribution and service of food, Clothing, Accommodation and Ventilation, Conservancy	25%
ш	Medical care- Prison Hospitals, Transfer of prisoner - Reasons and Circumstances for Transfer, Home State, Powers of Inspector General, Transfer of sick Prisoners, Prisoners convicted in the same case, Transfer of habitual prisoners, Transfer of adolescent prisoners, Transfer of prisoners convicted by civil courts of competent jurisdiction on reciprocal basis, Transfer of prisoners convicted by court martial overseas or in India on reciprocal basis, Transfer of prisoners prior to release, Transfer of prisoners belonging to other	25%

	States, Precautionary measures, Dispatch of prisoner's property, Documents to accompany prisoners, Execution of sentence, Contacts with the outside the world- Reasonable facilities to be allowed for interviews and letters, Privileges Contingent to Good Conduct, Superintendent's Discretion to Grant Privileges at Shorter Intervals, Education to prisoners, Vocational trainings and work programs- Objectives of Work Programs and Vocational Training, Policy of the Government, Vocational Training, Employment of Prisoners, Prison Industries and Work Programs, Safeguards for Prisoners Engaged in Work.	
IV	Welfare of prisoners- Basic Elements of Welfare Programs, Psychotherapy, Celebration of Festivals, Implementation of Welfare Activities. Under trial prisoners- Classification of Under Trial, Admission, Approvers, Identification for court purposes, Facilities, Food., Under trial prisoners of category I., Handcuffing, Court Premises. High security prisoners- Classification of High Security Prisoners, Facilities, Security, Women prisoners- Classification and Separation, Young prisoner, After care and rehabilitation- Objectives, Process, Functioning of a Welfare Officer, Scope of after-care assistance Family or Marital Adjustments, Legal Aid and Protection.	25%

Reference:

- Prison Manual
- Law related to arrest and bail by M S Adil

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA. LLB (Honours)(5 Years) Semester: VII International organizations (IL) Hon. - I Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: The paper is to enable students of international laws to specialize in the subject by having a detailed study of the structure, purpose and functioning of international organizations.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH08	Total Cradita - 4
Title of Paper : International organizations (IL) Hon I	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Introduction, IPU (Introduction, member and organizations, the IPU and the UN), League of Nations, ILO, (Origin, structure, ILO in India).	25%
Π	Legal Personality, Sources of personality of International Organization, Importance of legal personality (ICJ), The Reparations case (ICJ Report 1949)	25%
III	Relations with States, Members , Non-members , Municipal Law	25%
IV	Intergovernmental organizations, UN, Organization for Economic Co- operation and development(OECD), Organization for Security and Co- operation in Europe(OSCE), Council Of Europe(COE), Central commission for Navigation on Rhine, International Monetary Fund(IMF), World Trade Organization, World Bank, UNESCO, UNICEF	25%

References:

- 1. Bowett's Law of International Institutions (2001)
- 2. A.O. Kruger, WTO as an International Organizations (2000)
- 3. J. Steiner, Textbook on EEC Law (London, 2003)
- 4. T.A. Hartley, European Community Law

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII Humanitarian and Refugee Law (IL) Hon. - II Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: The course covers relevant normative standards in the International Humanitarian Law and Refugee Law, issues of enforcement, role of ICRC and UNHCR and relationship of these branches of law with the International Human Rights Law.knowledge about the challenges, backgrounds, causes and experiences of human migration and their displacement to respond professionally with empathy to asylum seekers, refugees, internally displaced people, migrants and stateless people

Paper Code: UL07CBLH09	Total Cualita - 4
Title of Paper: Humanitarian and Refugee Law (IL) Hon II	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Definition, content and application of International Humanitarian Law, International Humanitarian Law and Human Rights Law, Protection of wounded and sick in Armed Forces in the Field and at Sea, Protection of the Prisoners of War, Protection of Civilian Population	25%
п	Protection of Women and Children, Protection of medical personnel, hospitals, ambulances, etc., and cultural property, Limitations on the means and methods of warfare, Implementation of International Humanitarian Law: Basic Issues, International Criminal Court; International ad hoc Criminal Tribunals.	25%
ш	Historical; Development of law for the protection of refugees; Definition of refugee, regional efforts, (OAU, Cartagena, Manila Principles), Legal framework: Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees 1951 and Protocol of 1967, Rights of refugees including principle of non-refoulement, Assessment in Refugee Status Determination; UNHCR's procedure for the determination of refugee status in India; Loss and denial of refugee status, Asylum	25%
IV	Substantive rights of refugees under 1951 Refugee Convention: Non- discrimination, Right to fair trial, Employment, Housing and property, Education, Freedom of movement, Family reunification United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): appointment, powers and functions with respect to the protection of refugees/IDPs Legal protection of Internally Displaced Persons and Stateless persons Standards of treatment: Women and Children Refugees Durable solutions to refugee problem.	25%

References:

- Prof. B.S. Chimini, International Refugee Law
- V.S. Mani, Handbook of International Humanitarian Law in South Asia
- Ian Brownlie, Basic Document in International Law
- Council of Europe, Human Rights in International Law
- South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre (Author) Human Rights and Humanitarian Law: Developments in Indian and International Law.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII

Patent - I (IPR) Hon. - I Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Patent is an exclusive right granted for an invention. Broadly speaking, it is a monopoly right conferred by the state to an investor to industrially and commercially exploit his invention at the cost of making a complete discloser of the details of his invention. In the Indian context, patent means the grant of some privilege, property or authority made by the Government to one or more individuals.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH10	
Title of Paper: Patent - I (IPR) Hon. – I	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Over view of Intellectual Property. Meaning, Object, Concept, Nature and Classification of Intellectual Property. IPR in India and IPR in Abroad. Concept, meaning, evolution and silent features of Patent Act 1970.Kinds of Patent. (Process patent, Product Patent), Patentee. Patentable inventions and Inventions not Patentable. Originality of Inventions, (i) Novelty, (ii) Non-Obvious, (iii) Usefulness., Application for patent.(i). who can apply for patent?, (ii) Assignee of the true and first inventor, (iii). Form/ filling of Application (At different layers).	25%
II	Specification, (i) Provisional and complete specification, (ii) Drawing model or sample, (iii). Essential requirements of complete specification, (iv) Claims in respect of modification/ Development of invention, Publication and Examination of Application., (i) Hierarchy of officers in patent office, (ii). Publication of Application.,(iii). Examination of Application.(iv). Search for Anticipation. And Amendment of the complete specification.(v). Report of Examiner consideration by controller. (Power of Controller in case of anticipation).Representation or Opposition.(i). Ground of opposition.(ii). Invention not Patentable (Subject to which patents are granted), (iii). Opposition Board.	25%
ш	Incidental matters related to grant of Patent., (i) Anticipation, (ii) Secrecy.(iii) Indian residents to apply outside India. Grants of Patents and Rights of Patentee and co-owner of Patent.(i). Grants of Patents (Form, extent and date of Patent), (ii) patent of Addition.(Meaning, Term, validity of Addition), (iii)Term of Patent.(iv). Rights of Patentee granted before 1970. (v). Rights of Patentee after 1970.Right to assign and license. (i). Right to surrender the patent (ii) Right before Sealing (iii) Apply for license addition. (iv) Right against infringement.(v) Right to be issued copies and certificates	25%
IV	Restoration of Lapsed Patents., Application, procedure, publication and notice of opposition. Limitations.(I) Use of experiment, research and teaching.(ii). Invention for Defense purposes, (iii) Use by Government. (iv) Use in Foreign vessels etc., Surrender and Revocation of Patient.	25%

Reference:

- An Introduction to Patent Law. By: Janice. M. Muller. Publisher: ASPEN.
- Patents and to get one: A practical Hand book. By: U S Dept. of Commerce.
- Patent it yourself. By; David Pressman. Publisher: NOLO

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA., LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII Patent - II (IPR) Hon. - II Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Patent is an exclusive right granted for an invention. Broadly speaking, it is a monopoly right conferred by the state to an investor to industrially and commercially exploit his invention at the cost of making a complete discloser of the details of his invention. In the Indian context, patent means the grant of some privilege, property or authority made by the Government to one or more individuals.

Paper Code: UL07CBLH11	
Title of Paper : Patent - II (IPR) Hon II	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Transfer of Patent Rights, License, Compulsory License, Licenses by Rights, Public use of invention. Assignments. Mortgages. Transmission. Acquisition of invention by Government. Surrender and Revocation of Patents, Surrender. Revocation. (grounds of Revocation)	25%
п	Infringement of Patent and Remedies. Infringement of patent and burden of proof. Defenses in suits of infringement. Act not to be considered as infringement. Relief in suits for infringement. Injunction. Damages. Accounts of profit. Seizure or forfeiture of infringing goods and implements. Functionaries and Establishments. The Controller and his powers. Appeals (Appellate Board), Penalties. Offences by Companies. Patent Agents.	25%
ш	International Arrangements. Convention countries. , Countries not Providing for reciprocity. Multiple priorities. Issues related to compulsory licenses. Infringement of Exclusive Marketing Rights (EMRs).TRIPS and Patent Regime. Strategies for post 2004	25%
IV	Geographical Indications and patenting. Definitions and Rationale of Protecting GI. Historical Background of Law and India, Registration of Geographical Indication. Application for Registration, Advertisement of Application, Opposition to Registration, Ratification and Correction of Register. Offences, Penalties, and Procedure. Infringement, Appeals and Reliefs.	25%

Reference:

- An Introduction to Patent Law. By: Janice. M. Muller. Publisher: ASPEN.
- Patents and to get one: A practical Hand book. By: U S Dept. of Commerce.
- Patent it yourself. By; David Pressman. Publisher: NOLO.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.Com. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII Practical –IV (Mock Trail Criminal) Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: This course is to be taught for the better understanding of Practical Knowledge of filing Private Complaint, Leading Evidence, Bail Application, Cross Examination, and Arguments. The students will be taught in classroom as well as Moot Court Hall. The basic activities happening in the Criminal Courts will be taught and the students shall act as advocates and will learn the court decorum. The Practical works same shall be reduced in writing in the ledger exclusively provided for the same. There will be periodical assessment of the ledger and at the end of the course the Viva will be taken by the external examiner. Practical IV will be further step for the law students to understand the basic things happening in the criminal court with emphasis on the stages & the activity happening in the court. This course also shall provide an insight into the justification for statutory provisions of Court activity

Paper Code: UL08CBLH12	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Practical –IV (Mock Trail Criminal)	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Criminal case on NI Act Preparation of the complaint, Objection to the complaint and Bail Application, Leading Evidence, Cross Examination, Arguments.	50%
Π	VIVA – Voice Exam	50%

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VII Human Resource Management Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objectives: This subject is designed to provide a basic understanding of the subject of Human Resource management to the students. What Human Resource Management is? What is the nature of human resource management? About Recruitment, selection & training. How employees get promotion & transfer and to understand the compensation & performance appraisal system in the organization.

Paper Code: UL07CBBH01	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Human Resource Management	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
1	Human Resource Management:	
	Introduction , Functions of Human Resource, Qualification and	25%
	Qualities of Human Resource Management, Job analysis , Job	
	description, Job specification, Benefits or uses of Job Analysis	
2	Recruitment, Selection and Employee Training	
	Recruitment: Concept, Sources	250/
	Selection: Nature & Importance, procedure	25%
	Employee training: Introduction, Training v/s development, Training	
	technique- on the job & off the job	
3	Promotion, Transfer & Absenteeism:	
	Promotion: Purpose of promotion , Types of promotion, Promotion	
	programme and procedure, Promotion Policy	25%
	Transfer: Purpose of transfer, Transfer policy, Procedure for transfer	
	Demotion : Causes of demotion , Demotion policy	
	Absenteeism : Meaning , Causes of absenteeism	
4	Compensation & Performance Appraisal	
	Compensation : Introduction , Objectives, Terminology, Factors	
	influencing compensation structure	250/
	Wages : Introduction, Methods of wage payment -Time Rate, Piece	25%
	rate and Balance or debt method	
	Performance appraisal : Introduction, Importance, What should be	
	appraised?, Methods of appraising employee performance	

- Personnel management: CB Mamoria and VSP Rao, HPH
- Essentials of HRM & industrial relations, By P. Subha Rao- HPH
- Personnel and HRM: P Subba Rao, HPH
- Human resource and personnel management: K Aswathappa
- HRM: SS Khanka, S.chand

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

<u>Semester – VIII</u>

Course Type	Subject	Subject	T/P	Credits	Exam	Com	ponent of N	Marks
	Code				Duration	Internal	Externa	Total
					in hrs.	Passing	1	Passing %
						%	Passing	
							%	
BBA, LL.B.	UL08CBLH01	Company Law	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
(HONS.)	UL08CBLH02	Human Rights	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
INTEGRATED		Law & Practice						
5 years	UL08CBLH03	Cyber Laws	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL08CBLH04	Banking Law	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		(BL) HonIII						
	UL08CBLH05	Merger &	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Acquisition (BL)						
		Hon-IV						
	UL08CBLH06	Forensic	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Psychology (CL)						
		HonIII						
	UL08CBLH07	Probation &	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Parole (CL)						
		HonIV						
	UL08CBLH08	IMF & World	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Bank (IL) Hon						
		Ш						
	UL08CBLH09	ILO & Labour	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Laws (IL) Hon						
		IV						
	UL08CBLH10	Copyright (IPR)	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		HonIII						
	UL08CBLH11	Trademark (IPR)	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		HonIV						
	UL08CBLH12	Practical-V	Р	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		(Mock Trial						
		Civil)						
	UL08CBBH01	Personnel	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
		Management						
-								
				28				280/700

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII

Company Law

Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Companies play a very vital role in any economy. In our country the companies Act primarily deals among other things with the formation, financing and functioning of a company. Out of this the regulation of financial management aspects constitute the main focal point. In the functioning of corporate sector, the protection of investors and shareholders also takes equally important .So how to deal with all these basic objectives have become quite essential on the part of the learners before their entering into the real corporate world.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH01	Total Cuadita 1
Title of Paper : Company Law	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	The Company as a business medium: nature and forms and types of business enterprise. Concept of corporate personality and nature of corporations. Formation of a company and its types: Memorandum of Association, Article of Association, certification of incorporation, commencement of business. Promoters: Meaning and importance, position duties and liabilities, Doctrine of Ultra-vires, doctrine of Constructive Notice, Doctrine of Indoor Management and Lifting of Corporate Veil.	25%
п	Financial Structure and Membership: The concept of Capital and financing of companies- Sources of companies, Classes or types of shares, Equity with different rights, Issues of shares at par, Premium and discount, Bonus issues. Prospectus: Definition, Abridged prospectus, Statement in lieu of prospectus, Self-prospectus. Debt Capital: Debenture, Stock, Bonds, Conversion and redemption of Debentures.	25%
ш	Management and control of companies: Directors – Appointment and re appointment, Qualification, remuneration, vacation, Retirement, resignation and removal. The powers and duties of Directors, lone to Directors. Managers, company Secretary – Appointment, reappointment, Powers and Duties. Auditors: Appointment, removal, Resignation, rights duties and liabilities of auditors. Power of Central Government to direct special audit. Meetings: Kinds of Meetings and Resolutions, Law, Practice and procedure relating to conveying and proceedings at general and other Meetings.	25%

IV	Investment and Loans: Law relating to investment and granting loans to other bodies and providing securities. Accounts and Audit: Statutory books of balance sheet and profit and loss accounts, disclosure of accounts of subsidiary companies, Director's report, Auditor's report, Corporate Governance. Winding up of Company: Types of winding up, Winding up proceedings, Appointment of liquidator, Powers and duties of official liquidator; Payment of liabilities - preferential payments, Unclaimed dividends, winding up of unregistered company. Emerging issues and concept in Company Law.	25%
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- Company Law. By: Dr. G.K. Kapoor, Taxman.
- Lecturers on Company Law (12th Edition). By: K. S. Anantharaman, LexisNexis.
- Company Law. By: Avtar Singh, Eastern Book Company.
- Business and Corporate Law. By: M.P. Vijoykumar and Upendra Prasad Indu.
- Corporate Law. By: Inderjeet Dagar and Anurag Agnihotri.
- Mercantile Law. By: N. D. Kapoor. S. Chand Publication.
- Company Law. By: Gogan. S.Chand Publication.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Human Rights Laws & Practice Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Human rights deals with education, training and information to build a universal culture. The study of human rights provides not only the knowledge about the basic rights of human being and the mechanisms, but it also develops the skills needed to promote, defend and apply the same in daily life. Therefore, the Learners are required to identify and address those rights to seek solutions consistent with standards. Moreover, those who have the responsibility for respecting, protecting and fulfilling the rights of others, this education provides their capacity to do so. But the things what is learnt and the way in which it is learned should always reflect in the values of human rights, encourage participation and foster a learning environment free from want and fear.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH02	
Title of Paper: Human Rights Laws & Practice.	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Introduction, History, Evolution, Growth.	25%
II	UN Charter and Human Rights, Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Covenants of 1966, Optional Protocols.	25%
ш	Human Rights and the Indian Constitution, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Protection of Human Rights Act 1993, The National Human Rights Commission (NHRC), Establishment, powers and Functions of the ,Human Rights Commission. The Judiciary, NGOs.	25%
IV	Group Rights:Prisoners Women and Human rights – Gender discrimination, harassment of women, The judicial Approaches – The Commission for women Establishment, powers and Functions – The Kerala State Women's Commission Establishment, powers and Functions. Human Rights and the Child – Rights of International Convention of the rights of the Child – Child rights in India The tribal s and the Human rights – Right to Land Development Vis a Vis Tribal displacement The Narmada Andoolan Movement a human rights problem, Indigenous People and Disabled	25%

Reference Books

- 1) UN Charter
- 2) Constitution of India
- 3) Human Rights Act 1993
- 4) Sinha, M.K. Implementation of Non-Derogation Human Rights (Delhi 1999)
- 5) H.O.Agrawala- International Law and HunamRights

Further Readings:

- 1. D.D. Basu Human Rights
- 2. UpenderBaxi Human Rights
- 3. Thomas Buergenthal Human Rights
- 4. Henry Steiner & Philip Alston International Human Rights Law
- 5. B.G. Ramcharan International Human Rights (Oxford,

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII

Cyber Laws

Syllabus with effect from: June – 2015

Objective: The main objective of this course is to make students familiar with the developments that are being taking place in the different areas with the help of Computer Science and Information Technology. To acquaint the students with the national and international legal order relating to cyber laws.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH03	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Cyber Laws	Total Creuits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Fundamentals of Cyber Law- Jurisprudence of Cyber Law- Overview of Computer and Web Technology- Introduction to Indian Cyber Law- Overview of General Laws and Procedures in India; Freedom of Expression on the Internet: Is it a Global Value? The Internet and the Problems of Geography and Sovereignty.	25%
II	E-commerce-Legal issues; Electronic Commerce –Digital Signature- Meaning; Creation of Digital Signature; Understanding how digital signatures work, Role in Information Technology; technical issues; legal issues; Crimes relating to digital signature certificates; Case Study – Digital signature fraud; Electronic Contracts; E-taxation, E-banking, online publishing and online credit card payment.	25%
ш	Cyber Crimes -Meaning of Cyber Crimes –Cyber crimes under IPC, Cr.P.C and Indian Evidence Law – Cyber crimes under the Information Technology Act,2000 – Cyber crimes under International Law - Hacking Child Pornography, Cyber Stalking, Denial of service Attack, Virus Dissemination, Software Piracy, Internet Relay Chat (IRC) Crime, Credit Card Fraud, Net Extortion, Phishing etc - Cyber Terrorism - Violation of Privacy on Internet - Data Protection and Privacy ; Concept of Social Networking – Legal Implications of Social Networking	25%
IV	Intellectual Property Issues and Cyberspace – The Indian Perspective; Overview of Intellectual Property related Legislation-Copyright law & Cyberspace; Trademark law & Cyberspace; Law relating to Semiconductor Layout & Design Information Technology Act, 2000 - Aims and Objects — Overview of the Act – Jurisdiction - Electronic Governance – Legal Recognition of Electronic Records and Electronic Evidence – Digital Signature Certificates – Securing Electronic records and secure digital signatures –Duties of Subscribers - Role of Certifying Authorities – Regulators under the Act -The Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal – Internet Service Providers and their Liability – Powers of Police under the Act – Impact of the Act on other Laws.	25%

- Kamlesh N. & Murali D.Tiwari(Ed), IT and Indian Legal System, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi
- K.L.James, The Internet: A User's Guide (2003), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- Chris Reed, Internet Law-Text and Materials, 2nd Edition, 2005, Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi
- Vakul Sharma, Hand book of Cyber Laws, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi
- S.V.Joga Rao, Computer Contract & IT Laws (in 2 Volumes), 2005 Prolific Law Publications, New Delhi 6. T.Ramappa, Legal Issues in Electronic Commerce, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi
- Indian Law Institute, Legal Dimensions of Cyber Space, New Delhi
- Pankaj Jain & Sangeet Rai Pandey, Copyright and Trademark Laws relating to Computers, Eastern Book Co, New Delhi
- Farouq Ahmed, Cyber Law in India
- S.V.Joga Rao, Law of Cyber Crimes and Information Technology Law, 2007, Wadhwa & Co, Nagpur
- Rodney D. Ryder, Guide to Cyber Laws, 2nd Edit, Wadhwa and Company, Nagpur

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Banking Law (BL) Hon. - III Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: After the 'Narishman Committee Report' there is tremendous growth in the banking sector and the scenario has undergone complete paradigm shift, the present course attempts to examine The historical growth of banking sector in India (against the back drop of the economic development of course); and the way the banking institutions are regulated.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH04	Total Cradita . 4
Title of Paper : Banking Law (BL) Hon. – III	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Banking Regulation Act, 1949,of Bank and Banker, Functions of Banks, Classification of Banks, Relationship between Bank and Customer, Control by government and it agencies, Management of Banking companies, On account and audit, Reconstruction and reorganization of banking companies, Suspension and winding up of business of banking companies, Social control over banking, Banking Ombudsman, Recent Trends in Banking.	25%
п	Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, Incorporation, Capital, Management and Business of Banking Company, Central Banking function of Reserve Bank of India, Collection and furnishing of Credit Information, Control of Reserve Bank of India over Non-banking Institutions and Financial Institutions, Credit Control by Reserve Bank of India, General provisions and penalties.	25%
ш	Law relating to Negotiable Instruments, 1881 Act (Read with the amended Act of 2002), Negotiable Instruments, Kinds- Holder and holder in due course –Parties Negotiation-Assignment –Presentment – Endorsement –Liability of parties –Payment in due course –Special rules of evidence -Material alteration –Noting and protest –Paying banker and collecting banker –Bills in sets –Penal provisions under NI Act -Banker's book evidence Act.	25%
IV	Employment of funds - Loans and Advances- Guarantees- Advances secured by Collateral securities- Agency Services- Financing of Exports- Special Banking Services –Advances to Priority Sectors and Credit Guarantee schemes- Securitization Act, 2002.	25%

- M. S. Parthasarathy (Ed.), Khergamvala Negotiable Instruments Act.
- R.N. Chaudhary, Banking Laws, Central Law Publications, Allahabad.
- Avtar Singh Negotiable Instruments Act.
- Basu Review of Current Banking: Theory and Practice.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Merger and Acquisition (BL) Hon. - IV Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: This course covers the broad field of mergers, acquisitions, and divestitures. The primary objective of the course is for each student to gain a well-rounded understanding of the major strategic, economic, financial, and governance issues of mergers and acquisitions.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH05	Total Credite . 4
Title of Paper : Merger and Acquisition (BL) Hon IV	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction , Definition, Concept of Merger, Demerger, Amalgamation and Acquisition, Distinction between mergers and acquisition, Types of mergers, Motives behind merger, Internal and External Change forces contributing to M & A activities, Advantages and disadvantages of Mergers, Theories of Merger	25%
п	Valuation Matters, Valuation Approaches, Comparative ratio, Premergerandpostmergerstockprice, CorporateRestructuring, DifferentMethodsMethodsofRestructuring, Divestitures, EquityCarve-outs, SpinStock, Sell-off, LeveragedBuy-outs, ManagementBuy-outs, Stock ownershipPlans	25%
ш	Procedure of Merger , Dynamics of M& A Process, Five Stage Module, Legal and Regulatory Framework of Merger and Acquisitions , Provisions of Company's Act, 1956, Income Tax Act, 1961, SEBI Take-Over Code, Provisions of Competition Act.	25%
IV	Landmark Judicial Decision	25%

- 1. Fred Weston- Mergers, Restructuring and Corporate Control, Pearson Education, 4th Edn
- 2. Mergers, Acquisitions and Business Valuation- Rabindhar Vada palli- Excel Boook-1st Edn 2007
- 3. Mergers, Acquisitions and Corporate Restructuring- Chandrasherkhar Krishnamurthy and Vishwanath S.R. Sage Publication
- 4. P. Mohan Rao, Mergers and Acquisitions- Deep and Deep Publication
- 5. Mergers and Acquisitions-Machi Raju, New Age Publishers

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Forensic Psychology (CL) Hon.- III Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Familiarize students with the applied field of forensic psychology and its role in legal and court room procedure.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH06	Total Cuadita : 4
Title of Paper : Forensic Psychology (CL) Hon III	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
Ι	Introduction to Forensic Psychology, Nature, definition, scope, History of Forensic Psychology. Forensic psychology in India, Ethical & legal issues in forensic practice.	25%
II	Forensic Investigations, Case studies and case investigation, Polygraph testing, Eye witness testimony, Psychological tests, types and characteristics, Tests used in forensic psychology- Intelligence, Personality and Interpersonal relationship.	25%
III	Victimization, What is Victimization? Impact of crimes on victims Factors affecting for victimization, Coping with victimization.	25%
IV	Rehabilitation of Juvenile Delinquents and Victims,Define Juvenile Delinquent Causes of Juvenile delinquency, Rehabilitation, Effective intervention for serious juvenile offenders. Understanding the psychological needs of victims & their families. Rehabilitation of women and families.	25%

- Thou Teisi (2011). Forensic Psychology. ABD Publishers, Jaipur-302018
- Bachhav, Aun M. (2012). Criminal Psychology. Chandralok Prakashan, Kanpur -208021
- Howitt, Dennis, (2002), Forensic and Criminal Psychology, Prentice Hall, An Imprint of Pearson Education, Harlow.
- Ainsworth, P.B., (2002), Psychology and Crime Myths and Reality, Harlow, Longman
- Bharati, A. (2012). Studies on Criminological Psychology. G.S. Rawat for Ceber TechPublications. New Delhi- 110 002
- Cohen, R.J., Swerdlik, M.E. (2005). Psychological testing and assessment (6th ed.). Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Probation and Parole (CL) Hon.- IV Syllabus with effect from: June – 2015

Objective: Objectives: To equip the students with the procedure and rules of probation of offenders act and of bail and parole. To have a thorough knowledge of on the subject of bail, parole and probation of offenders. How bail is given and when not, how parole is given. How probation is provided and what are the scope and nature of probation officer.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH07	Total Cradita . 4
Title of Paper : Probation and Parole (CL) Hon IV	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction to PO: Derivation, Concept,Definitions as per PO act 1958 History of PO in UK USA,History in India,Computation of sentence Legislative history of PO: historical perspective of probation in India, history of probation law in India, objective of PO Act 1958, other enactments,Courts and probation,Role of the probation officer,Dos and don'ts for probationer officer,Role of police	25%
п	How to recommend for probation, Probation as a treatment, Probation and community,Place of probation in penal policy: from the point of view of the delinquent, from the stand –point of society, from the point of view of probation officer. PO Act 1958 full text and Gujarat probation of offenders rules 1973,Classification of offenders Functions of PO: thorough understanding, Investigation and surveillance, Use of professional control to modify offender's behavior, Acting as a legal authority in delinquent's life with responsibility for value change, Decision making.	25%
ш	Bail: Historical background, procedure established by law, arrest, bail What is bail? Right to bail, definition, bail reforms, Authorities which may grant bail, Bail and bailable offence, Bail in non bailable offence Conditions of bail, Forfeiture of bond and cancellation of bail.	25%
IV	Parole: Concept and philosophy behind parole, Theoretical foundation behind parole, Parole in India, Parole distinguished from pardon, Legal provisions under prisoners act 1900, Release on probation, Release of unsound person under Cr. P C, prisoner's act 1900, Refusal of parole Human rights vs Social security	25%

- Criminology and Penology by Prof. N V Paranjape
- Probation of offenders act by B. D. Khatri
- Law related to Arrest and Bail By M. S. Adi

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII IMF & World Bank (IL) Hon.- III Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Objects, This course starts with the creation of IMF and World Bank with their goals to establish a framework for economic cooperation and development, which would lead to a more stable and prosperous global economy. Apart from this the syllabus also deals with different financial institutions under UNO and their collaboration at different levels to assist member countries to work together on several initiatives.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH08	Total Cradits . 4
Title of Paper : IMF & World Bank (IL) Hon III	- Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Introduction the IMF And The World Bank: The Need For Accountability, The evolving role of the World Bank and the IMF, The World Bank, The IMF, The use of conditionality as a coercive expression of power, Criticisms directed against policy prescriptions Criticisms directed against the manner of operation of the World Bank and the IMF, Criticisms directed against the nature and extent of power of the World Bank and the IMF	25%
п	Institutional Accountability Of The World Bank And The IMF self- Regulation,World Bank Operational Policies and Directives IMF: Art. 4 Consultations with Member States,Quasi-independent accountability mechanisms ,The World Bank Inspection Panel,The IMF Independent Evaluation Office	25%
ш	Non-Institutional Accountability Of The World Bank And The IMF Legal Personality of the World Bank and the IMF ,Principles for determining international legal personality of international organizations,International legal personality of the World Bank ,International legal personality of the IMF ,Municipal legal accountability of the World Bank and the IMF,The Principle of Functional Immunity of International Organizations ,Functional Immunities of the World Bank and the IMF ,Evaluating Mechanisms for Enhanced Municipal Accountability of the World Bank and the IMF ,International legal accountability of the World Bank and the IMF ,International legal accountability of the World Bank and the IMF ,International legal accountability of the World Bank and the IMF? Existing arguments establishing international human rights accountability of the World Bank and the IMF	25%

IV	The Horizontality Thesis, Human Rights as Protection Against Power,Mapping the Horizontality Debate ,Vertical Application of Rights,The Horizontality Thesis,Degrees of Horizontal Application, Defence of the Horizontality Thesis ,Horizontal Application of Rights in Liberal Democratic Constitutional Orders . Direct Horizontal Application,Direct and Indirect Horizontal Application,India,South Africa ,Germany,ndirect Horizontal Application : United Kingdom,Horizontal Application Of Human Rights Against The World Bank And The IMF,The Right to Self Determination,Civil and Political Rights ,Economic and Social Rights.	25%
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- 1. Unholy Trinity: The IMF, World Bank and WTO by Richard Peet (Author)
- 2. The Globalizers: The IMF, the World Bank, and Their Borrowers by Ngaire Woods (Author)
- 3. Debt, the IMF, and the World Bank: Sixty Questions, Sixty Answers Paperback: by Eric Toussaint (Author), Damien Millet (Author)Tower of Basel:
- 4. The Shadowy History of the Secret Bank that Runs the World Paperback by Adam LeBor (Author)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII ILO and Labour Laws (IL) Hon.- IV Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Objectives: The course has been designed to give students detail information about various labour laws governing industry and other organization which would help them in future prospects to get jobs in different avenues.

Total Credits : 4

Paper Code: UL08CBLH09

Title of Paper : ILO and Labour Laws (IL) Hon.- IV

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	International Labour organization, History and Importance of ILO, Structure of ILO, Importance of ILO in Indian Context, Decent Work Agenda.	25%
п	International Labour Organisation : Genesis, development and dimensions, aims and objectives, Organs of the International Labour Organisation, The International Labour Conference , The governing Body , The International Labour Office , The Regional Conferences and Industrial Committes, their composition, functions, etc.	25%
ш	The I.L.O Legislative Procedure, Conventions, Recommendation, The I.L.O. Standard and Indian ratification, I.L.O. Conventions and Indian Labour Legislation with special reference to Labour welfare Social Security, Human Rights and Social Justice, , child labour .L.O. and Appraisal with special reference to U S.	25%
IV	Programmes, Labour Law and Public Interest Litigation, Legal services programmed, Environmental pollution and Human Rights Justice through Labour Laws.	25%

- Dhyani, S.N. : I.L.O. and India in pursuit of social Justice I.L.O. : International Labour Codes, Vol. I & II
- Indian Labour Bureau Publication : Year Books, Government Constitution of India : Relevant portions Johnstan, G.A.
- The I.L.O. Mahesh Chandra : Industrial Jurisprudence N. Vaid Nathan :
- International Labour Standards Sharma, N.D. : I.L.O. (in Hindi) Samant, S.R., Industrial Jurisprudence The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII

Copy Right (IPR) Hon.- III Syllabus with effect from: June – 2015

Objective: Copyright is a legal term used to describe the rights that creators have over their works which range from literary, music, painting, sculpture, film, cinematography, computer programme, sound recording, database, maps, technical drawings and others artistic works. In fact it is a bundle of rights irrespective of their value or purpose.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH10	
Title of Paper : Copy Right (IPR) Hon III	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Meaning, Concept and Nature of copyright. Origin, Historical evolution, object and Development of Copyright. Subject matter of Copyright. Copyright and Constitution. Original Literary works. Original computer programs. Original Artistic works. Original Dramatic works. Original Musical works.Works in which Copyright does not subsists.	25%
п	Ownership and Assignment of Copyrights. Author's moral right and joint authorship. Ownership of Copyright in Lectures, Address etc. Ownership in Artistic works. Ownership in Computer programs(Digital Technologies).Ownership in Sound recording. Ownership in Cinematograph Films. Ownership in Government Works. Ownership in work of public undertaking. Ownership in the work of International Organization.Assignment of Copyright and Licenses. Work made by employees generally. Contract of Service "and "Contract for Services".	25%
ш	Role of Copyright institutions under Copyright. Authorities and Institutions. Copyright Board. B. Copyright Societies. Direct Copying, Indirect Copying. C. Subconscious copying. Fair Use and Misuse. Digital Millennium Copyright Act.	25%
IV	Infringement of Copyrights and Neighboring Rights.Notion of infringement of Copyright. Criteria of Infringement of Copyright/Test of Infringement of Copyright. Infringement of Copyright in Films, Literary and Dramatic works with Exemptions, Defenses. Copyright infringement distinguished from plagiarism. Remedies for infringement of Copyright. (Injunction, Damages, Offences, Appeals.)The International Copyright. Extension of Copyright to foreign works and Restrictions.	25%

- 1. Patent, Copyright and Trademark: An Intellectual Property Desk Reference. By: Richard Stim. Publisher: NOLO.
- 2. Law of Copyright and Neighboring Rights. By: V.K. Ahuja. Publisher: LexisNexis.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Trade Mark (IPR) Hon.- IV Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: Trademarks are the alliance of Law and Marking. Trade Marks are earned and not born. It protects consumers from misled and ensures free competition by protecting the goodwill of the entity that owns the mark. It is a sign capable of distinguishing the goods or services of one enterprise from those other enterprises. It helps to assure a producer that it will reap the financial, reputation related rewards associated with a desirable product.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH11		Total Credits	: 4
Title of Paper : Trade Mark (IPR) Hon. – IV Four Creaks			
Unit	Description in Detail		Weightage (%)
I	Meaning and Definition of Trade Mark. Historical ba Trade Mark Law in India. Features, Objectives, functi rationale of Trade Mark Act 1999.Different types of Service Mark, Collective Mark, Trade Mark and Goodwill, and Property Mark, Certification Marks, Non- tradit Modern Mark. Legal fundamentals of trade-secrets protection.	ons and the Trade Mark. , Trade Mark	25%
п	Acquisition of Trade Mark. Who can apply for Registration? Office where Application to be filed. Steps of registration of Trade Mark. Acceptance/ Refusal of application. Withdrawal of Acceptance. Advertisement of Application. Opposition to Registration. Submission of Evidences and Registration. Factors of refusal to be considered for Registration. Renewal and Restoration of Registration. Assignment and Transmission.		25%
ш	Distinct Marks and Deceptive Similarities.Distinct Marks. Illustration of marks allowed/ not allowed for Registration. Protection to well- known Trade Mark. Special provisions for Textile goods. Prohibition of Registration of names of chemical elements or international non- propriety names. Deceptive Similarities. Deceptive Similarity for Medical products. Deceptive Similarity in domain Names. Similarity of goods or services. Onus of proof with Decided Cases.		25%
IV	Infringement and Passing off. Right Conferred by Registr for Passing off .Offences, Penalties, Procedure and Ren Advertisement. Confusion – Based on Trade Mark Geographic Limits on Trade Mark Rights.	nedies. False	25%

- Trademark: Legal care for your Business and Product Name .By: Stephen Elias. Publisher: NOLO.
- Law relating to Intellectual property Rights. By: V.K. Ahuja. Publisher ; LexisNexis.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Practical –V (Mock Trail Civil) Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objective: This course is to be taught for the better understanding of Practical Knowledge of filing Private Complaint, Leading Evidence, Bail Application, Cross Examination, and Arguments. The students will be taught in classroom as well as Moot Court Hall. The basic activities happening in the Criminal Courts will be taught and the students shall act as advocates and will learn the court decorum. The Practical works same shall be reduced in writing in the ledger exclusively provided for the same. There will be periodical assessment of the ledger and at the end of the course the Viva will be taken by the external examiner. Practical IV will be further step for the law students to understand the basic things happening in the criminal court with emphasis on the stages & the activity happening in the court. This course also shall provide an insight into the justification for statutory provisions of Court activity.

Paper Code: UL08CBLH12	Total Cradita e 4
Title of Paper : Practical –V (Mock Trail Civil)	Total Credits : 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weightage (%)
I	Civil case Preparation of the complaint, Objection to the complaint and Bail Application, Leading Evidence, Cross Examination, Arguments.	50%
II	VIVA – Voice exam	50%

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme & Subject: B.B.A. LLB (Honours) (5 Years) Semester: VIII Personnel Management Syllabus with effect from: June 2015

Objectives: This subject is designed to provide a basic understanding of the subject of personnel management to the students. What personnel management is? What can be done in personnel management, how it can be helpful for employee grievances and discipline, Different contemporary issues in HRM and international HRM?

Paper Code: UL08CBBH01	Total Credits : 4
Title of Paper : Personnel Management	Total Creuits: 4

Unit	Description in Detail	Weighting (%)
1	Personnel Management : Nature of personnel management, Managing people is an important job, Why managing people are not easy?, Definition, Features, Objectives, Pre requisites for the achievement of the objectives, Classification of functions - Managerial functions & Operative functions - Development functions, Compensating functions, Maintenance functions, Integrating functions, Responsibility of personnel specialist	25%
2	Employee grievances and discipline : Grievances: Introduction, Causes of grievance, Need for a grievance procedure, Understanding employee grievances, Grievance procedure steps in unionized organizations, Dos and Don'ts in handling grievances Discipline: Introduction, Importance, Types of discipline, Indiscipline and misconduct: causes, Principal causes of indiscipline, Procedure for disciplinary action	25%
3	Contemporary issues in HRM: Sexual Harassment : An overview, Categories of sexual harassment, Factors affecting sexual harassment, Reactions of victims to sexual harassment, Measuring sexual harassment Career planning and management : Career stages, Career planning, Career planning process, Effective career planning Work life Balance	25%
4	International HRM: The global challenges, What is international HRM, Need for cultural training, International compensation and performance appraisal, International labour- management relations	25%

Reference Books:

- Personnel management: CB Mamoria and VSP Rao, HPH
- Essentials of HRM & industrial relations, By P. Subha Rao- HPH
- Personnel and HRM: P Subba Rao, HPH
- Human resource and personnel management: K Aswathappa
- HRM: SS Khanka, S.chand

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B.(HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

Course Type	Subject Code	Subject			Com	ponent of M		
					Duration	Internal	Internal	Internal
					in hrs.	Passing %	Passing %	Passing %
BBA, LL.B. (HONS.)	UL09CBLH01	Environmental Law	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
INTEGRATED 5 years	UL09CBLH02	Alternate Dispute Resolution	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH03	Research Methodology	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH04	Indirect Tax (BL) Hon V	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH05	Competition Law (BL) Hon. VI	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH06	Crimes against Women (CL) HonV	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH07	Criminal Sociology (CL) Hon VI	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH08	International Court Of Justice (IL) Hon V	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH09	Maritime Law (IL) Hon VI	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH10	Design Law (IPR) Hon V	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH11	Trade – Related IPR and International Treaties (IPR) Hon. – VI	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL09CBLH12	Practical-VI Internship & Moot Court	Р	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
				24				240/600

<u>Semester - IX</u>

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Environmental Law Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: Now a day's environmental problem have attained alarming proportions. It is essential to sensitize the students to the environmental issues and the laws. The important principles in the field like inter- generation equity, carrying capacity, sustainable development and precautionary principle & polluter pays the principle is to be appreciated. The law in practice is to be analyzed and evaluated. The course is designed towards these objectives.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH01	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Environmental Law	

Unit	Description	Weight age
		(%)
I	Introduction: Meaning & Definitions of Environment, Concept of Atmosphere, Weather and Climate, Kinds/ Types of Environment, Factors or Components of Environment, Types & Causes of Environmental Pollution, Global Warming, Meaning, Causes and effects of Global Warming, Meaning, Nature, Scope and Sources of Environmental Law, Environmental Pollution and its Causes	25%
II	Constitutional Provisions or Mandates Relating to Environmental Pollution, Directive Principles or Constitutional Provisions Relating to Environmental Pollution, Fundamental Duties Relating to Environmental Protection, Role of Judiciary for Protecting Environment or in the Evaluation of Environmental Jurisprudent or Judicial Activism for the Protection of Environment, Doctrines of International Law relating to Natural Resources [Sustainable Development, Doctrine of Conquest, Doctrine of Discovery, Doctrine of Occupation, Doctrine of Adverse Possession, Doctrine of Treaty or Bilateral Contracts (Doctrine of Cession),Doctrine of Sovergnity and Eminent Domain, Doctrine of Distributive Justice in relation to the Utilization of Natural Resources]	25%
III	Enactments Relating to Environmental Issues, Law Relating to Forests, Law Relating to Wildlife and Endangered Species, Law Relating to Biological Diversity, Law Relating to Marine Life and Coastal Ecosystems, Prevention of Cruelty Towards Animals, Law Relating to Environment Protect on (The Environment Protection Act, 1986)International Environmental Law	25%

 International Environmental Law, Declaration of United Nations Conference on the Human Environment, 1972 Or Stockholm Declaration on Human Environment, 1972, International Convention for the Protection of Birds, 1950, Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, 1992 Or The United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), 1992 (The Earth Summit, 1992), Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, 1997, Johannesburg Convention, 2002 (World Summit of Sustainable Development, 2002)

References:

- Aaramin Rosencranz, et al., (eds.), Environmental law and Policy in India, 2000.
- R.B. Singh & Suresh Misra, Environmental Law in India (1996), Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi
- Kailash Thakur, Environmental Protection Law and Policy in India (1997), Deep & Deep Publication, New Delhi
- Richard L. Riversz, ET. al. (eds.) Environmental Law, the Economy and Sustainable Development (2000), Cambridge
- Christopher D. Stone, Should Trees Have Standing and other Essays on Law, Morals and the Environment (1996), (Oceana)
- Leelakrishnan, P,et. Al. (eds.) Law & Environment (1990), Eastern Lucknow
- Leelakrishnan, P, The Environmental Law in India (1999), Butterworth's India
- Recommending Legislative Measures and Administrative Machinery for Ensuring Environmental Protection (1980) (Tiwari Committee Report)
- C.M. Jariwala, Environment & Justice, A.P.H Publishing Corporation, New Delhi
- Dr. R.G. Chaturvedi, Ancient Law of Environment, Universal Law Publishing Company, New Delhi

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Alternate Dispute Resolution Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: Trade and Commerce, either Domestic or Foreign are generally susceptible to litigation or dispute. Resolution of dispute is an essential element of prosperity of trade and commerce. Litigation in judicial dispute resolution has become so time consuming and expensive and both parties are incurring losses and getting inconvenience. This necessitated searching for the Alternative Dispute Resolution and results in finding arbitration and conciliation.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH02	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Alternate Dispute Resolution	

Units	Description	Weight
		age (%)
	Judicial Dispute Resolution and Alternative Dispute Resolution:	
	Judicial Dispute Resolution (Justice Delivery System) Meaning and	
	Characteristics of Judicial Dispute Resolution, Operating Principles of	
	Judicial Dispute Resolution, Advantages and disadvantages of judicial	
	dispute resolution, Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR), Alternate to	
	Formal Adjudication, Meaning and techniques of Alternative Dispute	
	Resolution, Procedure or Techniques of ADR Negotiation or assisted	
	negotiation, Mediation, Conciliation, Partnering, Evaluation, Dispute	
	Review Board (Dispute Adjudication Board), Claims Appeals	
	Committee, Facilitation, Arbitration, Fast Track Arbitration or Speed up	
	Arbitration, Highbred Alternative Dispute Resolutions, Unilateral,	
I	Bilateral and Triadic (Third Party)Intervention, Advantages of Alternative	
_	Dispute Resolution, Limitations of Alternative Dispute Resolution,	
	Distinction Between Arbitration, Conciliation and Negotiation	25%

	The Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996, International Background	
	of Arbitration and the Work of UNCITRAL, Importance of International	
	Commercial Arbitration, Efforts of the United Nations Commission on	
	International Trade Law (UNCITRAL), UNCITRAL, Model Law on	
	International Commercial Arbitration, The Need of Model Law on	
	International Commercial Arbitration, Adoption of the Model Law on	
	International Commercial Arbitration of UNCITRAL, Adoption of the	
	Model Law on International Commercial Arbitration of UNCITRAL,	
	Salient Features of the Model Law on International Commercial	
II	Arbitration. Historical Background and Development of the Law of	25%
	Arbitration and Conciliation in India: Under the Rule of East India	
	Company, Under the Rule of British India, In Independent India,	
	Recommendations of the Law Commission of India for updating the	
	Arbitration Act, 1940 in its 76 Report in November 1978, Objects and	
	Reasons for the Enactment of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996,	
	Salient Features of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996.	
	Definitions and General Provisions of the Arbitration and conciliation	
	Act, 1996: Definition of Arbitration, Kinds of Arbitration- Domestic	
	Arbitration, International Arbitration, Foreign Arbitration, Definition of	
	Arbitrator, Arbitration Agreement, Arbitral Award, Arbitral Tribunal,	
	Court, Judicial Authority, Legal Representative, Party Arbitrary	
	Agreement, Form of Arbitration Agreement, Attributes of Arbitration	
	Agreement, Power to Refer Parties to Arbitration, Where there is	
	Arbitration Agreement, Parties in Pending Legal Proceeding May Agree	
	to Seek Arbitration, Interim measures etc. by court. Composition,	
	Powers, Duties and Responsibilities of Arbitral Tribunal: Composition	
	of Arbitral tribunal, Appointment of Arbitrators, Powers of Arbitrators or	
	Arbitral Tribunal, Duties and Responsibilities of Arbitrators or Arbitral	
	Tribunal, Challenge to Arbitration, Grounds for Challenge to an	
	Arbitrator, Challenge Procedure of Appointment of Arbitrator,	
	Termination of Mandate of an Arbitrator, Termination of Mandate and	
	Substitution of Arbitrator.	
	Proceedings in Arbitral Tribunal and Enforcement of Awards:	
	Jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunals, Competence of arbitral tribunal to rule	
	on its jurisdiction, Interim directions by arbitral tribunal and other powers,	
	Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings: Equal Treatment of Parties,	
	Determination of Rules of Procedure, Place of Arbitration,	
	Commencement of Arbitral Proceeding, Language, Statement of	
	Claim and Defense, Hearing and Written Proceeding, Power of Arbitral	
	Tribunal to Enforce its Orders Passed Under Section 17, 23 and 24,	
	Powers of Court for Enforcement of the Peremptory Orders of the Arbitral	
	Tribunal, Default of Party , Making of Arbitral Award and	
	Termination of Proceeding: Rules Applicable to Substance of Dispute,	
III	Decision Making by Panel of Arbitrators, Speeding up of Proceeding and	25%
	Time Limit for Making Awards, Settlement, Form and Content of Arbitral	
	Award, Recourse against Arbitral Award Finality and Enforcement of	
	Arbitral Award, Application for Setting Aside Arbitral Award, Additional	
	Grounds of Challenge in Case of Certain Awards, Finality of arbitral	
	award, Stay of operation of award or its enforcement Appeals and Fast	
	track arbitration, Resolution of dispute through fast track arbitration,	
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	Other provisions of the Act to apply subject to modifications, Proper courts for filing subsequent application, High court for purposes of this chapter, Procedure for Fast Track Arbitration. Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards, New York Convention Awards, Geneva Convention Awards: Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards in India before the Enactment of Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996, Enforcement of Foreign Award under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996, Definition of Foreign Award, Power of Judicial Authority to Refer Parties to Arbitration, When Foreign Award Binding, Evidence, Conditions for Enforcement of Foreign Awards or Refusal of Enforcement of Foreign Awards.	
IV	Gramsabha and Lokpal – Lokayukta, Role of GramSabha as an Alternative Resolution, Role of Panchayat as an Alternative Dispute Resolution, Ombudsman, Lokpal :The Watch Dog Against Corruption, LokaYukta. Lokadalats , Organization of Lok Adalats (Section 19), Cognizance of cases by Lok Adalats (Section 20), Award of Lok Adalats (Section 21), Power of Lok Adalat or Permanent Lok Adalat, Permanent Lok Adalats for Pre-Litigation Conciliation and settlement, Cognizance of Cases by Permanent Lok Adalats, Procedure of Permanent Lok Adalat, Miscellaneous Provisions, Lok Adalats in Andhra Pradesh, Procedure for organizing Lok Adalat (Regulation 29-31) Conciliation , The Uncitral Conciliation Rules Application of the Rules, Commencement of Conciliation Proceedings, Number of Conciliators, Appointment of conciliators, Representation and Assistance.	25%

Reference Books

- Dr. S R Myneni Arbitration Conciliation and Alternative Dispute Resolution System
- Avatar Singh : Arbitration and ConciliationAct, 1996
- Bachawat J : Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
- Upendra Baxi : Crisis of the Indian Legal System, (1982)
- H.S. Patil : The Law of Arbitration and Conciliation
- S.D. Singh : The Law of Arbitration
- P.C. Rao & William Sheffield, Alternative Dispute Resolution What it is and How it Works? (1997) Universal Delhi
- G.K. Kwatra, The Arbitration and Conciliation Law of India (2000), Universal Delhi
- Basu N.D., Law of Arbitration and Conciliation
- Krishnamurthy's : Law of Arbitration and Conciliation

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Research Methodology Syllabus with effect from: June 2016

Objective: The main objective of this course is to give comprehensive idea of research methodology in legal education and to acquaint the student of law with scientific method of social science research. This course is expected to provide the minimum knowledge of the technique of selection, collection & interpretation of primary and secondary data in socio legal research. Emphasis will be on practical aspects like writing research papers & attending seminars and workshops on research methodology.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH03	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Research Methodology	-

Unit	Description	Weightage (%)
I	Objectives of Legal Education, Teaching Methods in Law, Lecture Method, its Utility, Merits & Demerits, Discussion Method of teaching, Seminar Method of Teaching, Case Study Method of Teaching, Problem Solving Method, Clinical Legal Education, Legal Aid, Legal Literacy.	25%
II	What is Research?, Definition of Research, Characteristics of Research, Objectives of research or components of research, Research methodology, Legal Research, Characteristics of Legal Research, Socio Legal Research & Its Utility.	25%
III	Doctrinal/ Traditional/ Non- Empirical Legal Research, Characteristics of Doctrinal Research, Empirical/ Non- Doctrinal Legal Research, Characteristics of Non- Doctrinal Research, Meaning of Hypothesis, Characteristics/ Qualities/ Conditions to form Coad Hypothesis	25%
IV	form Good Hypothesis. Methods or Techniques of Legal Studies, Observation Method, Interview Method (Scheduled Method), Mailed Questionnaires Method, Survey method, Case study method.	25%

Reference Books

- Ram Ahuja, Research Methodology, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
- Dr. Mona Purohit, Legal Education & Research Methodology, Central Law Publications, Allahabad
- Leonard Cargan, Doing Social Research, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
- Ramakanth Tiwari & Mahesh Dabhade, Methodology of Social Research, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi
- B.L. Kothari, Research Methodology Tools & Techniques, ABD Publishers, New Delhi
- G.R. Basotia, K.K. Sharma, Research Methodology, Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur 2002
- Abel Baset I.M. Hosounch, Research Methodology, Sublime Publications, Jaipur, 2003
- S.k. Verma, M. Afzal Wani, Legal Research & Methodology, Indian Law Institute, New Delhi 2001
- Alan Bryan, Social Research Methods, Oxford New York, 2008
- R.A. McQueen & Christina Kausssen, Research Methods for Social Sciences, Prentice, 2002

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Indirect Taxes (BL) Hon. - V Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: In this course we will study about indirect tax such as sales tax, per unit tax, value added tax (VAT) and service tax. In this tax the intermediary later files a tax return and forwards the tax proceeds to government with the return. An indirect tax may increase the price of a good to raise the price of the products for the consumers. Thus, it is one that can be shifted or passed on. The degree to which the burden of a tax is shifted determines whether a tax is primarily direct or primarily indirect. This is a function of the relative elasticity of the supply and demand. Indirect taxation is policy commonly used to generate tax revenue. Indirect tax is so called as it is paid indirectly by the final consumer of goods and services while paying for purchase of goods or for enjoying services. Here, we also studied how broadly based it is applied to everyone in the society whether rich or poor. Since the cost of the tax does not vary according to income, it is a proportional tax. However, indirect taxation can be viewed as having the effect of a regressive tax as it imposes a greater burden (relative to resources) on the poor than on the rich. In this course we will study a detail procedure and application of indirect taxes.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH04	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Indirect Taxes (BL) Hon. – V	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Central Excise Duty, Applicability of Central Excise Duty; Calculation of Assessable Value, Calculation of Excise Duty, Concept of Cenvat Credit Account, Mode of Payment of Duty GAR 7 Challan or Cenvat Credit Account, CAS 4 Certification & Cost of Production with Live Example (Captive Consumption), Job Work under Notification no. 214/86 & Sec.57(F)(4), Excise Duty Liability in case of Export, SSI Unit exemptions, EOU/STP/EHTP/SEZ exemptions for Excise Duty, ARE 1, Excise Invoice, etc. forms, Procedure of Payment of Duty, Practical Training at Practicing Cost Accountant.	25%
II	Central Sales Tax, Applicability of Central Sales Tax, Calculation of CST, Filling of CST, Scope of Practice in CST.	25%
III	Service Tax, Basic Concepts as per Service Tax Act, Applicability & Scope of Service Tax, Calculation of Service Tax, Filling of Service Tax & Returns, Payment of Service Tax, Scope of Practice in Service Tax.	25%

	Custom Duty, Basic Concepts as per Indian Customs Act,	
	Calculation of Customs Duty, Concept of CHA & his rights & Scope,	
IV	Payment of Customs Duty, Scope of Practice in Customs Duty	25%
	Payments.	

References Books:

- Indirect Taxes Law by Vaitheeswaran Nagarajan •
- Indirect Taxes Law & Practice (in 2 Parts) V S Datey (Taxmann) •
- •
- Indirect Taxes (Time Trim E-Book on DVD) Law Crux Comprehensive Guide to Indirect Tax Laws A quick Referencer cum Compiler Dr. Yogendra Bangar & Dr. Vandana Bangar
- Customs and Excise Laws and Administrative Justice The Dynamics of • Indirect Taxation and State Power in India P. V. Jois (Advocate)
- Systematic Approach to TAX Laws & Practice (for CS-Executive and Other Specialised Studies) Dr. Girish Ahuja & Dr. Ravi Gupta •
- Landmark Decisions in Indirect Taxes (with Explanation of Principles in Excise, Customs, Service Tax and VAT Laws) V. Raghuraman •

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Competition Law (BL) Hon. - VI Syllabus with effect from: June 2016

Objective: The process of globalization and liberalization have brought a considerable awareness towards improving the competitive process in developing economies such as India. Until recently most of the developing countries operated without a structured competition policy, and have justified the intervention by the state over economic activities. India owing to its WTO obligations enacted Competition Act, 2002. The course seeks provide fundamentals of market economy and extensive knowledge of application of competition policy in India. The course aims to study the developments of the policy of free and fair competition in India. The course will provide an analysis of the legal developments, from MRTP to the Competition Act. The course will analyze the progress of the Competition Law in various legal systems and also determine the role of WTO in its policies.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH05	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Competition Law (BL) Hon. – VI	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	MRTP Act metamorphoses into the Competition Act, Introduction and concept of Perfect competition, Theories of Competition and the Concept of Open- Market System, Competition Policy & Regulation of Competition, MRTP Act: Formation & Features, Anti-Competitive Practices and its Regulation under MRTP Act.	25%
II	Competition Act 2002, Drawbacks under the MRTP Regime and Need for Competition Act, Regulatory Authorities under the Competition Act, Prohibition of certain Agreement, Abuse of Dominant Position ,Regulation of Combination, Competition Law & Policy: Conceptual Study of Relevant Supreme Court Decisions, Regulation of Unfair Competition	25%
III	Competition Commission of India, Duties, Power and Function of Commission, Duties of Director General, Penalties, Competition Advocacy, Finance, Account and Audit, Competition Appellate Tribunal and Miscellaneous.	25%
IV	Competition Policy and IPR, Intellectual Property Rights: Introduction to various IP Assets, Patent Policy and its Regulation under the Indian Laws, Abuse of IPR and Regulation of Combinations, Conflict of Competition Policy and Patent Policy, TRIPS and its impact on Competition and Patent-Monopoly.	25%

Reference books:

- Gurbax Singh, Law of Consumer Protection.
- Vinod Dhall, Competition Law Today, Oxford University Press.
- Law of Monopolistic, Restrictive and Unfair Trade Practices, Wadhwa & Co.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Crime Against Women (CL) Hon. - V Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: To equip the students with the crimes that are happening against women, how they are treated and what is the status of them in the society as of today. Also they will learn how to stop the discrimination between genders and how to stop the crimes that are happening against women. The weaker section of the society is women and they have to bear all the consequences that are inflicted on them by the male counterpart. Due to this circumstance the crime against women has increased a lot and is increasing it day by day at alarming rate. Everyday new incident is happening against women. The objective of this subject is to know what are the causes of such crime how it emerges, what are the challenges faced by the women in various places and other things. The students will be equipped how to eradicate the crimes that are happening against women to belittling level.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH06	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Crime Against Women (CL) Hon. – V	-

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	Introduction and International Conventions for Women, Introduction:- Women movement, Feminist awakening, Status of women- USA and India, Position of women- Vedic period, Post-Vedic period, Medieval period, British period, Contemporary India, International Commitments, Convention on the political rights of women -1953, Deceleration On Elimination Of Discrimination Against Women, Convention On Elimination Of All Forms Of Discrimination Against Women-1979, Optional Protocol to the Convention on The Elimination of Discrimination Against Women-1999, United Nation Millennium Declaration- 2000.	25%
II	Crime against women, Rape , Definition, Sexual Intercourse and Penetration, Consent, Corroboration of Testimony, Custodial Rape, Gang Rape, Marital Rape, Sentencing, Allied provisions in other laws , Cr. PC, Delay in lodging FIR, Under Evidence Act, Reflections of Judicial Sensitivity, Dowry death , Meaning, Object and reason, Struggle, Dowry prohibition act- dowry, Penalty, Agreement relating to dowry, Cognizance of offence and their trial, Offence non-bailbale, non- compoundable and cognizable for certain purpose, Burden of proof, dowry prohibition officer, Government servants and dowry, Dowry deaths under penal and procedural laws. Prostitution , social back-draw, kinds, legislation, welfare provisions- remedial, rehabilitation, special provisions, judicial response, Female foeticide , Objectives, Regulations, Prohibitions, Guidelines before using pre-natal diagnostic techniques,	25%

	Appropriate authority, Advisory committee, Offence cognizable and non- bailable, Offences and penalties.	
	At Work Place, Sexual harassment at workplace, USA, UK, Indian Scenario, Guidelines, Domestic Violence, The protection of Women from domestic violence act 2005 object and scope, Women and industrial law, Equal Remuneration Act- Scope, Remuneration, Equal work, Employer's duty, Prohibition of Discrimination in recruitment, penalties, Implementation of remedies, Maternity Benefit Act, Object and Scope, Restriction of employment or work by women, Right to payment of maternity benefit, Payment of maternity benefit in certain cases, Notice of claim for maternity benefit and payment thereof, Payment if medical bonus, appointment of inspectors, powers and duties	
III	of inspectors, Factories act- Provisions for welfare of women.	25%
	Constitutional provisions, Gender equality and protection under constitutional provisions, National Commission for Women, Recommendations of National Commission for Women, International	
IV	commitments, Freedom, equality, solidarity, tolerance, respect for nature, shared responsibility.	25%

Reference books:

- Law Relating to Women & Children: By Mamta Rao, Eastern Book Company.
- Crime against Women and The Law: By Dr. Surinder Mediratta, Eastern Book Company.
- Crime against Women and Protective Laws: By Shobha Saxena, Eastern Book Company.
- Law Relating to Women & Children by Anjani Kant, Central Law Publication.
- Women & Criminal Law by S. C. Tripathi, Central Law Publication.
- Women Laws, Universal Legal Manual

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Criminal Sociology (CL) Hon.- VI Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: To equip the students with the sociology of crimes with respect to how why and what are the causes of crime in the civilized society. After completion of this subject the students will be able to understand the situation and can find the solutions for eradicating the happening of crimes in society. Man as a social animal is bound to follow some animal character when the circumstance allows him to do so. The subject is one of such kind that what and how a man becomes criminal and how he behaves in the society and the reaction of the same from the society towards him. Every man born is not a criminal but circumstance makes him one and circumstance makes him a valuable citizen for the nation also. In this subject the students will study the theories of crimes, how it is happening what are the consequences faced by the criminals and the treatment to done for their correctional purpose and the role of the society towards such criminal who became criminals on the latter stage of their life

Paper Code : UL09CBLH07	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Criminal Sociology (CL) Hon. – VI	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Introduction, Deviance: AS a violation of social norms, as a reactive construction, theories- Structural-functionalism, Merton's Strain theory, Symbolic interactionism;, Sutherland's differential association, neutralization theory, labelling theory, primary and secondary deviation, control theory, conflict theory, Michel Foucault, biological theories of deviance, function of deviance, cross culture communication as deviance. strain theory- Robert Merton, critique of strain/ anomie theory, Robert Dubin, Robert, Agnew, Akers operationalization of Agnew's theory: sources of strain.	25%
II	Crime and criminology : introduction, nature and scope of criminology, importance of criminology, The eternal quest for the causes of crime- the dilemma of causation, classical and positivist criminology, the social and intellectual background of classical criminology, Beccaria and the classical school, the transition to positivist criminology, relation between positivist and classical theories, Positive school of criminal law.	25%
	The Data of Criminal Anthropology, Origin of Criminal Sociology, Origin of Criminal Anthropology, Methods of Criminal Anthropology, Relation between Criminal Anthropology and Criminal Sociology, Criminal Anthropology studies the organic and mental constitution of the criminal, Criminal physiognomy, Physical insensibility among	

III	criminals, Criminal heredity, The data of criminal anthropology only applies to the habitual or congenital criminal, The habitual criminal, The crimes of habitual criminals, the criminal type confined to habitual criminals, The proportion of habitual criminals in the criminal population, Forms of occasional criminality, Nature of juvenile crime, Precocity and relapse among criminals, Criminals of passion, Occasional criminals, Differences between the occasional and the born criminal.	25%
IV	The Data of Criminal Statistics , Value of criminal statistics, The three factors of crime, Anthropological factors, Physical factors, Social factors, Crime a product of complex conditions, Social conditions do not explain crime, Effects of temperature on crime, Crime a result of biological as well as social conditions, The measures to be taken against crime are of two kinds, preventive and eliminative, The fluctuations of crime, is over-estimated, Statistical proofs of this, Biological and sociological proofs, Crime is diminished by prevention not by repression, Legislators and administrators rely too much on repression, The basis of the belief in punishment, Natural and legal punishment, The discipline of consequences, Education and crime, Popular entertainments and crime, Physical education as a remedy for crime, To diminish crime its causes must be eliminated, Criminal sociology and penal legislation, Classification of punishments, The reform of criminal procedure, The two principles of judicial procedure, Principles determining the nature of the sentence, Present principles of penal procedure a reaction against mediaeval abuses, The ``presumption of innocence,'' The verdict of ``Not Proven,'' The credibility of witnesses, Expert evidence, Criminal heredity, Incorrigible offenders, Cumulative sentences, Uncorrected or incorrigible criminals, The treatment of occasional criminals, The treatment of young offenders	25%

Reference Books:

- Enrico Ferri-Criminal Sociology [pdf]Prof. Jagdish Mishra- Criminal Sociology

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX International Court of Justice (IL) Hon.- V Syllabus with effect from: June 2016

Objective : The objective of this course is to impart knowledge about the International Court of Justice. The main objectives of this subject are to make aware the students how the international disputes or situations are settled by the ICJ. This course also gives ideas about its history, constitutional committees and jurisdictions.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH08	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : International Court of Justice (IL) Hon. – V	-

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	History, The origins, The Hague Peace Conferences and the Permanent Court of Arbitration (PCA), The Permanent Court of International Justice (PCIJ), The International Court of Justice (ICJ).	25%
II	Members of the Court, Presidency, Chambers, Chamber of Summary Procedure, Chambers under Article 26, paragraph 2 (ad hoc chambers), Committees, Budgetary and Administrative Committee, Rules Committee, Library Committee, Judges ad hoc	25%
III	How the Court works, Contentious cases Advisory proceedings, Basis of the Court's Jurisdiction, Special agreement, Cases provided for in treaties and conventions, Compulsory jurisdiction in legal disputes, Declarations Recognizing the Jurisdiction of the Court as Compulsory, Treaties, Advisory Jurisdiction.	25%
IV	Case Laws: Advisory opinions: Bolivia vs. Chili, Obligation to negotiate to access to the Pacific Ocean Dt. 15/07/14, Judgment 24/09/15, Maritime delimination into Caribbean Sea, Costarica vs. Nicaragua, Question relating to seizure and detention of certain documents and data, Timor-Leste vs. Australia	25%

Reference Book:

- An International Court of Justice by: James Brown Scott
- The International Court of Justice author : Robet Kolb
- The International Court of Justice and Self defence in International Law author: James A. Green
- The Statute of the International Court of Justice edited by: Anderas Zimmermann,
- Christian Tomuschat, Karin Odler-Frahm, Christian J Tams.
- Compulsory Jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice by : R.P. Anand

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Maritime Law (IL) Hon.- VI Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: Maritime is one of the oldest laws in world. We referred this to as Admiralty law and shipping law, and the Code of Hammurabi (circa 1780 BC) in relation to carriage of goods by water, maritime law has developed in close support of maritime trade. Maritime law is a dynamic field driven by commercial and technological forces, safety and environmental considerations, and recently also by security concerns. The course provides a general overview about the subjectareas and institutions of maritime law, drawing heavily from other areas of public law like constitutional, environmental law and private law as contracts, torts, insurance, as well as public and private international law. By the end of this course, students will have gained knowledge with the basic concepts, principles, institutions and procedures of international maritime law and also gained knowledge of contemporary issues in this field.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH09	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Maritime Law (IL) Hon. –VI	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Maritime Law, Introduction, definition, nature, concept and scope of Maritime Law. Historical development, Recent development and feature of the Maritime Law.	25%
II	Marine insurance law, introduction, types of cover and doctrine, Insurable Interest Marine Insurance Act, Indemnity, Constructive Total Loss, Subrogation, The Policy, Warranties.	25%
TT		25%

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Reference Lists:

- Admiralty and Maritime Law by Robert Force.
- Maritime Law by Christopher Hill
- Maritime Law by Charles M Davis
- Maritime Jurisdiction and Admiralty Law in India (Shipping Law services) by Samareshwar Mahanty.
- Modern Maritime Law by Aleka Mandarkar Sheppard (author)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Design Law (IPR) Hon. V Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: The Design Act states about the design laws in India. It sets out what amounts to Design, it is concern with the basic procedure for getting the Registration and sets out the basic criteria for it along with the entire procedure of design from application to acceptance & in what cases there may be a cancellation of Design may be done or Rectification may be done. Further the subject will focus on the Assignment or Licensing of Design & their Restrictive Conditions. Also it will set out the conditions in which the design can be used by the Government & terms of it and royalty. In addition it will focus on the Jurisdiction of the Court & its role.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH10	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Design Law (IPR) Hon V	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Nature of Design Protection with Meaning & concept of Design, Introduction Meaning and Definition of Design, Innovative designs as Intellectual Property, Design Right Monopoly & Design Law and Rights, History of Design Protection Legislation & Design Protection Legislation in India, Copyright in Registered Design & Nature of Design protection, Important changes in 2000 Act & International Developments, Laws of Design & definition of Design and its basic criteria & exclusion, Appeals to & are Judge Solely by the Eye, Design Based on functional Features to be Excluded & Partly Function Design, Utility not a condition & other Exclusion, Labels Design , Computer Generated Design , Coverage of Design, Registration of design for Article or class of Articles.	25%
II	Registration, Procedure for Obtaining Design Protection & Cancellation of registration & Rectification of Register, Basic Condition for registration & Criteria, Assignment, Transmission, Licenses, Application for Registration, Filing Design Registration Application Surface Pattern, Representation Of living person, copyright in Design, Formalities for obtaining Registration, Filing for representation, Non-Filling Amounts to design cancellation & Registration for more than one Class, Duration of Copy right & Claim of Novelty, Basic Procedure on Receipt of the design & Flow Chart of Design Application upto Acceptance, Publication & inspection of design, Appeal to High Court in case of Refusal, Public Order or morality in 2000 Act v. Law of morality in 1911 Act, Register of Design & its Significance, International Agreement & reciprocal Agreement with other Countries, No unregistered design, Restoration of lapsed design & Rights of restored Design. Registration ,	25%

	Procedure for Obtaining Design Protection, Effect of Registration, Comparison of Copyright Correction of Clerical Errors in register, Rectification of the Register & its Procedure, Cancellation of Registration, Applicability of 2000 Design Act to design Registered in 1911 Act, Application for Cancellation to the Controller & interaction Between Sec. 19 & Sec. 4, Conflict between Sec. 19(1)(a) & Sec.	
	19(1)(b), Cancellation / Injunction of Design on the Bases of Copy Right, Previously Registered Substantially the Same design & validity of earlier design, Application of a design by new method, Burden of Proof & Basic Procedure.	
III	Assignment or Licensing Design & Restrictive Conditions, Assignment or Licensing of Designs & respective Condition, Assignment of & other dealings in designs, n interest in design Copyright & Restrictive Practices, exclusive Service Clause & Price Exploitation, Free Grants Back, Production v. Imports &Undue Expansion of the scope of IPR, Avoidance of Restrictive Conditions & restrictive Clause Declared unlawful.	25%
IV	Use of Design by Government Applicability of Patents Act & jurisdiction & Remedies For contravention, Registration of design effective Against Government, Use of Government to be free of Royalty, Rights of the third Parties, Statutory Registered Proprietor & payment for Government, Use through Licensees Dispute to be referred to the High Court & Function of High Court, Compulsory Acquisition of design by the Central Government & Quantum of Compensation, Erroneous Assumption of jurisdiction & determining cause of Action, Jurisdiction in contravention & second Proviso to sec. 22(2), Design of a recent date & Combining with copy right suits, Temporary Injunction, Innocent Infringer & knowledge of Infringer.	25%

Reference Books:

- Design Laws by Prof. Ashwani Kr. Bansal
 Design Act 2000 by EBC
 Design Act 2000 by Professional

- Law relating to Intellectual Property by Dr.B.L.Wadehra

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Trade – Related IPR and International Treaties (IPR) Hon.- VI Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: Trade –Related Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) is basically an international Agreement in which member nation are bonded by the international standards & various aspects of Intellectual Property. It particular states out the Standard of Intellectual Property and their Rights. Also TRIPS sets out the enforcement of intellectual Property Rights on lines of which member Nations have to implement it. Further the TRIPS Agreement has also made guidelines for Acquisition and Maintenance, Dispute Prevention and Settlement of Intellectual Property Rights & also has given the Guidelines for Transitional of intellectual property to other Nations. In addition Rome Convention will be covering the basic for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms & Broadcasting Organization and other related convention to that matter. Further it will cover the Budapest Treaty for the recognition of Micro-organism for the purpose of Patent but also cover the Madrid Agreement and it the end the Progressive Development of International Registration of International Intellectual Property Law & recommendation made along with it.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH11	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Trade – Related IPR and International Treaties (IPR) Hon VI	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	General Provision & basic Principles, Nature & scope and obligation, Intellectual Property Conventions & National Treatment, Most –favored Nation Treatment & Multilateral Treatment on acquisition or maintenance of protection, Exhaustion, Objective & Principle. Standards Concerning the Availability, Scope, & use of Intellectual Property Rights. Copyright & Related Rights, Trademark & Related Rights, Geographical Indication& related Rights, Industrial Design, Patents & Related Rights, Protection of undisclosed Information.	25%
II	Enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights, General Obligations, Provisional Measures, Special Requirement related to Border Measures, Criminal Procedures. Acquisition of Intellectual Property Rights and Dispute Prevention & Settlement with Transitional Agreement, Article 62 of the agreement, Transparency and Dispute Settlement, Article 65 of the agreement, Least developed country members, Technical Co-operation.	25%

III	The International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms & Broadcasting Organization ("The Rome Convention"), Introduction, Relationship Between the Protection of related Rights & copyrights, Principal Provision, International Cooperation & judicial Assistance & Enforcement, The Implementation of Rome Convention, The Rome Convention & Developing Countries, Other Special Convention in the Field of Related Rights, The other Special Convention, Reasons For & Purpose of the Special Convention, Substantive Provision of the Phonograms Convention, Substantive Provision of the Satellite Convention.	25%
IV	The Budapest Treaty, Background of the Treaty, Summary of the Treaty, Main advantages of the Treaty, The Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks & Protocol Relating Madrid Agreement, Introduction, The Functioning of the System International Registration, Becoming Party to the Agreement or protocol, Advantages of the System, Progressive Development of International Intellectual Property Law, Introduction, The joint Recommendation Concerning Provision for the Protection of well- known Marks The Join Recommendation Concerning Trademark Licenses, The Joint Recommendation Concerning the Protection of Marks & other Industrial Property in Signs , on the Internet.	25%

References books:

- Law relating to Intellectual Property Rights -Dr. B.L.Wadhara
- Philip.W.Grubb, Patents for Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals and Biotechnology Fundamentals of Global Law, Practice and Strategy(4th ed., OUP 2006)
- Ferox Ali Khader- The law of Patents with a special focus on Pharmaceuticals in India (2007., Lexis Nexis Butterworths)
- Sheetal Chopra and Akash Tanja, Patent Agent Examination (2008. Lexis Nexis Butterworths.
- Vandana Shiva- Patents Myth or Reality Halsburys laws of India Vol 20(2)
- Alfredo Ilardi and Michael Blakeney-International encylopaedia of IP treaties(OUP., 2004)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: IX Practical VI Internship & Moot Court Syllabus with effect from: June 2016

Objectives of the course: Main Objective of the course is to make the students aware about the proceedings in the court and office to make them aware about the interaction with the clients and to make them aware about the mooting skills like arguments and conveyance.

Paper Code : UL09CBLH12	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Practical VI Internship & Moot Court	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Compulsory Internship for One month (Litigation side), Internship Report, Viva Voice.	50%
II	3 Compulsory Moot Court competition, Memorials and Arguments, Viva Voice.	50%

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW COURSE OF STUDY

INTEGRATED DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS / COMMERCE/ BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION & LAW

BBA, LL.B.(HONS.) (Under Choice Based Credit Scheme Semester Degree Programme)

Course Type	Subject Code	Subject	T/P	Credits	Exam	Com	ponent of Marks	
					Duration	Internal	Internal	Internal
					in hrs.	Passing %	Passing %	Passing %
BBA, LL.B. (HONS.) INTEGRATED	UL10CBLH01	Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
5 years	UL10CBLH02	Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH03	Direct Taxes (BL) Hon VII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH04	Foreign Trade Policy (BL) Hon VIII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH05	Offences against Child and Juvenile (CL) Hon VII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH06	White Collar Crimes (CL) Hon VIII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH07	International Dispute Resolution (IL) HonVII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH08	Law of Sea and International River (IL) Hon VIII	т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH09	International Convention & Treaties, Farmers Right & SCIC (IPR) Hon VII	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH10	WTO and WIPO (IPR) Hon VIII	Т	4	2	20/50	20/50	40/100
	UL10CBLH11	Practical – VII Dissertation	Р	8	Thesis & VIVA	60/150	20/50	80/200
				24				240/600

<u>Semester - X</u>

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objectives : Main Objective of the course is to make the students aware about the Drafting procedures in civil and Criminal Cases along with the Non Litigation drafts, proceedings needed in the court and office to make them aware about the importance of drafting skills use full for arguments and conveyance.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH01	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Drafting Principals and Skills, Meaning, Concept and purpose of drafting, Legal Drafting, Key Points of Drafting, Rules of Drafting.	25%
II	Civil Pleadings, Plaint and written Statement, Arrest before Judgment, Attachment before judgment, Interim Orders- Injunctions, Matrimonial relief, Appointment of Commissioner and receiver, Caveat Application, Execution Petition, Affidavit, Revision Application Civil, MVC Claim Petition, District form petition.	25%
III	Criminal Proceedings, Petition for Maintenance, Complaint to Judicial First Class Magistrate, Complaint against Bigamy Revision Appeal Criminal Proceeding, Memorandum of Appeal criminal Proceeding, Bail, Anticipatory Bail.	25%
IV	Writs and Conveyance, Writs, Essentials of Conveyancing, Sale Deed and Agreement to sell, Mortgage Deed, Gift Deed, Lease Deed, Partnership deed, Promissory Note, Power of Attorney, Guarantee Bond, Wills, Adoption Hire Purchase Agreement.	25%

References books:

- Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing, By Dr. S R Myneni, Asia Law House.
- Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing By Medha Kholatkar.
- Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing By N MJ Swamy Universial Law Publishing
- Drafting and Conveyancing By SP Agrawal Jain Book Agency
- Drafting, Pleading, Conveyancing and Professional Ethics, By Singhal Law Publications.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective is to make the students aware about the Professional Ethics and the behavior in the court and with their clients. Liability and accountability of advocates towards courts and the Society at large. Make them aware about the contempt of Court for the smooth conduct of their profession.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH02	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	Professional Ethics, Historical development of Legal Profession in India, Disciplinary Committees of BCI, Senior Advocates, Rights and Privileges of Advocates, Conduct of Advocates, Advocates duty to clients, Advocate Profession and Business, Advocates right to refuse a Case, Ethics of Legal Profession, Professional Misconduct.	25%
П	Accountancy for Lawyers, Accounting and Law, Meaning Definition, History, Advantages and branches of Accounting, Accounting System, Accounting Rules, Methods of Accounting, Main Accounting Records, Computerized Account, Previous Year, Assessment Year, Accounting Postulates, Concepts and Principles, Accounting Standards.	25%
III	Bar-Bench Relationship, Bar Bench Relations, Advocates Duty to Courts, Advocates Duty during Cross Examinations, Relationship of an Advocate to his opponent, Advocates duty to Colleagues, Public.	25%
IV	Contempt of Court Act, 1971, The Contempt of Court Act 1971, Historical development of Contempt of Court Act in India, Object and Constitutional validity of Contempt of Court Act. Definition, Kinds of Contempt, Contempt by Judges, Magistrates, Lawyers and other persons, punishment for Contempt of Court and Punishment for Contempt, Defences under contempt of court.	25%

References:

- Sunil Deshta and Kiran Deshta :Practical Advocacy of Law
- Holland Avrom Shree, Advocacy, 1994 Universal, Delhi
- Keith Evam, The Golden Rules of Advocacy, 1994, Universal, Delhi
- Mr. Krishna Murthy Iyer's Book on Advocacy
- The Bar Council Code of Ethics
- Drafting, Pleading, Conveyancing and Professional Ethics, By Singhal Law Publications

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X Direct Taxes (BL) Hon.- VII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: Direct Tax Laws is one of the core important part of law. As a student of law they should be required a thorough knowledge about Direct Tax Law. From this subject we studied about Income Tax, Wealth Tax and various professional taxes. Students are also getting knowledge how to file tax forms and in what are the procedures. This is an essential read for all law students.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH03	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Direct Taxes (BL) Hon VII	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	Income Tax, Basic Concepts in Income Tax, Previous Year, Assessment Year, Assesses Types, Residential Status of an assesses. Income from 5 heads, Salary, House Property, Business / Profession, Capital Gain, Other Sources.	25%
Π	Deductions under Chapter VI, Agricultural Income & Exempted Incomes u/s 10, Tax Calculations for different Assesses, Interest u/s 234A, 234B & 234C, Form 16, 16A & other forms, Concept of TRP in Income Tax, Role of Tax Consultants in Practical, Online Returns Filing, Online Income Tax Filling.	25%
III	Wealth Tax, Basic Concepts in Wealth Tax, Assesses in Wealth Tax, Calculation of Wealth Tax, Other Important Concepts related to Wealth Tax.	25%
IV	Miscellaneous Tax (Profession Tax), Basic Concepts, Applicability of Profession Tax, Slab Rates of PT, Payment Procedure of PT.	25%

Reference Books:

- Direct Taxes Law and Practice by Vinod K Singhania
- Direct Taxes Income Tax, Wealth Tax and Tax Planning by B.B.Lal & N.Vashisht
- Direct Taxes Law Lexicon by Taxmann
- DIRECT TAXES Law & Practice Including Tax Planning (Professional Edition) by Dr. Girish Ahuja & Dr. Ravi Gupta

- Comprehensive Guide to Direct Tax Laws (for CA (Final), CMA, CS & other Professional Courses) (as Applicable for MAY 2016 Exams) by Dr. Yogendra Bangar & Dr. Vandana Bangar
- Systematic Approach to Direct Taxation (for CMA Inter Students and Other Specialized Studies) by Dr. Girish Ahuja & Dr. Ravi Gupta
- Comprehensive Guide to Direct Tax Laws A quick Reference cum Compiler by Dr. Yogendra Bangar & Dr. Vandana Bangar
- Professional Approach to DIRECT TAXES Law & Practice (Including Tax Planning) (Set of 2 Handy Vols.) by Dr. Girish Ahuja & Dr. Ravi Gupta
- Income Tax Law (Vol.10 Direct Taxes Circulars 1922-2005; Income Tax Act Ss. 1 to 86A) by Chaturvedi, Pithisaria & Pithisaria

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X Foreign Trade Policy (BL) Hon.- VIII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: The aim of foreign trade is to increase production and to raise the standard of living of the people. Foreign trade helps citizens of one nation to consume and enjoy the possession of goods produced in some other nation. Trade between two or more nations is called foreign trade or international trade. This involves the exchange of goods and services between the citizens of two nations. When the citizens of one nation exchange goods and services with the citizens of another nation, it is called foreign trade. By studying this subject the students will get knowledge about international trade, international trade contract and legal issues relating to trade. The main objective of this subject is too aware student about the international trade related policies and investments and many more.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH04	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Foreign Trade Policy (BL) Hon. – VIII	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	Legal Frame work, Introduction, concept, origin and development of International Trade Policy, Legal basis of Foreign Trade Policy, Duration and amendment of Foreign Trade Policy, Hand Book of Procedure and Appendices and Aayat Niryat Forms, Transitional Arrangements. Trade Facilitation and Ease of Doing Business.	25%
	Import, Import-Export code/e-ICE, Import-Export Through State Trading Enterprises and Trade with specific Country, Import of Specific Categories of Goods and restricted Items, Import Policy for Second hand Goods, Metallic Waste and Scrape and other Provisions. Export, Export of Specific categories need SCOMET,	
п	Provisions for Export and other Provisions for doing trade and business, Payment of Receipts on Import/Export, Export Promotion Council and Policy Interpretation and relaxations. Self Certification, Originating Goods and Preferential Agreements.	25%
ш	Export From India Schemes, Merchandise and Service export from India Scheme, Common provision for export from India Scheme, Duty Exemption or Remission Scheme, Duty free Import Authorisation Scheme, Scheme for Export of Gems and Jewellery, Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) Scheme.	25%
IV	Export Oriented Units(EOUs),Electronics Hardware Technology Parks (EHTPs), Software Technology Park(STPs) and Bio- Technology Park(BTPs), Deemed Exports, Quality Complaints and Trade Disputes.	25%

Reference books:

- International Trade and Business Emerging Issues and Challenges in the 21st Century by Jiwitesh Kumar Singh
- International Trade and Export Management by Francis Cherunilam
- Economic reforms and Indian Trade by-Zafar Ahmad Sultan
- Foreign Trade Policy and Handbook of Procedure -2010-2020 by R.K. Jain
- Foreign Trade Policy Input output norms Duty Exemption Schemes (handbook and Procedure) by R.K. Jain
- Hand Book on Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020 by Abishek A. Rastogi
- Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020 by V.S. Datey
- Foreign Trade of India 147 to 2007 Trade, Policies and Prospectus Dr. Vibha Mathur

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X Offences Against Child and Juvenile (CL) Hon.- VII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: The objective of this course is to understand the various factors that are causing the crime against children, who all are responsible for it and what as a citizen of the nation can do to prevent such occurrence from the society. What are the international treaties available for the protection of the children and how we can implement those treaties in our country and eradicate the crimes against children. As the adage goes today's children are tomorrow's future so we have build them up and have to stop the crimes that are happening against them.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH05	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Offences Against Child and Juvenile (CL) Hon VII	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
	Introduction: Who is a child, Status of a child, Children in Indian legal setting, International concern, Offence against children.	
I	Right to birth and survival: Right to birth, Right to survival, Right to health and nutrition, Right to shelter/ housing, Foeticide and infanticide: When does life begin, Legal status/ protection of the unborn child, What is foeticide, A retrospect on abortion/ foeticide in India, Reason behind female foeticide, Legal aspects- International and India scenario, The Pre-Conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act 1994- an analysis, Teenage pregnancy and abortion, Female infanticide, Judicial response.	25%
	Child trafficking: What is trafficking, Purpose of child trafficking, Factors responsible for trafficking, Women and girls who are usually trafficked, Magnitude of the problem, Techniques of immoral trafficking, Sex tourism and child pedophilia, Child Pornography and Child Trafficking, Legal framework to combat child trafficking- International Instruments, Attempts made at regional level, Indian laws dealing with child trafficking: Constitution, IPC, Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act 1956, The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2000, Indian judiciary on trafficking, social reintegration of trafficked children, Kidnapping and abduction, Kinds of kidnapping, abduction, Punishment for kidnapping, kidnapping or maiming a minor for the purpose of begging, Kidnapping abducting or inducing a woman to compel her marriage etc, Procuration of minor girl, Importation of girls from foreign country, Kidnapping or abducting child under ten years with intent to	

TT	the line it and the second of the second s	250/
II	steal from its person, Child rape, Section 375 of IPC detailed analysis,	25%
	punishment for rape, custodial rape, procedure in a rape case. Child	
	prostitution, Definition of prostitution, Magnitude of the problem,	
	typology, Causes of child prostitution, Prostitution and constitutional	
	safeguards, Prostitution and international initiatives, Prevention of	
	malady, judicial pronouncements, Protection of children from sexual	
	offence, Salient features of the protection of children from sexual	
	offences act 2012, Sexual offence against children, Use of child for pornographic purpose, Procedure for reporting case, procedure for	
	recording of statement of child, Special courts, procedure and powers	
	of special courts and recording of evidence.	
	of special courts and recording of evidence.	
	Bonded labour: Meaning definition, origin of bonded labour system,	
	Factors responsible for bonded labour, Types of bondage, Bonded	
	labour in India, Legislative response, attempts at national level,	
	Bonded labour system abolition act 1976, judiciary vis a vis bonded	
	labour system. Street children: Definition and categories of street	
III	children and Causes, Street children in India, The problem, responses	25%
	to street children, Rehabilitation of street children, Role of NGOS,	
	Local Bodies, Social welfare development.	
	History of juvenile legislation, Who is a juvenile, Who is a juvenile	
	in conflict, Retrospective legislation, Age of criminal responsibility,	
	Determination of age to be taken on an accused being determined as	
	juvenile. What is juvenile delinquency, Classification of juvenile	
	delinquency, Juvenile offences, juvenile justice, Legislative	
	protection, JJ Act 2000- new hope for juveniles, Provisions relating to	
	Juvenile in conflict with law, Provisions relating to child in need of	
	care and protection, Provisions relating to rehabilitation and social	
	reintegration and miscellaneous provisions. Fundamental principles of	25%
	juvenile's justice and protection of children, Judicial response and administration of Juvenile Justice, Constitutional and procedural	, ,
IV	safeguards, Appeal revision, power of the High Court and the Session	
	court under juvenile legislation. International law and	
	administration of juvenile justice	
	warming of a work of July on the July dee	

Referene books:

Bare Acts:-

- Bonded labour system abolition act 1976
- Protection of children from sexual offences act 2012
- The pre-conception and pre-natal diagnostic techniques (prohibition of sex selection) act 1994 Immoral traffic (prevention) Act 1956
- Indian Penal Code
- Offences against children and Juvenile offence by Dr. S K Chatterjee

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X White Collar Crimes (CL) Hon.- VIII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: To equip the students with the knowledge of white collar crimes that is happening in the world and what steps should be taken to eradicate them to equip the students with the knowledge of white collar crimes that is happening in the world and what steps should be taken to eradicate them. In today's e-world many crimes are happening and they are not done by any regular or professional criminals but who are educated and well known to the system. This subject will enable students to equip themselves what are the various white collar crimes that are happening around the society and in the world. What are the causes of such crime and how we can eradicate the same will be learned in this subject. How to deal with such criminals are an important aspect in criminal law.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH06	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : White Collar Crimes (CL) Hon. – VIII	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Introduction: History of white collar crime, Categories of white collar crime, Characteristics of white collar crime, Consequence of white collar crime, Corruption and bribery in India, Criminal or crimes- what is it, extent of white collar crimes, Misconceptions of white collar crime, Modern conceptualization of white collar crime, Nature of white collar crime, occupational deviance, White collar crime and professional crime, Fields for white collar crime: (White collar crime- education, White collar crime- Engineering, White collar crime- Legal profession, White collar crime- medical, White collar crime- Society, work place crime), White collar crime to re-collar crime ; (Cases involving re-collar criminal, Perception of violence of white collar crime), What fraud examiners do to prepare for red-collar crime ?	25%
	Making of white collar crime : Theory and research, Knowledge of white collar crime, Criminogenic tiers, Structure of the tiers, Network analysis, Evidence based approaches and vignette studies, Organized and white collar crime:General concept, Meaning, Bribery and corruption, Combating organized gun crime, Criminal assets bureau, fraud, Intellectual property crime, Money laundering, Tackling white collar crime, Public perceptions, Analysis and results, Methods-	

п	survey and sample, Variables, Independent variables, Who support punishment for white collar offenders?	25%
III	Measurement of white collar crime using uniform crime reporting (UCR), Computer crime, credit card/ ATM fraud, welfare fraud, wire fraud, Victims of white collar crime, white collar offenders, Purpose of developing the theories of criminal behavior. Power of white collar criminals, poverty, Conventional theories that do not explain lower class criminality, conventional theories.	25%
IV	What is cyber-crime? Traditional forms of crimes using computer as a tools, Actus reus in internet crimes, Ascertain the sources motive, Intention of criminals, cellular phone and cloning, Commission of cyber-crimes, Computer as tool, computer hacking, Crime on net, crime supported by computers, Fraud on the internet- types of fraud, Cyber stalking, cyber terror, Types of computer crimes, Hiding crimes on cyber-back.	25%

Reference books:

- White collar crime in India and abroad. By Dr. Manju Koolwal, Kamal publication
 White Collar Crimes X Posed By Thakur S Nath, Manas Publications
- White Collar Crimes By Girish Mishra and Braj Kumar Pandey, Gyan Publishing House

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X International Dispute Resolution (IL) Hon.- VII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: The course provides an opportunity for in-depth study of the substantive and procedural issues involved in the field, and also the acquisition of skills involved in some of the processes. The course is intended for anyone wishing to demonstrate a commitment to contentious law in public and private international and commercial legal contexts. The subject part of the programme which includes the three main forms of dispute resolution process, namely adjudication (litigation and arbitration), alternative dispute resolution (ADR – principally mediation), and negotiation. In this course we also study all current approaches to the subject matter, including private and public international law, and recent developments into today's relevant fields, such as commercial and investment arbitration, WTO dispute resolution and proceedings before the ICJ.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH07	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : International Dispute Resolution (IL) Hon. – VII	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	Introduction, definition, meaning and concept of International Dispute resolution. Principles of Peaceful Settlement of Disputes , Charter of United Nation, Declaration and resolution of the general Assembly , Corollary and related Principles, Free Choice of means.	25%
п	Means of settlement, Negotiation and Consultation, Inquiry, Good offices, Mediation, Conciliation, Arbitration, Judicial Settlement.	25%`
ш	International Arbitral Institutions, Permanent Court of Arbitration (PCA), International Commercial Arbitration(ICA), International Centre of Settlement of Investment Disputes(ICID), WIPO Arbitration and Mediation Center, WTO Dispute Settlement System, Court of Arbitration for Sport(CAC), Society of Maritime Arbitrators.(SMA).	25%
	Procedures for file a case under International Dispute Resolution system, Case Laws: United States — Measures Concerning Non- Immigrant Visas (Complainant: India) Consultations requested: 3 March 2016, Current status: In consultations, China — Tax Measures Concerning Certain Domestically Produced Aircraft(Complainant: United States) Consultations requested: 8 December 2015, Current status: In consultations, India — Anti-Dumping Duties on USB Flash Drives from the Separate Customs Territory of Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu (Complainant: Chinese Taipei) Consultations requested: 24 September 2015, Current status: In consultations, European Union — Measures on Atlanto- Scandian Herring (Complainant: Denmark)Consultations requested: 4 November 2013,	25%

IV	Current status: Settled or terminated (withdrawn, mutually agreed	
	solution) European Union — Certain Measures on the Importation and	
	Marketing of Biodiesel and Measures Supporting the Biodiesel	
	Industry (Complainant: Argentina) Consultations requested: 15 May	
	2013, Current status: In consultations	

Reference books:

- International Dispute Resolution: Cases and Materials (2nd ed.) by Mary Ellen O'Connell
- A Manual of International Dispute Resolution by Anthony Connerty
- International dispute Resolution procedures (including mediation and arbitration rules) Rules amended and effective June 1, 2014
- International Commercial Dispute Resolution by Jonathan Warne
- The ADR Practice Guide, 3rd Edition by Karl Mackie, David Miles, William Marsh, Tony Allen
- Mediation Law and Civil Practice by Tony Allen

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X Law of Sea and International River (IL) Hon. - VIII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: Law of the Sea is a body of international law that concerns the principles and rules by which public entities, especially states, interact in maritime matters, including navigational rights, sea mineral rights, and coastal waters jurisdiction. It is the public law counterpart to admiralty law, which concerns private maritime intercourse. The United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, concluded in 1982 and put into force in 1994, is generally accepted as a codification of customary international law of the sea. In Law of river students should get knowledge about the international river law and how to settle the disputes of international river through various treaties, conventions and case laws.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH08	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : Law of Sea and International River (IL) Hon. – VIII	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	Origin and development and historical background of the Law of the Sea, Conference on the Law of Sea, Conventions on the Law of sea, United Nations Conventions on the Law of Sea, Territorial sea width, juridical status, delimitation and the rights of the coastal state.	25%
II	International straits and Contiguous Zone, Exclusive Economic Zone- definition, rights and duties of coastal states. Continental Shelf, definition rights and duties of the coastal state, The High Seas – jurisdiction on the high seas, exceptions to the exclusivity of flag state jurisdiction, International seabed- International Seabed authority, Settlement of disputes, International Tribunals for the Law of Sea.	25%
ш	Introduction, historical background of the law of river, Current legal and Institutional infrastructure, Constitutional Provisions, International boundary rivers, with special reference to boundary rivers in the Indian sub-continent, Inter-state water dispute tribunals.	25%
	Treaties and Agreements. Indus Basin (Indus Water Treaty 1960 between Government of India and the Government of Pakistan), Ganga Basin (Agreement between HMG of Nepal and Government of India on the Gandak irrigation and power project, Treaty between Government of India and Government of Bangladesh on sharing of the	

IV	Ganga water at Farakka), Brahamputra Basin (Agreement between	25%
	Government of India and Royal Government of Bhutan regarding	
	Chukha Hydro Electic Project in Bhutan).	

Reference books :

- Where Rivers Meet the Sea by Stephanie C. Kane
- Edible Seashore: River Cottage by john Wright
- From Source to Sea: The Life of Rivers by Jennie Yabroff
- The Law of the Sea by Robin Churchill
- International Human Rights Law And Ngos by B.S. Aswal
- International law by M.L. Shaw
- The International Law of the Sea By Yoshifumi Tanaka
- International Law and Human Rights by Dr.H.O.Agrwal

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X International Convention & Treaties, Farmers Right & SCIC (IPR) Hon.- VII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: The international convention & Treaties will focus on the agreement prior to the TRIPS & WTO and how the work use to be conducted in the field of Intellectual Property, in addition it will focus on the Paris & Berne Convention & their role. Also on the subject will focus on the Patent Law treaty & various treaties for classification before WTO was established. Whereas the protection of Plant verities & framers right was set out keeping in mind to provide an establishment of an effective system for protection of Plant Varieties, the Right of the Framers & Plant Breeders & to encourage the development of new varieties of Plant. The subject will further cover Semi Conductor Integrated Circuits Lay-Out design Act 2000 & its basic Conditions for registration of Semi Conductor Integrated Circuits in which rights and Remedies available to the registered owner of the product with assignment & transmission & use of Lay out Design.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH09	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper : International Convention & Treaties, Farmers Right & SCIC (IPR) Hon. – VII	-

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
	International Convention & Treaties: Paris Convention For the	
	protection Industrial Property, History, Principal Provision,	
	Administrative & financial Provision, Developing Countries, The	
Ι	Berne Convention for the protection of Literary & Artistic Work,	25%
ł	History, Principal Provision, Administrative & financial Provision,	2370
	Developing Countries & Berne Convention.	
	Patent Law Treaty & Treaties on Classification, Patent Law	
	Treaty, Introduction, Provision of the treaty & the Regulations,	
	Advantages of the PLT, Treaties on Classification, The Strasbourg	
	Agreement Concerning the International patent Classification, The	
	Nice Agreement concerning the International Classification of	
Π	Good And Services for the Purposes of Registration of Marks, The	25%
	Vienna Agreement Establishing an International Classification of	
	the Figurative Elements of marks.	
	Protection of Plant Varieties & Framers Right Act, 2001:	
	Introduction, Procedure for registration, Procedure For application,	
III	National Register of Plant Varieties, Framers Right, Framers Right	25%
	&Rights of Communities, Gene Fund, Framing of Schemes,	
	Compulsory License & regulatory Authorities.	

 The Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Lay-Out Design Act, 2000: Conditions And Procedure For Registration, Duration And Effect Of Registration, Assignment And Transmission And Use Of Lay-Out Design, Assign ability And Transmissibility Of Registered Lay-Out Design, Registration Of Assignments And Transmissions, Registered Users, Rights of Registered Users to Take Proceedings against Infringement, Offences And Penalties For Infringement, Industrial And International Exhibitions, Legal Proceeding, Power And Duties Of Controller, Agency And Central Government. 	25%
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Reference Books:

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- Design Laws by Prof. Ashwani Kr. Bansal
- Design Act 2000 by EBC
- Design Act 2000 by Professional
- Law relating to Intellectual Property by Dr.B.L.Wadehra

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme: BBA LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X WTO And WIPO (IPR) Hon. - VIII Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: The subject will focus on how the World Trade Organisation (WTO) was formed and how the working was done in Intellectual Property rights before& after the formation of the Organisation. In before the WTO establishment it will focus the role of WIPO, & it's a major role in it. Further it will also focus on the Working machinery of the WIPO & its effort for the development of International Intellectual Property System. In addition the Paper will focus on the Various Agreements Conducted with the working on how international dispute are settled by the WTO also the new issues that have came up with the development & what measures are to be taken for it. The subject will also focus on the Aspect of Doha Round & developing countries

Paper Code : UL10CBLH10	Total Credit 4
Title of Paper: WTO And WIPO (IPR) Hon. – VIII	

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
I	The Foundation of WTO & the Agreements: Introduction & Principle of trading System, The case of Open Trade, The GATT years & the Uruguay Round, Tariff Issue & Agriculture Related issue, Intellectual Property Protection & enforcement, Anti – dumping, subsides, safe Guard etc Non tariff barriers, Import licensing & investment Measures.	25%
п	Settling Disputes along with Cross-Cutting issues & new issues: A unique Contribution, A panel Process, Case Study, Regionalism, Environment Friendly Concern, investment, Procumbent, Competition, E- Commerce.	25%
ш	The Doha Round & Developing Countries: Doha Round, Introduction & Implementation and related issues & concern, Agriculture, Non-Agriculture Market access, Services, TRPS, Relationship between Trade & Investment, Transparency in government Procedure, WTO rules: Anti dumping & subsidies, WTO rule regional Trade agreement, Dispute settlement Understanding, E-commerce, Trade debt & finance, Trade & technology Transfer, Technical Cooperation & capacity Building, Least developed countries & special and different treatment, Cancun 2003, Hong Kong 2005, Developing Countries: Overview, Committees, WTO Technical Cooperation, Some issues raised.	25%

	WIPO, Introduction & Background, Mandate, decision making &	
IV	, structure of WIPO, TRPIS –Plus at WIPO, A development –	25%
	oriented International Intellectual Property System.	

Reference Books:

- The Law of Intellectual Property Rights : Introductory, WTO, Patent Laws, Copyright Law by Shiv Sahai Singh
- International Trade Law by Niharika Vij
- World Trade Organisation (WTO) (4th Edn. 2016) by Dr. S.R. Myneni
- WTO and India's Agricultural Trade Structure, Trends and Competitiveness by S.N. Babar and V.B. Bhise
- Rules of Origin in International Trade by Stefano Inama

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY Programme : BBA, LLB (Honours) (5 years) Semester: X Practical – VII, Dissertation Syllabus with effect from : June 2016

Objective: Main Objective of the course is to improve the research capability of the students by providing an opportunity to write a thesis on a particular topic on law and related subject.

Paper Code : UL10CBLH11	
Title of Paper : Practical – VII, Dissertation	Total Credit 8

Unit	Description	Weight age (%)
Ι	Regularatory & Conference.	50%
II	VIVA – Voice Exam	50%
III	Dissertation	100%